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BELLEVUE HOSPITAL IN 1920

A SEVEN YEARS' RECORD

OF

The Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital

1915 to 1921

BEING THE

YEAR-BOOK

WITH

Memorials of Those Who Died in the Great War

Written and Compiled by ROBERT J. CARLISLE

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PREFACE

For many years prior to 1915 it was the custom of this society to issue a Year-Book for the information and convenience of the members. This practice was interrupted in that year for reasons appertaining to the war which it is necessary merely to mention.

In resuming the custom this book must cover the changes and events of the seven memorable years that have intervened. These changes and events have been so many and so extraordinary, and have affected the members so deeply that it is the wish of the society to have a record of them and to make the book besides, so far as it may be made, a memorial to those who lost their lives in the Great War. It is not intended that it should magnify nor glorify the part played by Bellevue men, nor Bellevue women neither, but to set down the record, mindful at the same time of the achieve-

ments and superb heroism of others in this war.

It is due to those who have communicated some of the facts. to say that they are in no way responsible for the way in which these facts are presented; they have not been consulted in this regard; and it is deeply appreciated how far short of the adequate the presentation is. But the facts themselves are eloquent and so the attempt has been made to place them, as far as possible, in relation to concurrent events. In doing this the following books have been used: "A History of the Great War," by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, vols. V and VI, and "The History of the A.E. F.", by Captain Shipley Thomas, both published in 1920 by The George H. Doran Company who kindly gave permission to quote therefrom; "Canada at War," by J. Castell Hopkins, and published by the same house, has been read, and also "The Panama Canal," by Frederic J. Haskin, Doubleday, Page & Co. We are specially indebted to Professor Howard A. Kelly for his notable book, "Walter Reed and Yellow Fever" and for his cordial consent to make free use of the book and to reproduce the portrait of Doctor Lazear, as well. Major Harold M. Hays's "Cheerio" has been a great help; it is the story of an American medical officer on the British front; "The American Red Cross in the Great War," by the late Henry P. Davison is a fine account of the American Red Cross work, Our acknowledgments are made to these and our thanks for the courtesy extended to quote from them. Numerous newspaper obituary sketches have given valuable clues and have suggested lines of inquiry of relatives and intimate friends to whom we gratefully acknowledge our indebtedness. Among these are ex-Lieut.-Col. Newell, ex-Lieut.-Col. Sanger Brown, II. Lieut.-Col. Austin of the 104th F. A. and

Pretace

Miss Clara D. Noyes, Director General of the Nursing Service, American Red Cross, whose names appear in the text, and Miss Lucy Minnigerode, Bellevue '98, who is Superintendent of Nurses of the U. S. Public Health Service, Doctor Robert P. Wadhams, ex-Lieut.-Col., M. C., 27th Division, A.E.F., Miss Mary L. Slayton, of Bellevue '82 and Mrs. Freda K. Archer of Watkins, N. Y., an intimate friend of Miss Delano. Besides these, the officials of the Training School, Miss De Long and Miss Allen, have helped in innumerable ways. Doctor Menas S. Gregory and Doctor M. L. Thornton and the staff of Doctor O'Hanlon's office have assisted materially.

We cannot adequately express our appreciation of the courtesy and good-will shown to Bellevue by the officers of the U. S. Aviation service at Mitchell Field and the trouble they took in getting the photograph which is reproduced as the frontispiece; to Major Moose, the commanding officer of Mitchell Field, Major Bauer in command of the Medical Research Laboratory and Captain John B. Power, M.C., formerly House Physician on the First Division of Bellevue, now at Mitchell Field we extend our thanks for this great favor.

Through the good offices of Lieut.-Col. William S. Terriberry, we obtained the photograph of the portrait of Surgeon General Gorgas and the statement that Brigadier General Noble thinks this the very best likeness that he has seen; it shows General Gorgas as

he looked just prior to his retirement.

All those of Bellevue who died in the war are recorded here. There are no available data concerning all Bellevue men who served in the war. It will be understood that this record comprises only the services of members of the society both at home and abroad and whether in uniform or not; there were a good many others of the staff, some who were not eligible to membership, but the greater number of graduates of the house staff are included. One hundred

and forty-four Bellevue nurses went into the service.

It is difficult to give a clear description of the disarrangement and confusion that prevailed at the hospital because of the war. This went so far that the Bellevue authorities had to request of the War Department a ruling that doctors, nurses and hospital workers should not be called into active service while on duty in the hospital, as otherwise it would be impossible for the hospital to carry on. The list of Associate Members shows a number granted military leave, but these are those only who had reached the grade of house physician or surgeon. Mr. James K. Paulding, the secretary of the Board of Trustees was requisitioned by the Red Cross and sent to France in November, 1917; he was away on military leave till the summer of 1919. The changes, as a matter of fact, were constant.

This was by no means the first time such a thing had occurred at Bellevue however. During the civil war in the entire period, 1861-1865, of ninety-one men on the house staff, six died while on duty, and of the eighty-five that were left, forty-nine entered

Dreface

military service and six others after completing their full time. Courses in military surgery were given at the hospital in 1917 and also in radiology; the latter by Doctor I. S. Hirsch. All the members of the psychiatric department were called into the service and many of the pathological; Doctor Guy Halifax Wallace of this department was commissioned in the Canadian army but had to be discharged for disability; he died of pneumonia in December, 1918. Doctor Benjamin M. Vance was in the A.E.F. and was wounded. The enlisted men of the Bellevue unit were taken into the wards in detachments and given instruction by the nurses before going oversea.

The historian has received a great deal of aid in proof-reading, particularly in the matter of the Roll of Members, from Doctor Eben Foskett and in other ways as well.

The executives of the Edgar Printing Company have been very efficient and very considerate in the matter of construction and reconstruction.

ROBERT JAMES CARLISLE.

If there be any virtue, and if there be any praise, think on these things.

who suffered and who died in the Great War, the times and the places, and in small part, their services are recorded here. Though they surpassed not others in loyalty or in self-denying spirit, when the summons came to them, on the field of battle or stricken with disease, they faced death itself, steadfast, undaunted, with courage unexcelled and in a spirit that is immortal.

"fadeth light;
And afar,
And afar
Goeth day,
Cometh night;
And a star
Leadeth all
To their rest."





HERBERT JONES

HERBERT JONES

Major, Canadian Army Medical Corps, Surgeon 5th Canadian Field Ambulance, 2nd Canadian Division, B.E.F.

Died at Aubigny, Pas-de-Calais, March 5, 1917.

House Physician on the Fourth Medical Division from January till July, 1911; A.B., University of Toronto, 1900, M.D., 1904.

Doctor Jones was born in Hamilton, Ontario, on September 2, 1874. He was educated at the Hamilton Central Public School and then at the Collegiate Institute in that city before entering the arts course at Toronto. After his graduation in medicine he went to Europe for post-graduate work, studying in London, Vienna, Berlin and in France, but most of his time during two years abroad he spent under Finkelstein in Berlin and he returned there after finishing his interneship at Bellevue in 1911, for six months further study, especially in diseases of children which he intended making his specialty.

Beginning practice in his native city he soon became one of the chief consulting practitioners in children's diseases in Hamilton and the surrounding country; he was Chief of the Children's Department in Hamilton General

Hospital.

Doctor Jones was now forty years old; he had spent a great deal of time in preparing himself and was well established in his profession when the war began. He was unmarried—he did not hesitate; in October, 1914, he volunteered for service. On December 12th he was commissioned Captain in the Canadian Army Medical Corps and appointed to the 5th Field Ambulance in Toronto. Captain Jones proceeded oversea on April 18, 1915 and for five

Herbert Jones

months he was stationed at Otterspool on the Mersey. He arrived in France on September 19th. On November 20, 1915 he was promoted to the rank of Major. He served in France and Belgium.

In the early summer of 1916 Major Jones got leave of absence and went to England. This was to meet Miss Nellie Paulin of Toronto. They were married in London on June 13th, and shortly he returned to the front.

The great assault on Verdun which had begun in February, 1916, had enforced quiet, comparatively speaking, on the British front but preparations were now making for the "great push" on the Somme. The Canadians, with their 2nd and 3rd Divisions arrived, were formed into an army corps. Already they had an established reputation as proper fighters. Early in the year 1915, at the second battle of Ypres, they had shown superb valor, holding the line in the first asphyxiating gas attack and so saving the British army from defeat and later at Givenchy, before Loos.

In April, 1916, the 2nd Division fought at St Eloi and after the battle of the Somme began, again covered themselves with glory in the terrific fighting at Courcelette. Major Jones served through this fighting. The casualities in the Canadian army from the beginning of June till the end of 1916 were over forty-seven thousand men.

Toward the end of February, 1917, Major Jones was taken down with pneumonia and on March 5th he succumbed; he died at No. 42 Casualty Clearing Station at

Aubigny, northwest of Arras.

Mrs. Jones was at Crowsborough in Sussex, England, and there, three weeks after her husband's death, on March 27th, a child was born to her.

Mrs. Jones, with her daughter, Mary Pauline, is now living with her brother, Captain, Reverend J. B. Paulin at 36 North Sherburne Street, Toronto.

Major Herbert Jones was the first Bellevue man to lay

down his life in the war.





HAROLD SYDNEY MORGAN

HAROLD SYDNEY MORGAN

Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A.
Surgeon 9th Battalion, Royal Irish Fusiliers,
36th Division, B.E.F.

British Military Cross—posthumous. Killed in action near Wulverghem, Flanders, April 12, 1918.

Harold Sydney Morgan joined the House Staff on January 1, 1916, having received the two-year surgical appointment on the Second Division. On July 1, 1917, he entered on his house service; on August 1st he obtained a lieutenant's commission and on August 8th, at his own request, he was granted indefinite leave from Bellevue to enter military service. He joined the replacement group of Base Hospital 2 (Presbyterian Unit) which went over to fill the places of men withdrawn from that unit and sent to the British front. This group left New York on October 3rd aboard the "Cedric," and reported at Base Hospital 2 at Étretat on October 17th.

Lieutenant Morgan was here but a little over five weeks. Before daybreak on November 24th he and two others set out on orders to report directly to the 36th, Ulster, Division, B.E.F. The senior of these three, Captain Harold M. Hays in his book "Cheerio," which he dedicated to the memory of Sydney Morgan and others, feelingly describes their tribulations during the hunt of a day and a half for the Thirty-sixth. Lieutenant Morgan was attached at first to a field ambulance and sent to an advanced dressing station but before the end of the year he was made battalion surgeon to the Royal Irish Fusiliers, which constituted the 109th Brigade of the division then stationed a few miles

harold Sydney Morgan

north of Péronne. While with the ambulance and the Fusiliers he had been under shell-fire and airplane bombing, but the real experience was to come.

Harold Sydney Morgan was born in Winton, near Scranton, Pennsylvania, on May 2, 1890. His father, Davy Morgan, was from Pontypridd, Wales, and his mother, Ellen M. (Shafer) Morgan was a native of London. He attended the primary school in Winton and finished his preliminary education in San Diego, California, graduating at the High School there in 1908 at the age of eighteen. He then entered Leland Stanford University where he took the A.B. degree in 1912. His medical studies began at Stanford in 1911 and were completed at Hopkins in 1915. While still a medical student in the summer of 1914, he served as assistant to Doctor Wilfred T. Grenfell on the Hospital Ship "Strathcona" down on the Labrador. With his doctor's degree he came direct to New York, stood for the Bellevue House Staff and received the appointment already stated. He took an active part in all student activities; at the high school he was a member of Gamma Eta Kappa and a Phi Delta Theta man at Leland Stanford; at Johns Hopkins of the Pithotomy Club.

Lieutenant Morgan's mental make-up made him a great addition to any circle; he possessed a buoyancy of spirits and an equanimity of temper that altogether fitted him for the company he was now in. Moreover he was large, of athletic build, capable of much endurance. He was a great tennis player—supreme on the courts at Bellevue and tennis champion at Johns Hopkins, Stanford and at high school.

The chief conflicts in which the Royal Irish Fusiliers fought in the spring of 1918 were the second battle of the Somme and the battle of the Lys and Lieutenant Morgan was in both. On March 21st, the titanic drive of the Germans began that almost carried through to Amiens. In the British line, as part of General Gough's Fifth Army, the 36th Division was on a 6000 yard front before St. Quentin, extending from the river Somme south to near Urvillers, the 109th Brigade which included the 9th Battalion, being on

harold Sydney Morgan

the north and left, at the river. Three German divisions attacked this one on this line. So severe was the fighting that of three shock battalions scarcely a man returned. It was here that Morgan earned the British Cross. Throughout the next several days the army was compelled to fight desperate rear-guard actions; the Fusiliers at Grand Seraucourt, Artemps, St. Simon and at Villeselve where, with the Royal Dragoons they held the German vanguard and drove it back, March 25th

The second conflict was in April, on the northern front, the battle of the Lys. Here again, between Messines and Mont Kemmel Lieutenant Morgan showed the same fearless devotion and bravery as on the Somme; with the rear-guard as before, the division retiring from Messines toward Neuve Eglise on April 12th, about three in the afternoon he was on the field with two men tending the wounded, when a piece of shell hit him in the leg. The men were putting him on the stretcher when another shell-burst killed him and buried one of the men, both of whom were injured. Lieutenant Sydney Morgan was buried on the north side of the road where it passes Wulverghem, two-and-a-half kilometres west of Messines.

On March 19th Lieutenant Morgan wrote from Grand Seraucourt where the Battalion was in reserve, to his friend, now a major, congratulating him on his promotion and saying that he himself had applied for leave and hoped to go to England, stopping on the way at Étretat. "I'd much like to see these poor unlucky devils who had to stay around the 'Base' while we were having the only real sport in the war—at the front." In three days and but a mile away he performed the deeds that won the Military Cross. During the last of these terrible days he wrote home, "Don't worry. I only hope you are all keeping as cheerful as I am here. I have no regrets."

Harold Sydney Morgan is survived by his brothers, Davy S. Morgan, of Schenectady, New York and P. Victor Morgan, of San Diego, and his sisters, Mabel M. Elliott, Jeannette C. Morgan of San Diego, and Doctor Gwladys

harold Sydney Morgan

M. Morgan, whose address is 535 Spreckels Building, San Diego, California.

British Citation:

"For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during the retirement from Grand Seraucourt on the morning of March 22nd. This officer was retiring behind the rearguard, and on approaching Artemps was told that some wounded were still lying in Grand Seraucourt. Although he knew that the enemy were already on the outskirts of the village he returned at once with some stretcher-bearers and succeeded in bringing out the wounded. He thus at the commencement of the operations set a splendid example to his stretcher-bearers of devotion and courage."

Military Cross—posthumous.





MORRIS JACOB KARPAS

MORRIS JACOB KARPAS

Major, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 117, A.E.F.

Died at Savenay, Loire-Inférieure, July 4, 1918.

Doctor Karpas joined the staff of Bellevue Hospital on February 15, 1912, and for the next three years and eight months he was Assistant Resident Alienist; he was on the assistant staff of the Manhattan State Hospital on Ward's Island for a number of years previously. He resigned his position at Bellevue in order to begin private practice. At the time he entered military service he held the positions of Chief of Clinic at the New York Neurological Institute, Adjunct Neurologist at the Montefiore Home and Hospital, Medical Director of the Hygiene Clinic of the Free Synagogue and Examiner in Psychiatry to the Children's Court; to the latter position he had been appointed by Mayor Mitchell in December, 1916. He was on a firm footing as a consulting physician in nervous and mental diseases and as an expert in the law courts.

He had many difficulties to overcome in reaching this standing and it was by his own worth and efforts that he surmounted them. In 1892 he arrived in this country from Russia, a boy of thirteen. He had been tutored at home in St. Petersburg; here in New York he attended high school and held a Regent's diploma. Later on he taught in the Evening School for Foreigners in this city, studied medicine at the Long Island Medical College Hospital and received his doctor's degree in 1904. In 1909 he took

courses at Zurich, Vienna and Berlin.

Doctor Karpas had a broad knowledge of English, German and Russian literature, had acquired, indeed, a remarkable facility in English. He was a clear thinker and

Morris Jacob Karpas

his medical writings were direct and lucid. A great addition to his technical knowledge was his care and his ability to get the patient's point of view—he took great pains in forming his opinions. He never overlooked the clinical history nor placed undue weight upon laboratory results.

When the United States entered the war, Doctor Karpas obtained a captain's commission and was sent to Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Kentucky; he went oversea with Base Hospital 117, the neuro-psychiatric unit, in the rank of Major in May, 1918. Shortly after the unit arrived at Savenay a group of officers which included Major Karpas was detached to Base Hospital 8 there to

look after the psychiatric cases.

When the news of Major Karpas's death reached Bellevue it was not believed—the less so when his death was ascribed to angina pectoris. Nevertheless it was true. We are indebted to his friend and colleague, Doctor Sanger Brown, II, ex-Licut.-Colonel, M.R.C., who sailed with him, for an account of the attending circumstances: "I was with him in Allentown just before we sailed and he seemed in very good shape in every way. On the voyage also he was in the best of spirits. He made a great many friends as he always did; this was not limited to the medical officers . . . on a few occasions while walking up from the village to the hospital he suffered from acute pain in the cardiac region. He finally saw the physician in charge of the medical services. On physical examination nothing could be found and he was advised to restrict his diet. However he continued to have the pain and felt somewhat concerned about it. Things went on this way until one day he was sitting in the office examining a patient with two of the other doctors when suddenly he was taken with dyspnæa, became unconscious, and in less than a minute or two had breathed his last. There was no suffering and probably very little distress of any kind. He must have lost consciousness almost at once. At autopsy the coronary arteries were very sclerotic; the lumen was almost occluded, admitting a large needle. This was un-

Morris Jacob Karpas

doubtedly the cause of his death. A military service was held . . . Major Karpas was the first officer to be buried there (in Savenay) . . . to be followed by the deaths of officers and nurses, Miss Delano having died there after the Armistice. . . I recall very vividly a talk with Karpas about service in the war. He remembered his early life in Russia very well and naturally there was nothing he despised more than military service. However, he was glad to enter the service of the United States in the war. There was no question about his love for the country. He said he felt he could do it for no other country. No one could have been more unselfish than he. He had made his own way in life, his career was just beginning to open up and he was obliged to discontinue it all, and this he did without any hesitation."

Major Morris Jacob Karpas was born in St. Petersburg on March 28, 1879, a son of Charles and Sarah A. (Murdoch) Karpas. He died in Savenay, France, on July 4, 1918, aged thirty-nine; he was unmarried and is survived by two brothers and a sister, Miss Jennie A. Karpas, R.N., a graduate of Lebanon Hospital Training School, whose

address is 356 West 145th Street, New York.

DAVID EVERETT WHEELER

Soldier of the Foreign Legion, French Army, Contract Surgeon, British War Office, Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A., 16th Infantry, 1st Division, A.E.F.

> French Brigade Citation—Croix de Guerre, American Division Citation—posthumous, American Army Citation—posthumous.

Killed in action at Missy-aux-Bois, July 19, 1918.

David Everett Wheeler was the first Bellevue man to go across. He completed his service as House Surgeon on the Second Division on June 30, 1900, and so, when in 1914 the great war began, he had been in active practice in the city of Buffalo for about fourteen years. He was then forty-one years old and his son was about to enter Cornell University. For all that, when the urgent need for more surgeons was made known, Doctor Wheeler considered it a call to him and he lingered not upon the order of his going—he sailed from New York on October 7, 1914 and Mrs. Wheeler went with him. Four years afterward she returned without him.

When they arrived in France Surgeon Wheeler found that the shortest way to the front was to enlist as a common soldier in the renowned Foreign Legion. So he enlisted. The Legion with the Zouaves and Tirailleurs together, formed the redoubtable Moroccan Division of the French

Army.

In September, 1915, two major attacks were made by the Allies; a costly one by the British on Loos determined the appointment of Sir Douglas Haig to supreme command of the British army; the other was by the French—the battle of Champagne; in this the Moroccan Division was engaged. Here, on September 28, 1915, Private Wheeler, among brave men, distinguished himself; under violent fire



DAVID EVERETT WHEELER



Dabid Eberett Wheeler

and disregarding the fact that he was badly wounded himself, he stayed to wait on those worse off than he. For this intrepid act he was mentioned in brigade orders and. on October 9th was awarded the Croix de Guerre. He was so severely wounded that he was kept out of the fighting for a long while after. He was taken first to the Hôtel Dieu at Châlons-sur-Marne and after a few days there he was transferred to the American Hospital at Neuilly where he spent five months. He was then sufficiently recovered to take a surgical service at the American Ambulance during three months more, while completing his convalescence. Next he joined up with the British and from March until September, 1917, he was a Contract Surgeon to the British War Office. So Doctor Wheeler was a seasoned veteran, and when at last his own country joined the war, it rejoiced his indomitable soul.

The first American troops that arrived in France landed at St. Nazaire in June and July, 1917; the 1st Division of regulars was formed of these troops and the infantry was sent to the Toul sector. Wheeler having obtained a commission as Lieutenant in the U. S. Medical Corps, was assigned to the 16th Infantry, 1st Brigade, 1st Division. For a month after October 20th the Division was in line just east of Nancy. The first American shot in the war was fired by Battery C, 6th Field Artillery, 1st Division at 6.05 a. m. October 23rd; on November 3rd the first American soldiers were killed—three men of Lieutenant Wheeler's regiment.

Early in April, 1918, the division having finished its training, was sent around to the new line of battle on the west where sixty-four German divisions had driven nineteen British divisions back to within a few miles of Amiens. On the 25th of the month the 1st Division relieved French troops on the Montdidier-Noyon front at Cantigny. Here it remained for eleven weeks and during that time captured the town of Cantigny on May 28th; the fight, small though it was in contrast marked big as a forecast of what the Americans could do. On July 5th the Division was relieved and on the 11th was made part of General Mangin's 10th

David Eberett Wheeler

Army and sent to Dammartin, twenty miles northeast of Paris, on the Paris-Soissons road.

Marshal Foch was now preparing the great counterstroke—the Aisne-Marne offensive against the exposed German flank that had been extended from Soissons, to the Marne at Château-Thierry. He chose for this vital thrust the 1st and 2nd American and the Moroccan divisions. The 1st Division had just arrived at Dammartin for a rest period for it had been almost constantly in line for six months past, but it was sent right back, eager and proud to fight. The attack was made southwest of Soissons from the Forest of Retz, the 1st Division being to the north and on the left of the line, the Moroccans next and the 2nd Division with the Marines to the south and right; the 1st brigade of the 1st Division, in which was the 16th Infantry, was right next the French. So here was Lieutenant Wheeler lined up with his old friends of the Legion again and it was a great joy to him that it was so. The battle is described in full detail in Captain Shipley Thomas's "History of the A.E.F.", who was present attached to the 26th Infantry. It began on July 18th and that day across a wide plateau, through fields of wheat, the line was advanced half the distance to Soissons. In the course of that day Lieutenant Wheeler gave proof once more of his fearlessness, his invincible qualities and devotion to the wounded. And the next day also, at the Missy ravine; but this day, July 19th, was his last—he was killed here in the front line and he lies buried now in the American cemetery at Ploissy close by the scene of his heroism.

The following vivid account of an episode in the battle of Champagne on September 28, 1915, is taken from a graphic story of that battle written by Doctor Wheeler,

then a private in the Foreign Legion:

"As we entered the wood a squall of bullets separated us from our officers. It ruffled the earth as a cat's-paw of wind ruffles still water. I think a machine gun must have come to rest and sprayed all its bullets on this one spot. We privates hesitated as one hesitates at the edge of a brook

Dabid Eberett Wheeler

seen unexpectedly across the path. "Jump!" called Tortel. I was the only one who made the leap safely and in doing so I got a bullet-graze on the left leg and a coat-tail torn by a riccochet. One of the men fell in the track of the bullets and was rolled over and over by them; pack, pack, pack! they sounded on his body which they drove six feet along the earth before it came to rest.

I took my pipe out of my mouth, presented arms as the regulations required when speaking to an officer, and said to Captain Tortel: "Mon capitaine, je n'ai pas de cravate! est il assez chaud?" His rather expressionless face relaxed in the dry humorous look which usually presaged his remarks, but before he could say anything he dropped on his back apparently dead. . . . The next moment I found myself lying on the ground . . . a riccochet bullet had cut the two large muscles in the calf of my leg."

Another quotation is from a captain in the 16th U.S.

Infantry:

"Nothing the enemy could do could in any way affect his plans or what he did. Around Cantigny the battalion observers reports used to read: "3.15, Lieut. Wheeler seen proceeding from Battalion Aid Station to St. Aignon Cemetery; 3.35, Lieut. Wheeler seen proceeding from cemetery to La Pellissier Farm; 3.43, Lieut. Wheeler seen proceeding from farm to P. C. Marguerite, etc., etc. He always went overland across the top, and what endeared him to the soldiers, he never waited for wounded men to be brought to his aid station; after a shelling of one's position one could look out and tell that some one was hurt by the progress of "Doc" Wheeler running through the wheat on his way to the spot. . . . In an assemblage as notable for bravery as the Sixteenth Infantry he was eminent for courage, and among officers whose pride was their attention to their men he was foremost. His conduct was the standard to which the infantry desired medical officers to conform and none, in my experience, came near him."

Dabid Eberett Wheeler

David Everett Wheeler died at the age of forty-five. He was born in New York City on November 23, 1872, the son of the Honorable Everett P. Wheeler of this city and Lydia Lorraine (Hodges) Wheeler of Chester, Vermont. He graduated at Columbia in arts in 1895 and in medicine in 1898. On June 10, 1898, just before beginning his Bellevue service, he married Miss Mabel B. Whitney, the daughter of David R. Whitney, Esquire, of Boston. His son, Everett Pepperell Wheeler, 2nd, is now a Junior in Cornell University at Ithaca and in 1920 stroked the 'Varsity crew.

Doctor Wheeler joined the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital in 1901. He was a member also of the American Medical and the American Urological Associations, the New York State and Erie County Medical

societies.

Mrs. Wheeler during these four long years had her own share in the service—she was an Auxiliary Nurse at the American Ambulance and a V.A.D. (Voluntary Aid Detachment), in the English hospitals at Reading and at Hereford. Mrs. Wheeler's address is 46 Park Place, Geneva, New York.

Citations:

"Citation à l'ordre de la Brigade:

Ordre No. 17 du 9 Octobre, 1915.

Etant blessé lui même, a, avec le plus grand calme, pansé, sous un feu violent de mousqueterie, un de ses camarades grièvement blessé."

Croix de Guerre.

First Division, A.E.F. Citation, posthumous, dated January 1, 1920:

"For gallantry in action and especially meritorious services."

United States Army Citation, posthumous, dated May 3, 1920:

"For distinguished and exceptional gallantry at Soissons, France, on July 18, 1918."





RAE WYGANT WHIDDEN

RAE WYGANT WHIDDEN

Captain, M.C., U.S.A.

Died in Boston, Massachusetts, September 25, 1918.

Doctor Whidden joined the Bellevue Hospital staff in July, 1912, as Assistant Physician to Out-Patients on the Tuberculosis Service. The quality of his work and the interest he took in this service brought him advancement in 1914—he became Physician to Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician and in 1916 he was promoted again, this time to the wards as Visiting Physician on the Tuberculosis Service. The following May, having meanwhile been commissioned Lieutenant, M.R.C., he was granted indefinite leave for military service. He was a Harvard man, taking the A.B. degree in 1908 and the M.D. degree in 1911, and he sailed in May, 1917, to join the Harvard Unit, known as Base Hospital 5; he reached Boulogne, where this unit was stationed, on June 22nd.

Base Hospital 5 was the second of these organizations to go across; it was assigned to work with the British Expeditionary Forces and was one of the Dannes-Camiers group of hospitals just south of Boulogne, Pas-de-Calais. This unit had the distinction of looking so much like an ammunition dump—according to the Germans—that it suffered terribly in an air raid. It was an hour before midnight on September 4, 1917, when this occurred; Lieutenant Fitzsimmons, M.C., U.S.A., the adjutant and two enlisted men were killed outright and nineteen were wounded; among the latter was Lieutenant Whidden, a piece of shrapnel entering his chest. He was taken at once to No. 20 General Hospital, the main British hospital

Rae Mygant Whidden

in the group and later sent to England where he was kept a long while. He was promoted on September 25th to the rank of Captain, M.C., U.S.A. When he was sufficiently recovered, Captain Whidden came home on a long sickleave and went out to California to visit his family; when this leave was over he was given duty at the Presidio, San Francisco for a while, then at Camp Pike, Little Rock, Arkansas and then at Camp Dix, New Jersey. He was at Camp Dix in September, 1918, during the influenza epidemic and he found the work very hard; he was allowed ten days leave and he went to Boston to spend it with his many friends there; he developed influenza soon after his arrival and entered Massachusetts General Hospital with pneumonia, but he died on September 25, 1918, aged thirtythree years. He was expecting soon to be sent back to France.

The Whidden family came from England in 1660 and settled in Portsmouth, New Hampshire. Captain Whidden was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, on August 24, 1885. His father, William Marcy Whidden, was born in Boston and his mother, Alice McLoughlin (Wygant) Whidden, in Portland, Oregon; Mrs. Whidden is a descendant of Doctor John McLoughlin, the Chief Factor for twenty years on the Pacific Coast of the Hudson's Bay Company. Captain Whidden had a twin sister who was in the American Red Cross service during the war; she died in Flushing, New York, just six months after he died and of the same disease; she was a frequent visitor to the tuberculosis wards at Bellevue during the period of her brother's service there. He was unmarried; he is survived by his father and mother and two younger brothers who now live in California; one served in the U.S. Navy for two years from April, 1917, while the other was exempted to maintain his ranch in the interests of the food supply. Mr. Whidden's address is: The Wilcox Building, or, The Arlington Club, Portland, Oregon.

Captain Whidden was a member of the American Medical and the National Tuberculosis Associations, the Association

Rae Wygant Whidden

of Military Surgeons of the United States, the New York State and County Medical societies, the New York Academy of Medicine and the Boylston Medical Society. He was Attending Physician to the Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary and Visiting Physician to Seton and Manhattan Eye, Ear and Throat hospitals.

ROBERT GOLDTHWAITE

Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Evacuation Hospital 22, A.E.F.

Died in Allery, Sâone-et-Loire, France, September 30, 1918.

Robert Goldthwaite was House Surgeon on the Fourth Division from April till October, 1894. Doctor Henry Goldthwaite, a former member of this Society, who served as House Physician on the Second Division in 1876 was his father's cousin. The Goldthwaites came of a family distinguished in Alabama; the grandfather of Robert, the Honorable George Goldthwaite, was at one time one of the United States Senators from that State; his father was Robert Goldthwaite, his mother, Annie Paul (Nesbitt) Goldthwaite, and he was born on August 29, 1872, in the city of Montgomery.

Brought up in Montgomery and educated in the schools there, he was fitted for the University of Virginia from which institution he came to the Bellevue Hospital Medical College and here he took his doctor's degree in 1893. His cousin, Henry, was one of the instructors in the college for a good many years, a prominent practitioner in the city and physician to the famous Fifth Avenue Hotel where he lived. After finishing at Bellevue Robert Goldthwaite went back to Montgomery and he remained in active practice

there till he entered the army in 1916.

In June, 1916, he was commissioned Lieutenant in the Medical Reserve Corps and put on active service examining engineer recruits in Montgomery. In August, 1917, he toured the state in the interests of the Medical Reserve. He was ordered in September to the officers' school at Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, and in November, to Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., in the rank of Captain. Early in 1918 Evacuation Hospital 22 was organized at Camp



ROBERT GOLDTHWAITE



Robert Goldthwaite

Sevier, Greenville, S. C., and Captain Goldthwaite was ordered there. This organization sailed from New York on August 30th on the "Kroonland," arriving at Brest on September 12th. Landing the next afternoon they had a two hours' march to Pontanezen Barracks. Captain Goldthwaite led the marching column; he was in fine health and spirits and kept his fellow officers amused by his witty remarks and running comments. On September 18th at 1 a. m. E. H. 22 started for Allery. "Soon after we left Brest." writes Lieutenant-Colonel E. Dunbar Newell, now of Chattanooga, who was in charge, "Captain Goldthwaite began to complain of headache and nausea and not feeling well. By the time we arrived at Allery . . . Captain Goldthwaite was quite ill and we wired for an ambulance to meet us." . . . "He was taken at once to Base Hospital 26 that was commanded at that time by Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Law of Minneapolis. We arrived at Allery at 11 p. m. on September 21, 1918." . . . early realized that he was suffering from meningitis and although he was under the care of the staff of B.H. 26 we took an active interest in his case and I feel sure that everything that could possibly be done was done for him. tain Goldthwaite died on September 30, 1918." He was buried the next day after a very impressive military funeral, in the cemetery at Allery.

Robert Goldthwaite was forty-six years old when he died. Two years after leaving Bellevue he married Miss Mary Phelan Watt and they had four children, all of whom survive him; his son, Robert, is a midshipman at the U. S. Naval Academy; his eldest child, Therese, a teacher in Montgomery schools; Anne Paul is secretary to the director of the Alabama Child Welfare Department and the youngest, Ellen Phelan, is at school. Mrs. Goldthwaite has been, since her husband's death, secretary in the Home Service of the American Red Cross and Supervisor of Attendance of the Montgomery Schools. Doctor Goldthwaite's mother, three sisters and two brothers are still living.

JOHN EDWIN RAY

Captain, M.C., U.S.A., 119th Infantry, 30th Division, 2nd American Corps, serving with the British Army.

British Military Cross.

American Distinguished Service Cross-posthumous.

Mortally wounded near Bellicourt, September 30, Died at Tourville, Seine-Inférieure, October 5, 1918.

John Edwin Ray was a son of Finie (Carter) Ray and the late John Edwin Ray. He was born in Hendersonville, North Carolina on November 29, 1888. He studied at Wake Forest, N. C., and received the degree A.B. from that college in 1908. After spending two years in the study of medicine at the University of North Carolina he came to New York in 1910 and was admitted to advanced standing at Cornell, receiving his doctor's degree with the class of 1912. He obtained a full two-year appointment on the Bellevue Hospital House Staff and completed his term as House Surgeon on the Second Division on June 30, 1914. Ray served on the staff concurrently with Mead who was House Physician on the same division. There is a remarkable similarity in the way the times and circumstances affected these two friends and colleagues.

Doctor Ray went back to his home state to practice and opened an office in Raleigh intending to build up a surgical reputation; the ability and judgment he displayed at House Surgeon should have given him great hope of success. Soon, however, these plans were interrupted. The Mexican difficulty took Doctor Ray to the Border with the North Carolina Guard in the rank of medical Lieutenant in the 2nd North Carolina Infantry and there he spent the long



JOHN EDWIN RAY



winter of 1916-17 in the wind and sand of that delectable region.

When this regiment was mustered into the federal service it was called the 119th Infantry, sent to Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C., and made part of the 30th Division—the

"Old Hickory Division."

Captain Ray arrived oversea on May 24, 1918, the entire division crossing during May and June, landing at The infantry went into training in the school of real war with the British at Eperlecques, Pas-de-Calais, first as individuals, then platoons, then battalions. need for reinforcements was so great, however, that before their training was far advanced the division was made a part of the 2nd British Army in the Ypres sector and set at completing the Poperinghe defense systems. Thus they were the first American troops to enter Belgium which they did on July the Fourth. On August 17th the division took over from the 33rd British Division the sector extending from Ypres south to Voormezelle known as the Canal Sector; the 60th Brigade, which included the 119th regiment, was put in the front line and the 59th Brigade in support. On August 31st-September 1st they, and the 14th British on their left and the 27th American on their right attacked the Germans and captured all their objectives including the village of Voormezelle and advanced the line nearly a mile.

The Thirtieth then went into reserve for training with the British tanks and on September 22nd it was transferred to the 4th British Army under General Rawlinson, replacing the 1st Australians in the front line opposite Bellicourt and the St. Quentin Canal. Here again they were joined on their left by their compatriots of the Twenty-seventh. These two American divisions operated entirely with the British

until the Armistice.

A tremendous conflict had raged all along the western front since August 2nd and now the army of Marshal Haig was to storm the Hindenburg defenses; here was its most formidable section on the west, where the St. Quentin Canal

runs underground for several miles. The tunnel is of the time of the First Napoleon; it is about seventy feet wide and runs about fifty feet below the surface. It had been strongly fortified by the Germans, a great net-work of subterranean passages emerged to the surface all around; it was filled with barges and was the hiding place of an entire division of troops. The Germans considered it impregnable. Besides, the attacking force had to go through three lines of wire before the line of the canal, for the main Hindenburg line lay about two hundred yards west of this tunnel and the Out-Post line still further west.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was present on this battlefield and he says of the fighting: "What with fog and smoke it was difficult to see more than a few feet in any direction, and this was a great disadvantage to the stormers, the more so to troops who are so individual as the Americans. The Thirtieth Division on the right, a unit raised in the Carolinas and Tennessee, dashed through the main Hindenburg Line in the most gallant fashion, capturing Bellicourt on the way, while the veteran Australian Fifth Division passed through their cheering ranks after they had reached their allotted limit." . . . "the British, American and Australian dead lay along the same battle-line." "Neither the blue-clad infantry of Grant, nor the grey confederates of Lee, showed a higher spirit than the khakiclad lads who fought alongside the British that day." This was on the 29th and 30th of September and here it was that the gallant Ray upheld his own and his country's honor. His mother, Mrs. Ray, writes: "He fell five hundred yards over the Hindenburg Line, on the second day of the attack breaking the Hindenburg Line, September 30, 1918. On duty at his aid post he was wounded in the upper thigh by a fragment of high explosive shell, was carried to Tourville to Base 74, B. E. F., dying October 5th. Buried with full military honors in the cemetery at Tourville, his casket covered with the Union Jack and Old Glory." Captain Ray was not quite thirty years old when he died. His body was brought home last year, 1921, and lies now in Oak-

wood Cemetery in Raleigh. Besides his mother, Mrs. John E. Ray, his sisters, Mrs. C. O. Abernethy and Mrs. Arthur Henderson and his brothers, Burton J. Ray (Ph.D., Cornell), who is a chemist and Hardy M. Ray are living. Mrs. Ray's address is 110 East Jones Street, Raleigh, N. C.

General Headquarters, American Expeditionary Forces.

Captain John Ray, Medical Corps, 119th Infantry:

"The award of the Military Cross by the British government to you, having been approved by the Commander-in-Chief, you are authorized to accept and to wear such decoration. The award was made for the following services rendered-

"By command of General Pershing"James G. Harbord,
"Chief of Staff."

British Citation:

"This officer showed exceptional bravery and devotion to duty, administering first aid to many wounded Americans and Germans under heavy shell and machine-gun fire in the Bellicourt area during the attack of his regiment on the 29th September, 1918. At the commencement of the attack, he established his battalion first aid post in the front line trench. With a smile he remarked: 'Is anybody around here afraid to die?' He advanced his aid post with the advancing infantry, and continued treatment of the wounded until he himself was so severely wounded that he had to be taken to the rear, died in this hospital."—

Military Cross.

American Division Citation—posthumous:

"Captain John E. Ray, Medical Corps, 119th Infantry. During the attack in the Bellicourt area (Hindenburg Line) 29th September, 1918, Captain Ray administered first aid to many of our own and the enemy wounded, helpless under heavy machine-gun fire. He established his aid post in the front line trench and maintained it with

the front line troops on their advance. It was during this time that he was wounded and died a few days later. His exceptional bravery and devotion to duty is worthy of the utmost praise."

Distinguished Service Cross.





THEODORE FLETCHER MEAD

THEODORE FLETCHER MEAD

Captain, M.C., U.S.A., 104th Field Artillery, 52nd Brigade, 27th Division, A.E.F.

New York State Military Cross. Mortally wounded near Brabant, Meuse, Died in Glorieux, Meuse, October 29, 1918.

Doctor Mead was Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician on the Second Division when he was granted an indefinite leave of absence for military duty on August 3, 1917. He had been promoted to this position in the Out-Patient Department in the month of February after he had served two years. He first came to Bellevue in 1912 as an interne on the Second Division and he served as House Physician from January till July, 1914; his service coincided with John Edwin Ray's on the surgical side. He was a Cornell man having graduated in arts at Ithaca in 1908 and taken the medical degree in 1912. While attending the pre-medical course in Ithaca, he assisted in histology and embryology. Before entering the army he was in private practice in this city.

He joined the New York National Guard and went to the Mexican Border with these troops in June 1916 in the rank of Lieutenant attached to the 1st Field Artillery as surgeon, where he remained till November 15th. This regiment was mustered into the federal service as the 104th F. A., 27th Division; it trained at Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, South Carolina. Lieutenant Mead, having been at the training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison from June till September, 1917, and at Plattsburg till October 11th, arrived at Spartanburg on October 15th. Here, he was but a few miles from Camp Sevier, where his friend Lieu-

Theodore fletcher Mead

tenant Ray was, with the 119th Infantry of the 30th Division.

He was at Camp Wadsworth till May 12, 1918, except for about ten weeks on the artillery range at Glassy Rock, S. C. He sailed for France from Newport News on June 30th and arrived at Brest on July 13, 1918. In March, while at Glassy Rock, he was promoted Captain.

The infantry of these two divisions was assigned to the British but the artillery was not; Captain Mead's regiment was sent into training at Souge, very near Bordeaux—a terrible place, from all accounts, of heat and sand and flies. In the line it supported and was part of the 33rd and later the 79th American Divisions both of the 17th

Corps of the French army under General Claudel.

So now the paths of these two Bellevue friends diverged, but not for so very long—a few months and these two men were mortally wounded, in practically the same manner, one on the 30th of September, the other on the 29th of October; and in the same month of October, one with the British Army, the other with the American, fighting for the same cause, showing the same courage, the same dauntless spirit, they carried through.

The 104th F. A. moved in from Camp de Souge on August 31st to the Verdun sector and served in the Meuse-Argonne offensive at Montzeville, La Claire, Forges Woods, Consenvove and Brabant-sur-Meuse, and Captain

Mead with it.

But here, at Brabant was the end; here Captain Mead was to show what manner of man he was; that the genial, smiling Captain Mead was a man with iron nerve, and then—to die. Lieut.-Colonel James E. Austin of the 104th Field Artillery has written the following account: "During my entire war service I kept a personal diary and religiously wrote it up each day. On October 29, 1918, I have jotted down that we were heavily shelled throughout the day. Telephone lines severed eight times since daybreak.

Captain Mead, M.C., attached to my Battalion (2nd Battalion, 104th F.A.) was living in my dug-out on Mal-

Theodore fletcher Wead

brouck Hill, northeast of Brabant-sur-Meuse, we having occupied that position during the night. At about 8:00 a.m. the 'phone rang, Battery D reporting casualities and asking for a medical man. Captain Mead said he would go over himself and immediately started out. Only a few minutes later while on his way, he was hit in the right shoulder and arm by a fragment of shell which exploded nearby, killing a mule. This happened on the road leading southwest to Brabant and midway between the battalion post of command and the batteries. Captain Lawson was sent by me to help Captain Mead. A doctor happening along administered a hypo and the first ambulance with space in it was halted. Captain Mead was conscious, saying a few approved things about Germans in general, but complained of the pain and the probability of the loss of the use of his good right arm. He asked for the hypo himself. We all confidently expected that he would recover.

As we were in the line fighting, no one heard of his death until after the Armistice, when one of our men found his grave near the hospital at Glorieux where fitting services were held, the entire regiment turning out. He died the afternoon of the day he was hit from shock and loss of blood, according to the statement made at the hospital."

He was removed to Evacuation Hospital 15, Glorieux (Verdun). Mrs. Mead was notified of his death in a letter from the Red Cross, an extract from which is as follows: "Central Records Office reports: Theodore Fletcher Mead, Captain Medical Corps, 104th F.A., died of wounds October 29, 1918 C.C. 307: died in Evacuation Hospital 15, Glorieux Meuse; buried October 31, 1918, Glorieux, Meuse Military Cemetery." Mrs. Mead has had word from the U. S. Graves Registration Bureau that Captain Mead's permanent grave is not in the cemetery at Glorieux, but she has never had any other location given her. His body has probably been transferred to the American cemetery at Romagne-sous-Montfaucon, Meuse.

The mother of Captain Mead has two gold stars for her two sons lost in the war. Four days after the Captain's

Theodore fletcher Mead

Private Mead served with the medical troops of the 361st Infantry, 91st Division. In the battle of Meuse-Argonne this division was in line north of Avocourt and advanced through Epionville, the Bois de Cheppy, Boise de Very and the Bois de Epinettes and dug-in before Gesnes; here it was that Private Mead received his mortal wound.

Theodore Fletcher Mead was born in Morrisville, Madison County, New York, on June 29, 1885; he was, therefore, over thirty-three years old. He attended Colgate Academy at Hamilton, New York, before going to Cornell. He was a member of the American Medical Association and of the Phi Club.

On June 10, 1912, he married Miss Ruth Fahnestock of Ithaca and they had one child, Elizabeth F. Mead, who was born November 28, 1915, both of whom survive him. Mrs. Mead, now Mrs. Edward F. Guilford, resides at 437 W. Orange Street, Lancaster, Penn. Captain Mead's mother's address is: Mrs. Frank A. McCoy, 222 Goundry Street,

North Tonawanda, New York.

Theodore F. Mead Post No. 191, American Legion, meets on the second Tuesday night of each month at the Armory, Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway. The present Commander is Lieut.-Colonel Austin, who extends a cordial invitation to the members of the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital to attend any of the meetings. The Post during the past year took care of Ward 37, Fox Hills Hospital till its close and are now caring for the men at the Tuberculosis Hospital at Kingsbridge, New York City. They turned out sixty members on Memorial Day with seven horses and a gun.

Theodore fletcher Dead

At Morrisville, Mead Post has been named in honor of these two brothers, natives of the town.

American Division Citation:

"For conspicuous gallantry in action in the vicinity of Brabant-sur-Meuse, France, October 29th, 1918, in attending wounded men under heavy enemy shell fire until himself mortally wounded."

New York State Military Cross.

JOSEPH BIDLEMAN BISSELL

Major, M.C., U.S.A.

Chief of the Surgical Service, General Hospital 2, Fort McHenry, Maryland.

Died in New York, December 2, 1918.

When the United States entered the war Doctor Bissell was very anxious to get into the army to do his share and although he was fifty-nine years old, he succeeded finally. He received a commission as Major and was ordered to Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Michigan, in July, 1918, where he spent about six weeks in intensive training. Intensive is right; he was thrilled by it and, much to his delight and satisfaction, he was ordered to take charge of the surgical service at Fort McHenry. On his way there he spent two or three days at home, full of enthusiasm and eager to be at it. Once at his post he worked with unremitting zeal but the work was too laborious for him. In November he began to realize this but he would not ask for leave—he did not wish "to be thought a quitter." He was, as a matter of fact, sick. He was compelled to lay off, but he asked only for leave over the Thanksgiving holidays.

Immediately after his arrival home he was so overcome by weakness that he was forced to go to bed. In a day or two it was proved that he had septicæmia due to the streptococcus hæmolyticus. In the forlorn hope that he might yet be saved he received a transfusion of blood, but—

on December 2, 1918 he died-in line of duty.

Doctor Bissell served as interne in Charity, not Bellevue Hospital; he was house surgeon in the former hospital



JOSEPH BIDLEMAN BISSELL



Joseph Bidleman Bissell

in 1884. After leaving Charity he studied in Vienna and Munich and when he returned home he was appointed Visiting Surgeon to St. Vincent's Hospital, which position he held at the time of his death. He joined the Fourth Division, Bellevue Staff in 1897 and was Director of the surgical service and a member of the Executive Committee

when he went to Fort McHenry.

He was born in Lakeville, Connecticut, in 1858 and attended school at the Armenia, New York, Seminary. Then he went to Yale and took the Ph.B. degree in 1879. While at Yale he was editor of the "Yale News." He was a member of the Alphi Chi and Chi Phi societies. His medical diploma he received from Columbia in 1883. He was a member of the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital for fourteen years. He was a fellow of the American Medical Association and the American College of Surgeons, a member of the American Urological Association, the New York Academy of Medicine and the Alumni Society of the City Hospital.

Doctor Bissell was a prominent advocate of the therapeutic use of radium and had worked in that field for about eight years. He was president of the American Radium Society and surgical director of the New York

Radium Institute.

He was sixty years old when he died; his widow, now Mrs. Bradford Merrill, lives at Great Neck, New York, and his daughters, Mrs. Laurence Millet and Mrs. Lawrence Jones and his sons, Joseph B. and Karl H. Bissell, also survive him.

WILLIAM CRAWFORD GORGAS.

Major-General, M.C., U.S.A.,
Distinguished Service Medal,
Knight Commander of the Order of St. Michael and
St. George.

Died in London, July 4, 1920.

When Major Walter Reed had finished his report as head of the committee on the spread of typhoid fever in the army, he was ordered to Cuba as chief of a commission to study yellow fever. This commission convened in Havana early in 1900. General Leonard Wood, a graduate in medicine, then in his fortieth year, was at that time military governor of Cuba, Major Gorgas, the chief sanitary officer, and Havana, after two years of effort had been cleaned up.

Seldom was research begun under fairer auspices when, like a challenge to medical science, yellow fever broke out

in epidemic form.

The chief actors in the drama that now opened were the four members of the commission: Major Reed at the head, had taken his degree at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1873, six years before Major Gorgas. He was three years older than Gorgas, being then in his forty-ninth year. He was now professor of bacteriology in the Army Medical School in Washington and a constant worker in the laboratories of Professors Councilman and Welch in the new Johns Hopkins School. Next to Major Reed was Doctor James Carroll, a post-graduate student at Hopkins and a co-worker with him there. He was the bacteriologist of the commission. The third member was Lazear.

DOCTOR JESSE WILLIAM LAZEAR was appointed Junior on the House Staff of Bellevue Hospital on April 1, 1892 and served as House Physician on the First Division from April till October, 1893. He was a graduate of Johns



WILLIAM CRAWFORD GORGAS

From a photograph of the picture by Alexander P. James in the library of the Surgeon General's Office



Hopkins in arts of the class of 1889 and of Columbia in medicine in 1892. He was the first to obtain from the blood the micrococcus of Neisser; this he did while an interne in Bellevue while investigating a case of endocarditis. Doctor Lazear was the scientific clinician and investigator combined in one and a modest, unboastful one, devoted to work—a most companionable man, moreover. He joined this Society as soon as he left the hospital and began practice in this city, but in a short time he went to Europe for a year's study at the University of Edinburgh, and at the Pasteur Institute in Paris. Returning to this country he was appointed bacteriologist to Johns Hopkins Hospital and assistant in clinical microscopy in that university. He continued membership in the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital.

At this time that work of the greatest importance to the world at large was going forward: the investigations in malaria—tracing the development of the malarial parasite in man, in the mosquito and back to man again, and it engaged all the energy and enthusiasm of Doctor Lazear. At the time of the outbreak of the Spanish-American war, he was one of the two or three experts on this side of the Atlantic on the histology of the malarial organism and its life-cycle in the malarial mosquito. It was this that singled him out for membership on the Yellow Fever Commission.

Today, the sole surviving member of this famous commission is Doctor Aristides Agramonte, a native of Cuba, the son of General Agramonte, who was killed in battle in 1872. The family, coming to New York to live, the son was educated in the public schools of this city and studied medicine at Columbia graduating in fact with Lazear. He was appointed then assistant bacteriologist in the city health department and he was a frequent visitor in the Pathological Department of Bellevue. Afterward he worked in Major Reed's laboratory on the identification of the bacillus icteroides that Sanarelli claimed was the cause of yellow fever. On the commission he had charge of the pathological work.

The first human experiments were made on the members of the commission, Doctor Lazear leading off. The result in his case was not a success. Then Doctor Carroll submitting to the ordeal, was inoculated by means of several of Doctor Lazear's brood of mosquitoes; he came safely through a very severe attack. Doctor Agramonte was immune. But it was the bite of a random mosquito in the yellow fever ward that brought to Lazear the tragic end. After five days, two chills ushered in the attack; in three days more the dread black vomit came. He knew what this foreshadowed; he had already placed in Doctor Carroll's hands all his notes; he knew he had but a few days more to live. Doctor Lazear died at Quemados, a suburb of Havana, on September 25, 1900, in his thirty-fifth year.

He was born in Baltimore on May 2, 1866. He left a widow and two small children, one of whom he had never seen. He lies interred in the Louden Park Cemetery in Baltimore.

In 1918 the President issued an order naming the batteries of coast artillery in honor of certain distinguished officers of the army and among these is this one: "Battery Lazear in honor of Dr. Jesse Lazear of Baltimore, Md., late an acting Assistant Surgeon, United States Army, who while on a visit to Las Animas Hospital, Havana, Cuba, on September 13, 1900, and while collecting blood from yellow fever patients for scientific study, was bitten by a culex mosquito and deliberately allowed it to satisfy its hunger and as a result contracted yellow fever, of which he died on September 25, 1900, thus by his self-sacrifice positively determining that the mosquito carries yellow fever infection."

The story of this research is truly dramatic: the personnel; the swift change of plan from a fruitless search for the specific germ as waste of time and effort, to the detection of the mode of propagation of the disease; the experiments on human subjects; the call for volunteers; their response and high courage; the tragic end of Doctor



JESSE WILLIAM LAZEAR
Reproduced by permission of Prof. Howard A. Kelly from the book,
"Walter Reed and Yellow Fever."



Lazear—all this in the short space of one year, and finally then, the climax.

The brilliant work and heroic achievements of the great commission were made of enduring benefit to the world by the work of Major Gorgas. He had been an onlooker, somewhat skeptical of the mosquito theory, but now he was convinced and he immediately changed his plans to conform to this discovery. In one year beginning March, 1901, the number of cases of yellow fever in Havana were reduced from 1,240 to 31, and the number of deaths from

305 to 6-yellow fever was wiped out.

The victory over yellow fever is the achievement of the four men of the commission-its subjugation, the achievement of Major Gorgas. By special act of Congress in 1903 Major Gorgas was made Colonel and Assistant Surgeon General and the next year he was sent to Panama as Chief Sanitary Officer; there he remained nine years. Panama there was not that beneficent combination of men in authority such as had been the case in Cuba, there was no General Wood there. The Canal Commission was badly organized and poorly directed, medical advice even from Colonel Gorgas was treated as medical advice often is. Colonel Gorgas was hampered in many ways; he could not get cooperation. It was not until Colonel Goethals became chief executive that the medical officer had free scope, and so the success in Cuba seemed for a time not to be the thing it really was. The innumerable complicating factors at Panama that were overcome by Colonel Gorgas prove his title to fame. It is Panama rather than Havana that is General Gorgas's monument.

His reputation was now an international one; in 1913 at the request of the British government he went to South Africa on leave of absence to investigate the cause of the high death rate from pneumonia in the Rand mines. On his return via England he was honored by the University of Oxford with the degree of Doctor of Science. He was made Surgeon General of the United States Army in 1914 and in 1915 Congress raised him to the rank of Major-

General. He was the first medical officer to hold that rank. General Gorgas made a preliminary survey of the port of Guayaquil in 1916 and in 1919 he spent several months on the West Coast of South America and made recommendations to the governments of Ecuador and Peru at their request that have resulted in nearly exterminating yellow fever there, particularly in Ecuador where greater attention was paid to his advice.

As Surgeon General during the world war he did very active service and in 1918 he made a tour of inspection in France. He was a persistent advocate of giving rank to medical men entering the army from civil life, in keeping

with their professional attainments.

While he was living in Panama Colonel Gorgas joined the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital and when he came back from Africa he made an address: "Some Observations on Pneumonia in South Africa," in a most informal, confraternal spirit, reviving also his recollections of old Bellevue days when, in 1879-80, he was house surgeon on the Second (now the first) Division; he held anything of Bellevue always in the deepest regard. Many honors came to General Gorgas and he was a man who could bear them well, there was nothing mean nor petty about him, he was always approachable; it was said of him that he was hard only on mosquitoes. His place though was in the field, not in the swivel-chair.

In the spring of 1920 General Gorgas set out to look into the conditions on the West African coast, another stronghold of yellow fever. Arriving in Europe he went first to the continent. He came back to London, and on the very next day, May 30th, he had an apoplectic stroke causing left-sided paralysis. He was removed to Queen Alexandra Hospital. He improved to the degree that there was hope in the minds of his British and American friends that he might yet return home. He had with him his wife and his friend Brigadier General Noble and other American officers, and he was under the immediate care of Colonel Kennedy of the British Army Medical Corps. At the end

of a month, however, he sank rapidly into unconsciousness

and died on the Fourth of July.

Full homage was paid to the memory of General Gorgas by the British in funeral services at St. Paul's Cathedral with military pomp. There were representatives of King George and of Queen Alexandra, of the governments of Belgium, Panama, Cuba, Canada, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and Serbia. In June King George made him a K.C.M.G He had the Buchanan Medal from the Royal Society, the Mary Kingsley Medal from the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine, the Gold Medal from the American Museum of Safety and the American D.S.M. His honorary degrees were the Sc.D. from Oxford, Pennsylvania, the University of the South (his alma mater), Harvard, Brown and Jefferson Medical College and the LL.D., from Alabama, Tulane and New York University.

William Crawford Gorgas was born in Mobile on October 3, 1854, the son of General Josiah Gorgas, a graduate of West Point and Chief of Ordnance in the Confederate Army, and after the war, president of the University of the South, Sewanee, Tennessee, and Amelia (Gayle) Gorgas, a descendant of a former governor of Alabama. He married in 1885 Miss Marie Cook Doughty of Cincinnati, who, with his daughter, Mrs. W. D. Wrightson, survives him. He died at the age of sixty-five years; his remains were brought to this country and lie buried in Arlington Cemetery, his grave being near to that of Major Reed.

A memorial to General Gorgas in commemoration of his services to the world is to be erected at Panama City. It is to be called The Gorgas Memorial Institute of Tropical and Preventive Medicine. The site, the building and all equipment is a gift to the United States by President Porras

and the Republic of Panama.

JOHN BERNARD VOOR

American Red Cross.

Died in Warsaw, Poland, February 14, 1922.

American Red Cross (Croix-Rouge Americaine)

> 4, rue de Chevreuse, Paris, VI. February 20, 1922

Bellevue Hospital, 1st Avenue and 26th Street, New York City, U.S.A.

Gentlemen:

Announcement is made herewith of the death of Dr. John B. Voor, at Warsaw, Poland, on February 14, 1922. The enclosed statement is furnished you from records in our files in order to complete any obituary notice which you may think desirable.

Very truly yours,

A. C. Burnham, M.D. Medical Director.

"Dr. John B. Voor died . . . of typhus fever on the fifteenth day of the disease. The disease was contracted at a refugee camp at Baranowicze while on an inspection trip for the American Red Cross. . . . He served with the American Red Cross in Serbia during 1919 through the typhus epidemic there in April and May; was in charge of the hospital at Chupriji, Serbia, from May, 1919, until February, 1920. He served with the American Red Cross in Poland from February, 1921, until his death."

Doctor Voor was appointed on the Second Division, December 1, 1913, to complete an unexpired term and served as pathological interne till July, 1914 and surgical junior for six months subsequently. He was a graduate of the medical department of the University of Louisville of 1913. Just after leaving Bellevue on January 1, 1915, he made a trip as surgeon on the steamer "Memphis" with



JOHN BERNARD VOOR



John Bernard Voor

cotton for Bremen. He returned in about two months and

began practice in Louisville.

In 1917 he joined Hospital Unit D (University Hospital, Louisville), as Captain, M.C., trained at Fort McPherson, Atlanta and went to France from Camp Merritt. This unit was sent to Vichy in June and became part of that hospital centre; here he met many who had known him at Bellevue. At the time he received his discharge from the army, January, 1919, he was stationed at Red Cross Hospital 2 in Paris. He then enlisted in the Red Cross and was sent to Serbia as above stated.

He received the medal of the Serbian Red Cross and the Order of St. Sava. In the fall of 1920 he came home on a visit of about six weeks and then went back and to

Poland.

Captain Voor was born in Louisville, Kentucky, on April 18, 1890, and was the third son of six children of Herman Voor, who was from Westphalia, Germany, and Anna M. (Koetter) Voor, born in Cincinnati, Ohio. He was educated at St. Vincent de Paul parochial school and St. Xavier College. His parents and two brothers survive him—an elder, William H. Voor, of 633 East Oak Street, Louisville and a younger, Bernard H. Voor.

The following is an extract from a report of the League of Nations on the health situation in eastern Europe, quoted in the British Medical Journal of March 25, 1922, of the people repatriated through Baranowicze: "In the first week of December, of the 540 who arrived at the station, all had to be admitted to the hospital; 179 of them died—120 of them died in the hospital and 59 of them were brought in dead. Of the 400 members of the personnel, 114 at present (January, 1922) are down with typhus. . . ."

This gives some conception of the conditions at the

time and under which Captain Voor lost his life.

JANE ARMINDA DELANO

Director-General of the Department of Nursing American Red Cross.

Distinguished Service Medal.

Died at Savenay, Loire-Inférieure, April 15, 1919.

During the Civil War there died at New Orleans of a camp fever a soldier who left a widow and a little daughter. This daughter, years afterward, like her father, laid

down her life also in the service of her country.

To tell of the work of the nurses in the world war, to describe the foresight and wisdom of forming the corps, the enormous labor involved in organizing it, the care taken in selecting the personnel—to do this would be to set forth the service of this daughter; her imagination, judgment, energy and personal magnetism built up the department of nursing till it was able to fulfil its purpose as a service of the first importance in the work of relief. It was due to Miss Delano and those who worked under her, that when this country did finally go to war, there were on the Red Cross roll eight thousand fully-trained nurses ready, and when the war ended, over ten thousand more.

Miss Delano began this great work in 1912 when she took charge of the department of nursing in the American Red Cross a few years after the Red Cross had been reorganized on a national basis. She was then in her fifty-third year and had just resigned the office of Superintendent of the United States Army Nurse Corps, a place which she had filled for three years and which had taken her out to Hawaii, to the Philippines and to China. This achievement places Miss Delano in the first rank; it was the

culminating work of her life.



JANE ARMINDA DELANO

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Jane Arminda Delano

Miss Delano began her career by pioneer work in the field. Two years after finishing her training as head nurse of old Ward 16 of the Third Surgical Division, she volunteered and braved the yellow fever epidemic at Jacksonville, Florida, and after this was ended, in 1889, she undertook a formidable job at a mining camp in the Territory of Arizona, near the Mexican border. In an article in "The Red Cross Courier"* Miss Noyes says that Miss Delano lived there in "a two-room tin shack . . . Her only means of locomotion was a Pinto pony; her sole escort, . . . an army revolver."

It was these experiences, no doubt, that first brought to Miss Delano's mind the idea which she finally put into concrete form in 1916. In that year when the country was making ready for war, Miss Delano made her will. She bequeathed to the American Red Cross the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, the income from which, together with the royalties from the book, "Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick," she devised for the establishment and maintenance of public health nursing services in remote or out-of-the-way settlements that are too poor and too unprogressive to begin such a thing for themselves. She laid down the conditions that should govern the selection of the communities and what she thought the qualifications of the nurses should be. Miss Noves says that the amount from the sale of the book will be much greater than Miss Delano thought it would be, for the book is the recognized authority on this subject and is about to go into a third edition, so that there will be funds enough for three or four Delano Red Cross nurses. This farsighted philanthropy Miss Delano designed as a memorial to her father and mother.

In person, Miss Delano was tall, of dignified bearing, gentle and affable in manner; able, resolute and self-reliant, she put strength and steadiness in others. Whenever any group of nurses was to leave for Europe, and her work

^{*}The Red Cross Courier, Wash., D. C., Jan. 28 and Feb. 4. 1922.

Jane Arminda Delano

permitted, Miss Delano came over from Washington to

bid them good-bye. Finally she went herself.

On January 2, 1919, she sailed for France for the purpose of making a personal survey of the nursing situation in that country, in Italy and in the Balkans. In France however, before the end of January, Miss Delano fell sick of an ear infection which perforated the ear-drum, and she was treated for this at A. R. C. Hospital 101 in Neuilly. In a short time she resumed her tour of inspection, saying "I must go on with my work." But mastoiditis developing, she was operated on at Savenay on February 21st, and a second time three days afterward; to little effect, however, though she seemingly improved, for by March 23rd the diagnosis was made of deep-seated abscess of the brain and the patient had to submit to the ordeal of operation a third time and on April 12th still a fourth time.

Miss Delano, the chief of American nurses, died in Base Hospital 69 at Savenay, on April 15, 1919. A devoted daughter of Bellevue, she added lustre to Bellevue's old

renown.

She was an alumna of the class of 1886 at the Bellevue Training School. Miss Delano had been superintendent of the training school in the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania for five years when in May, 1902, she came back to Bellevue as general superintendent of nurses, which onerous position she filled till October, 1906. She was three times elected president of the American Nurses' Association and was once a director of the American Journal

of Nursing.
Miss Dela

Miss Delano's father was George Delano, the only child of the Reverend Daniel Delano; her mother was Mary (Right) Delano of Albion, New York. She was born in the home of her grandfather, near the village of Townsend in Schuyler County, New York, in March, 1858. When she was three years old her father went to war. He reached the grade of first lieutenant and shortly after this he died of yellow fever. Though Miss Delano had no recollection of having seen her father, she had idealized in her

Jane Arminda Delano

memory the event and circumstance of his death; this had ever a strong influence upon her life; she carried his picture always about with her. Miss Delano could ask for no greater glory than to die as her father died—in her country's service.

Miss Delano's body was brought to this country in September, 1919, and on the 18th of the month was interred

in Arlington Cemetery with full military honors.

The Jane A. Delano Post No. 344 of the American Legion was organized in this city in July, 1919. The honor of being first commander was given Miss Beatrice Bamber, who was chief nurse of the Bellevue unit. The Post meets monthly at the Central Club for Nurses.

Citation—posthumous:

"By direction of the President and under the provisions of the act of Congress approved July 9, 1918, the distinguished service medal was awarded posthumously to Miss Jane A. Delano for exceptionally meritorious and conspicuous service as Director, Department of Nursing, American Red Cross. She applied her great energy and used her powerful influence among the nurses of the country to secure enrollments in the American Red Cross. Through her great efforts and devotion to duty eighteen thousand seven hundred and thirty-two nurses were secured and transferred to the Army Nurse Corps for service during the war. Thus she was a great factor in assisting the Medical Department in caring for the sick and wounded."

Distinguished Service Medal.

CARRIE JANE BRINK

General Superintendent of Training Schools, Bellevue Hospital.

Died in New York, December 10, 1920.

When the Bellevue Hospital Unit of the American Red Cross was forming in 1916, Miss Brink was the one person to choose the nursing staff—to get together the equipment and paraphernalia; these things fell largely in her sphere and every one naturally looked to her to perform the task without any doubt of the result. And justly—she was well fitted for it, her twenty-five years of residence in Bellevue as pupil, teacher and supervisor gave her a knowledge of Bellevue graduates that few others possessed; her ideals, her standards of nursing, her high regard for the honor of Bellevue and her affection for the hospital were guaranties; she held fast to the tenet that watchfulness is the essence of nursing—to keep watch and ward would be her motto.

The task was to bring sixty-five nurses together who would live in harmony and work together under one appointed chief nurse; to obtain for each certifications of prophylactic inoculations; to secure a passport for each; to arrange for the oath of allegiance; and this over and over again, for some withdrew before the unit was completed to take other positions in the service. The task was done, the nurses went to France and no small part of their success, both as individuals and as a unit is due to the discriminating judgment of Miss Brink and their personal loyalty to her

Miss Brink was the good right arm of each of the general superintendents of nurses to whom she was coadjutor.

and to one another.



CARRIE JANE BRINK



Carrie Jane Brink

She spent herself in the interests of the school and the hospital. During the last six years, especially, the work was extraordinarily heavy; the opening of the two new surgical pavilions and the transfer of patients from the old wards to the new was no small business in itself; then came the disorganization of the nursing service due to the war, the epidemic of infantile paralysis and finally, after this the fearful experience with influenza. All this told heavily on Miss Brink.

Miss Brink had suffered two attacks of acute phlebitis in veins of her leg and was barely recovered from the last one when, on December 10, 1920, while on her way over from her morning's work she fell in syncope in the entrancehall of the residence and expired as she was taken to her

room. She was fifty-one years of age.

Carrie J. Brink, twenty-two years old, came fresh from teaching school to Bellevue in 1891 and was graduated two years later. She was born in Binghamton, New York, in 1869. She became one of the staff of instructors in the Bellevue Training School and in 1898 Assistant Superintendent and General Superintendent of the Training Schools of the Department in 1920.

Miss Brink is survived by a brother and several sisters; her niece, Miss Dennis, graduated at the Cornell Medical School in 1906, married Dr. John H. Schall of Brooklyn,

and she is now in practice in that borough.

EVA EMMONS

American Red Cross, Women's Overseas Hospital.

Died in Labouheyre, Landes, France, in November, 1918.

When the war first broke out Miss Emmons volunteered for service with the Red Cross and from April 15, 1915, till January 16, 1916, she served in Belgium with American Red Cross Unit 1. Afterward she went to Paris and volunteered her services at a hospital there returning home after

about a year for rest.

On July 10, 1918, she was assigned by the Red Cross to U. S. General Hospital 1 in New York but "did not execute orders as she was on duty in a hospital in New York which was caring for wounded and sick officers under government supervision. Nurse did not notify Red Cross when she went abroad." This was not uncharacteristic of Miss Emmons: she had several singularities. She was a competent nurse nevertheless; she was night superintendent of nurses at Bellevue from July, 1910 to May, 1911, when she resigned. When the war first broke out she was quick to respond; she had valuable services to give and she gave them—more than that, she gave her life.

Without notifying Red Cross Miss Emmons left this hospital in New York to go with the Women's Overseas Hospital. The next that was heard of her, Miss Noyes writes, is from a newspaper clipping received at Headquarters in November, 1918, announcing the death of Miss Emmons from influenza at the Refugee Unit at Labouheyre.

Eva Emmons was born in Beason, Logan County, Illinois, on November 28, 1885. We have been unable to trace Miss Emmons's family. She was graduated in the class of 1910 at Bellevue Training School.





GRACE McBRIDE

GRACE McBRIDE

Superintendent Warren Memorial Hospital, Hwang Hien, Shantung,

American Red Cross Hospital, Tiumen, Siberia. Died in Tiumen, West Siberia, December 23, 1918.

Miss McBride was graduated at the Bellevue Hospital Training School, completing the full course in 1911. She was already a graduate of a Philadelphia training school and had spent a time in private nursing but she wanted above all a Bellevue diploma. After leaving Bellevue she took the superintendency of a private hospital in Chattanooga and it was while she was there that she decided to devote herself thereafter to mission work. With this end in view she went for special training to the Baptist Mission School in Louisville, Kentucky. Anyone who knew Miss McBride at Bellevue would say that she was pretty well qualified when the Foreign Mission Board of the Southern Baptist Convention decided to send her to China. left her native land on the China Mail steamer March 16, 1916. After some months at the hospital in Hwang Hien where she had charge of the women's work, she went to the Language School in Peking, and in the spring of 1917 returned to her work in the hospital at Hwang Hien.

But things soon were quite different—the great war in the Far West was coming nearer and nearer; Russian revolutions, a Czecho-Slovakian army pushing westward on the Siberian railway, the American Red Cross organizing a great base in Vladivostok, Grace McBride's own country in the fighting, at last, her brothers in the camps—she had a hard struggle with herself which she ended by offering herself to the Red Cross. Accepted by wire she left Hwang Hien and sailed with a party of nurses and doctors from

Grace McBride

Shanghai on September 20, 1918, for Vladivostok, arriving there four days later. A Red Cross sanitary train, a fully equipped hospital, was making ready to cross Siberia for an unknown destination. It began its perilous journey on September 29th and Miss McBride was placed in charge of the mess on the train. In a month they arrived at Tiumen, a river town about two hundred miles east of Ekaterinburg, that place of evil memory. Here they were to stay and for four days they lived aboard the train.

On November 4th the Tiumen Hospital, A.R.C., was opened and Miss McBride was assigned to the operating room; on December 3rd she became night supervisor. Ten days of this and she reported on the sick-list with typhus fever and in a week and a half, this stout-hearted woman passed away, on December 23, 1918, aged thirty-three years. She is buried in Tiumen. She had intended to return to Hwang Hien but she finished her work in Tiumen.

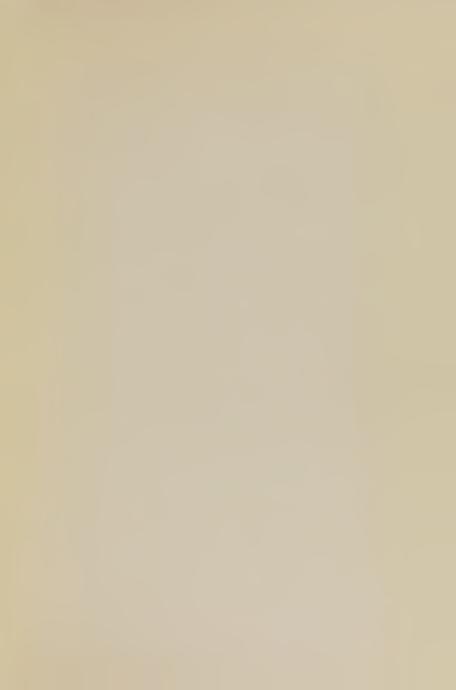
"When she knew her time was short," her mother writes, "she told one of the nurses 'I am not going to get well and will go soon; I am ready—I am not afraid to die.' All through her life she was always ready . . . no doubt in answer to her prayers the Red Cross gave the hospital (at Hwang Hien) four thousand dollars of supplies in her

memory; they have made the hospital larger.

Grace McBride was born in Richland County, Ohio, on December 11, 1885, the fifth child of the late Washington McBride of that county and Mary A. (Au) McBride of Cumberland County, Pennsylvania. She had six brothers and three sisters; also two half-brothers and two half-sisters. One half-brother, Doctor Franklin E. McBride, was a graduate of Rush Medical College, Chicago; he died of typhus in Kalgan, China, in 1890, a medical missionary.

Mrs. McBride's address is: Mrs. Mary A. McBride,

R.F.D. 4, Mansfield, Ohio.





KATHLEEN ELIZABETH SYMMES

KATHLEEN ELIZABETH SYMMES

American Red Cross, Group D, A.E.F. Died in Southampton, England, October 4, 1918.

Miss Symmes completed the full course of two years and nine months at the Bellevue Training School for Nurses and was graduated with the class of 1913. She enlisted in the Red Cross in 1918, was assigned to duty as Reserve on May 30th and ordered to U. S. General Hospital 1, New York City. She was on duty there until September 14th when she was transferred for foreign service and sent oversea with Group D, American Expeditionary Forces. Miss Symmes began the voyage as a nurse—she arrived a patient with influenza and her life closed in hospital in Southampton on October 4, 1918; she was buried at Winchester, England.

After graduating, Miss Symmes did private nursing in and about New York until 1916 when she was obliged to go home to take care of her father who had suffered a paralysis. She remained at home for two years, longing all the while to do something to help win the war, little dreaming that she would die before her father and in the line of duty. During the four months here before sailing she wrote home but seldom and not at all about her ex-

perience as an army nurse.

Born in Aylmer, Quebec, on December 23, 1889, Kathleen Elizabeth Symmes was in her thirtieth year. Her parents are still living in Aylmer; her father, Mr. Tiberius Wright Symmes was born there while her mother, Lila (Ritchie) Symmes is from Ottawa. She had two brothers and one sister; one brother, Doctor C. R. Symmes, graduated in medicine at the Queens University, Kingston, is in practice at Port Moody, British Columbia; the other is H. T. Symmes, and her sister is Mrs. Janet Lois O'Halloran. Her education was received first at Aylmer, then at Westmount Academy in Montreal.





THE BELLEVUE UNIT.

Base Hospital 1, A.E.F.

Vichy, France.

At the time of the Armistice there were one hundred and fifty-three American base hospitals in England, France and Italy, one hundred and twenty-two camp hospitals in England, France and Belgium and thirty-eight evacuation hospitals in France and Germany. Many Bellevue men were attached to these organizations at one time or another.

The first fifty of the base hospitals were organized by the American Red Cross; they were numbered from one to fifty and were taken over by the War Department before they left the United States a part of the American Ex-

peditionary Forces.

When this base hospital plan was broached in 1916 there was some misapprehension concerning it. For one thing, it was rumored that these units might be the only organizations to see service when the United States went into the war. As it turned out this was really an advantage to the Bellevue unit because it brought to it a body of resolute, high-class, well-educated young men who enlisted as privates and signed up with the unit to serve as corpsmen. They were eager and anxious for service at the front but they stuck loyally to the unit nevertheless, did all kinds of menial labor at Vichy and they took a large part in the successful work of the unit; it was not the kind of service they had been looking for or expected, but they kept nobly at it till the end—one hundred and fifty-three first class enlisted soldiers,

Base Hospital 1 represented Bellevue Hospital specially in France and was widely known as the Bellevue Unit. It

had been organized and equipped at Bellevue, there was a larger number of Bellevue men on this than on any other unit and the entire nursing staff was composed of Bellevue nurses.

The recruiting of the medical and surgical staff of the unit and of the enlisted men was begun by Doctor George D. Stewart, and when he was compelled to withdraw because of disability it was continued under the direction of Doctor Edward L. Keyes, Jr., he taking the place of Doctor Stewart as Surgical Director; after several months, Doctor Keves and Doctor George B. Wallace, Medical Director, were ordered to Fort Benjamin Harrison. Doctor Keyes did not return to the unit, so that the work of organization was continued under Doctor Wallace as chief.

The medical and surgical personnel when completed was constituted as follows:

Majors

George B. Wallace

John C. McCoy

Captains

R. Travis Atkins Carl G. Burdick Harrison S. Martland John Wyckoff

William W. Maver James F. Nagle Arthur M. Wright

Lieutenants

Rowland P. Blythe Joseph E. Connery Charles H. Nammack Charles G. Darlington Arthur M. Reich Henry Graefe George A. Koenig Alexander B. Timm Walter M. Kraus Cornelius J. Tyson Webb W. Weeks

Joseph L. McEvitt Bernard L. Robins

Dental Surgeons

Frederick L. Finnegan William J. Heffern

Five of the above-named medical officers had not been connected with Bellevue Hospital before, namely, Major McCoy, Captains Martland and Maver and Lieutenants Darlington and Weeks; Lieutenants Finnegan and Heffern were on the dental staff at Bellevue.

Major John Charles McCoy graduated in medicine at Columbia in 1892 and he was and is still, in the practice of surgery in Paterson, New Jersey and Visiting Surgeon to the Paterson General Hospital. He remained with the unit for about three weeks in France when he was ordered to another hospital.

Captain Harrison Stanford Martland is pathologist to the Newark City Hospital and he served with the unit in that capacity; he also is a graduate of Columbia in the class of 1905. Captain Martland remained with the unit till the muster-out.

Captain William Wallace Maver, a graduate in 1909 of Long Island College Hospital, joined the unit from Jersey City where he was in the practice of radiology. He was ordered to active service in June, 1917, to the Army School of Roentgenology at Cornell Medical College till December. He was radiologist to the unit in Vichy during the entire service oversea.

Lieutenant Webb William Weeks, M.D., Columbia, 1912, while at Vichy in September, 1918, was ordered on detached service with Operating Team 42 under Captain Burdick, and at the end of October to the American Hospital at Paris for three months; promoted to be major in February, 1919.

Lieutenant Charles Goodliffe Darlington graduated at the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia in 1915. He was on detached service with the Motor Mechanics service at Nevers, France, during April and May, 1918, returned to Vichy in June as assistant pathologist to Captain Martland; promoted to a captaincy in February, 1919.

All other members of Base Hospital 1 were either on the visiting staff at Bellevue or had been internes there.

Major George Barclay Wallace is Assistant Visiting Physician on the Third Division and Professor of Pharmacology in the New York University. He already had had army experience. Graduating in medicine at Ann Arbor, Michigan, in 1897, he was appointed assistant to Professor A. R. Cushny and instructor in pharmacology in the University of Michigan. In 1900 he volunteered his services to go to the Philippines and he served one year in the islands as surgeon with the 42nd U. S. Infantry during the Insurrection. Major Wallace was chief of the medical service of Base Hospital 1 until August, 1918, when he was transferred to Base Hospital 66 at Neufchâteau.

Captain Arthur Mullin Wright is a graduate of Cornell Medical College of 1905 and served as interne in St. Vincent's Hospital, and in 1917 was Assistant Visiting Surgeon on the Third Division of Bellevue. On August 1 he was ordered to active service at the Rockefeller Institute in New York, thence to Fort Oglethorpe and on September 15th to the University of Pennsylvania for a course in neurological surgery. A few days after arriving at Vichy he was ordered to the French Evacuation Hospital at Annel and on April 1, to the one at Pont Ste. Maxence till June 1st; promoted major in April, 1918; to U. S. Military Hospital at Neuilly, June 1 and June 6, to Evacuation Hospital attached to the 3rd Division at Jouy-sur-Morin till August 1st; chief of surgical service, Base Hospital 1, Vichy till September 10, 1918, C. O., B. H. 1 till discharge May 22, 1919; promoted to be Lieut. Colonel on November 10, 1918. At Nantes, from March 5 till April 13, 1919.

Captain Carl Goodwin Burdick graduated in medicine at Columbia in 1903 and served as interne in the New York Hospital; he was Assistant Visiting Surgeon on the Children's Service, Fourth Division, and is now Visiting Surgeon-in-Charge. On active service in the army, August 2, 1917, at the Rockefeller Institute and, September till December at Fort Oglethorpe; in charge of the surgical service, Base Hospital 1 at Vichy till August; on detached service as chief of Operating Team 42 for about eight

weeks; April, 1919, sailed for home in charge of contingent of army nurses; promoted to the rank of major

in December, 1918.

Lieutenant George August Koenig, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1910, served as interne in St. Vincent's Hospital and is an Assistant Visiting Surgeon on the Third Division; arrived at Vichy with the unit; on detached service with French Evacuation Hospital 4 at Acrimont and No. 8 at Frommerville from October 3, 1918 till January 4, 1919; Pont Rousseau March 5, Nice April 3; promotions: Captain, Major.

The other members of the unit are recorded in the Roll

of Members on page 173 and those which follow.

In two respects the unit did not quite live up to its name of Number One; it was not the first one organized nor was it the first to cross the ocean.* But however that may be, its right or title to be in the first class derives in part from the character and work of the nurses. Trained in dealing with things on a large scale and with emergencies. chosen by one who knew her business, Miss Brink, they justified her and themselves.

The names of the nurses and the positions held by them

at the time the unit was formed are subjoined:

Nurse-in-Chief, Beatrice Bamber, 1899, Superintendent of Nurses. Harlem Hospital.

Sarah Allen, 1908, Private Duty.

Margaret M. Bailey, 1914, Private Duty.

Minnie F. Biffer, 1915, Supervisor of Surgical Supply, Bellevue Hospital.

Edith Bishop, 1915, School of Nursing, Philadelphia.

Maud H. Bryson, 1910, Supt. of Nurses, Allegheny General Hospital, Pittsburgh, Penn.

Florence M. Cameron, 1914, Private Duty. Sarah Corrigan, 1907, Private Duty. Lucy Costello, 1908, Private Duty.

Laura B. Cowell, 1912, Red Cross Work, Headquarters, New York City.

^{*}The first three units to go oversea were: B. H. 4 (Lakeside of Cleveland). B. H. 5 (Harvard) and B. H. 2 (Preshyterian of New York); they were assigned to the British forces and went over in this order.

Columbia Crudup, 1908, Red Cross Work, Headquarters, New York City.

Bertha E. Damoth, 1912, Red Cross Work, Headquarters, New York City.

Rose Dougherty, 1908, Red Cross Work, Headquarters, New York

Anna Driscoll, 1899, Social Service, Bellevue Hospital.

Bertha M. Foley, 1916, Private Duty in Boston.

Hattie Frost, 1907, Assistant Superintendent, Training School, Bellevue Hospital, but at that time on private duty.

Margaret E. Gallery, 1914, Instructor of Probationers, Ossining Hospital, Ossining, New York.

Emma A. Gibson, 1914, Private Duty.

Mary E. Gillen, 1915, Board of Health Nurse, New York City. Mary E. Gorman, 1913, Special Work in Bellevue Hospital.

Anna E. Grass, 1912, Supervisor of Operating Room, Bellevue Hospital.

Caroline Hansen, 1899, Supervisor of Dispensary, Bellevue Hospital. Beatrice Hoskins, 1911, Private Duty.

Carrie E. Hoskins, 1907, Private Duty.

Eva Houston, 1906, Private Duty.

Augusta M. Huppuch, 1906, Social Service, Bellevue Hospital.

Sadie M. Johnston, 1913. Private Duty. Julia C. Joyce, 1915, Private Duty. Julia A. Kaufman, 1915, Private Duty.

Maud C. Kelley, 1912, In charge of Ward B6, Bellevue Hospital. Sue M. Knelly, 1909, Private Duty.

Mary Kreutz, 1905, Assistant Superintendent Training School, Bellevue Hospital.

Estella C. Largent, 1915, Private Duty. Martina M. Lavin, 1914, Private Duty. Barbara E. Lent, 1913, Private Duty.

Mabel Light, 1905, Private Duty.

Mollie A. McCarthy, 1916, Private Duty. Agnes C. McInerney, 1912, Private Duty. Christine McLean, 1910, Private Duty.

Elizabeth A. McVitty, 1914, Private Duty. Agnes F. Murray, 1916, Private Duty in Boston.

Mildred R. Myers, 1915, Private Duty in New York City.

Winifred Noon, 1908, Welfare Work in Albany.

Hilda A. Nylund, 1912, Private Duty in New York City.

Margaret W. O'Connor, 1914, Assistant in Operating Room, Bellevue Hospital.

Catherine Padian, 1910, Private Duty.

Josephine Pote, 1916, In charge of Ward GA, Bellevue Hospital.

Marie U. Puls, 1915, Private Duty.

E. Grace Rothwell, 1913, Institutional Work, Burke Foundation.

Marion E. Rottman, 1912, In charge of Pavilions I and K, Bellevue Hospital.

Theresa Rutledge, 1909, Social Service, Bellevue Hospital.

Julia C. Shea, 1915, Private Duty.

Sadie M. Snider, 1912, Private Duty.

Mary P. Spaight, 1903, Private Duty.

Beatrice Stephenson, 1912, Private Duty.

Margaret I. Strachan, 1913, Private Duty.

Gatherine A. Tracy, 1912, Private Duty.

Florence H. Ulmer, 1912, Red Cross Work.

Edith M. Van Horn, 1910, Private Duty.

Elinor Walker, 1913, Private Duty.

Harriet F. Van Sickle, 1893, Assistant Superintendent Training School, Bellevue Hospital.

Sarah A. Weir, 1910, Private Duty.

Elsie M. Westburg, 1915, Private Duty.

Jennie E. White, 1906, Private Duty.

The base hospital plan called for six civilian employees with each unit. Those with the Bellevue unit were: Miss Vera Howard, the Dietitian of Bellevue Hospital; Anna Tjomsland, M.D., Cornell, 1914, interne on the Fourth Division in 1914-1915, who joined in this capacity but who was given charge of a ward later on; Miss Lehman, secretary to Major Wallace, Miss Taylor, who acted as interpreter, Miss McCoy, clerk in the X-Ray Department and Miss Blaisdell.*

Mrs. E. H Harriman made a gift to the unit of twenty-five thousand dollars for the purchase of equipment; this had to be supplemented for these units were expensive affairs. The Red Cross bases averaged three times this amount and the Bellevue unit cost nearly one hundred thousand dollars; it had a fine equipment; most of the cost was subscribed by private donations and the balance by Red Cross.

All was ready in the winter of 1917 and on February 23, 1918, the unit embarked on the "Olympic" for oversea service. There were two other hospital units on the ship,

^{*}To make the record complete: the quartermaster was Captain C. M. Brune, U.S.R., the Chaplain, Captain W. L. Wood, A.R.C., and two members of the U. S. Sanitary Corps: Lieutenants R. E. Hare, U.S.A., who was adjutant, and R. De Vecchi. N.A. The commanding officer was Major W. D. Webb, M.C., U.S.A.

a regiment of engineers and a large force of aviation troops; in all about seven thousand.

The hospital people had their work cut out for them for measles and mumps and influenza and pneumonia developed promptly and there was something to do during the eleven days of the voyage to Liverpool.

The unit arrived at Havre, via Southampton, on March

10th and on the night of March 12th at Vichy.

Base Hospital 1 was the first at Vichy and they organized the Vichy hospital centre, and had all the work there to do till the next unit arrived in June, B. H. 19 from Rochester, New York. The first patients, 252 French wounded, arrived on April 9th and two days later 358 American wounded.

Eventually the Vichy Hospital Centre comprised Base Hospitals 1, 19, 76, 109 and 115 and the auxiliary, Hospital Unit D from Louisville; twenty-one hotels were taken over and other buildings, and at one time had nearly six thousand beds. Like the other base units B. H. 1 was organized on a basis of five hundred beds but when it got to France it, again like most if not all of the others, had twice as many and more to take care of. It functioned throughout the service as a general base hospital. The only base hospital that was organized as a special hospital before it left the United States was B. H. 117, a psychiatric unit, but many were specialized after they got to France.

Base hospitals numbered from 51 upward were organized by the National Army; those with numbers above 200 by the N. A. in France. The Red Cross organized some hospitals in France and some of these were taken over by the army. Besides these there were Red Cross units organized at smaller hospitals in this country which were denoted by letters, and these were amalgamated with other organizations after they reached the other side; such, for instance, were Unit B of Yonkers, Unit D of Louisville, Unit F of Harlem, and so on.

There was one death in the personnel of the unit, Sergeant Louis D. Short, the pharmacist, who died of pneumonia

on February 17, 1919. The total number of cases cared for by the Bellevue Unit from April 9, 1918 till January 20, 1919, was 756 of the Allied forces and 15,321 of the American.

The unit left Vichy for home on March 5, 1919.



In the course of twenty-nine years down to 1915, the losses by death were ninety-nine, not including Assistant Surgeons Gibbs and Lazear in the Cuban campaign. Had the same rate prevailed during the seven years just past, the deaths should have been twenty-four—there were thirty-seven, besides those caused directly by the war.

The average age in the first period was fifty-five years; the youngest was twenty-five and the oldest ninety-three years. In the second period the average age was sixtyone; the youngest thirty-five, the oldest eighty-eight.

Set this down to the war—to the power of the Four Horsemen. Many a heart kept the home fires burning and upheld the standards of the Unknown Warrior; suffered with him; proud of his honor and his glory, yet unnumbered with him in the terrible toll of War.





WILLIAM OSLER
From a photograph in the library of the New York Academy of Medicine

SIR WILLIAM OSLER, Bt., F.R.S., F.R.C.P.

Regius Professor of Medicine, University of Oxford.

Doctor Osler was elected to honorary membership in the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital thirty-three years ago when he delivered the Annual Address before the Society at the New York Academy of Medicine in 1889. He was at that time about to resign from the professorship of clinical medicine in the University of Pennsylvania to take the chair of the Principles and Practice of

Medicine at Johns Hopkins University.

Aside from tuberculosis, two of the important subjects in clinical pathology and medicine at that time were: first, the work by Metchnikoff on the amœboid cells of the body and his theory that through these cells by a process which he called phagocytosis, the animal body protected itself against bacterial infection or because of its failure, succumbed, and second, the discovery by Laveran in 1880 of the cause of malaria, a discovery which Dr. Osler had only recently convinced himself was true, for, as he says in this lecture, up to 1886 "I was among those who looked upon the work of Laveran with extreme incredulity." This lecture* on "Phagocytes," is a critical résumé of this theory of Metchnikoff applied to bacterial infections and an exposition of its failure to meet the facts of malaria. Professor Osler concluded: "while it (phagocytosis) undoubtedly plays a most important part in many pathological conditions, the question of an active destructive warfare waged by the body cells against the micro-organisms of disease must still be considered an open one."

Professor Osler was forty years of age in that year; three years more elapsed before the first edition of his great book appeared, the "Text Book of Medicine," in 1902. Doctor Thomas McCrae, in the preface to the last edition, that of 1920, says: "It is a grim coincidence that at the time of my association as assistant author in 1912 he planned to give up active participation in the revision

when he reached seventy years of age."

Dr. Osler was the sixth son of the Reverend Featherstone Lake Osler and Ellen (Free) Osler and was born at Bond Head, Ontario, on July 12, 1849. As to his early education: up to 1870 he attended school and Trinity College, Toronto, and in 1872 was graduated in medicine from McGill University where in 1874, after studying

Dir William Dsler. Bt.

in Europe, he began his teaching career in the chair of the Institutes of Medicine, leaving there ten years later to go to Philadelphia.

He was married in 1892 to Miss Grace Revere, the eldest daughter of John Revere and the great grand-daughter of Paul Revere. They had one child, a son; this son died in France in 1917, aged

twenty-one, from wounds received in battle.

Sir William Osler was made a baronet at the time of the coronation of King George V; some of his many honors were the Sc.D. from Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Liverpool, and Leeds, that of LL.D. from McGill, Toronto, Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Yale, Harvard and Johns Hopkins and D.C.L. from Durham, Trinity and Toronto.

He died at his residence, Norham Gardens, Oxford, on December 29, 1919; he was nearly six months over seventy years of age. Bronchitis and pneumonia of an ill-defined type which began with a chill three months before, failed to clear up and resulted in empyema, necessitating an operation a few days before Christmas: following this the patient improved a little but the end came suddenly.

Doctor Harvey Cushing has been requested by Lady Osler to write a biography of her husband; he is now engaged upon this work and desires anyone who possesses any authentic notes or letters of Professor Osler to communicate with him at the Peter

Bent Brigham Hospital, Boston.

A remarkable incident is recorded of Doctor Osler by his friend, Professor Arthur Thomson of Oxford in the obituary in the British Medical Journal, that in the autumn of the year of his death while on a holiday in the Channel Islands he indulged himself in "all sorts of acrobatic performances, such as standing on his head and turning cartwheels on the sands"!

^{*}Trans. Soc. Alum. Bell. Hosp., 1887-89, pp. 114-136, also N. Y. Med. Jour., vol. xlix, p. 393, April 13, 1889.

WALDRON BURRITT VANDERPOEL

Graduated from Phillips Academy, Andover, 1872, A.B., Dartmouth, 1876, M.D., Columbia, 1879. House Surgeon, 4th Surgical Division, October to April, 1881. Attending Physician in General Medicine, Demilt Dispensary and on the Visiting Staff of Randall's Island Hospital for many years after leaving Bellevue. Doctor Vanderpoel practiced medicine in this city for twenty years and more and, having always a fondness for law, he took up that study while attending to his medical work, graduated from the New York Law School and was admitted to the Bar in 1901.

He was horn in New York in 1854 the son of Jacob Vanderpoel, who was

Dock Commissioner in 1877.

Doctor Vanderpoel was a member of the American Medical Association, the Medical Society of the State of New York, the New York Academy of Medicine and the New York Bar Association and the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital for twenty years. He was also for many years a member of the Holland Society and of the D. K. E. Fraternity.

He died in Summit, N. J., on March 9th, 1915, of cerebral hemorrhage, aged sixty years. He is survived by a young daughter.

ABRAM ALEXANDER SMITH

A.B., Lafayette, 1868, A.M., 1871. LL.D.. 1892, A.M. hon Princeton, 1892, M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1871. House Physician on the 3rd

Medical Division, April to October, 1872.

The year after leaving the hospital Dr. Smith was appointed Attending Physician The year after leaving the hospital Dr. Smith was appointed Attending Physician in Diseases of the Heart and Lungs in the Demilt Dispensary, a position he held till 1879. During these years he acted for some time as clinical assistant to Professor Alfred L. Loomis in his private classes. He was also Assistant Visiting Physician and Surgeon at the Woman's Hospital under Dr. T. Gaillard Thomas, who was himself an alumnus of Bellevue of the House Staff of 1853. He served here till 1879. In March of this year Dr. Polk resigned the chall of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the Bellevue school to teach Gynæcology at the University Medical College; Smith was the Lecturer and in 1880 he succeeded the full westerwise high the held till 1892. This letter was ceeded to the full professorship which he held till 1892. This latter year he was made Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine and, on the merging of these two schools in 1898, Professor Smith continued in this chair in the faculty, the position he held at the time of his death.

In 1882 Dr. Smith was given one of the positions of Visiting on the 3rd Medical Division, the other two being held by Dr. Austin Flint and Dr. Edward G. Janeway. His other hospital appointments were subsequently Consulting Physician to Gouver-

neur and the Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled.

Doctor Smith prepared for college at the Collegiate Institute of Newton, Sussex

County, N. J. He was a son of Mr. James Alexander and Mary Ann Corbin Smith and was horn at Wantage, nearby Newton, on March 25, 1847.

He began practice on leaving Bellevue with Dr. Lent of Cold Spring on the Hudson, and after a short while there, on Dr. Fordyce Barker looking ahout for Hudson, and after a short while there, on Dr. Fordyce Barker looking about for a young, active and efficient man to help him in his large and exacting practice, he took Smith into partnership. This was the beginning of private work that made great demands on his time and made difficult, often, the performance of his hospital and collego duties; but as time went on and his work in each field increased, he gave more and more attention to the college work. He was a very successful practitioner of medicine. He had a charm of person and of manner that attracted; he had a ready insight into character and qualities that endeared him to patients and to students alike.

For a long while and up to the time of his death. Decree Smith was

For a long while and up to the time of his death, Doctor Smith was very active in the executive counsels of the hospital and in the Academy of Medicine; he was one of the Trustees of the Academy for ten years. He was a fellow of the American Medical Association, a member of the Association of American Physicians, the Americal Climatological and the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuherculosis; the Clinical, the Practitioners' and the Medical

and Surgical societies of New York; the University, the Century and the Grolier clubs.

In 1874 Doctor Smith married Miss Sue L. Bender of Easton, Pa., who, with twin sons, H. Alexander and W. Schuyler Smith, survives him. He died suddenly at his home of angina pectoris on December 13, 1915, aged sixty-nine years.

CHARLES CLIFFORD BARROWS

M.D., University of Virginia, 1879; New York University, 1880; House Physician on the 4th Medical Division for the term ending October 1, 1881.

Barrows was prepared for college at the Bellevue High School in Liherty, Va., and attended the academic course at the University of that State, 1876-79. After leaving the hospital he entered the Army as Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon and was sent to the Territory of Arizona. He served under General Crook in Indian campaigns. After five years of army service he resigned and returned to New York in 1887, taking up practice with Doctor Polk with whom, hoth in private practice and in teaching, he was associated for many years.

From 1888 to 1893 Dr. Barrows was instructor in Gynæcology in the University Medical College and when the Cornell Medical School was opened he hecame instructor there in the same subject. He was made Clinical Professor in 1913 in full charge of the department. He served Bellevue Hospital many years as Assistant and as Visiting Gynæcologist on the Second Division. He won renown as a teacher and for his dexterity as an operator. He was Consulting Surgeon to the New Rochelle and Peckskill Hospitals.

Doctor Barrows was President in 1894-95 of this society and for many years, until his death, one of its most active and heloved memhers. He was a Fellow of the American Medical Association and the American College of Surgeons, the New York Academy of Medicine, Medical Society of the State of New York and County of New York, the Clinical and the Obstetrical societies. He belonged to the Racquet, Tennis, Calumet, Army and Navy, Turf and Field, Piping Rock and Metropolitan clubs and the Southern and the New England Societies and the Sons of the Revolution.

He was born in Jackson, Miss., June 5, 1857, a son of David Nye and Carolino Mosely Barrows. He died in New York on January 3, 1916, of pneumonia, agod fifty-eight years. He is survived by his widow, Hester Curtis Barrows, his daughter and his son, Dr. David Nye Barrows, who is a memher of this society.

WISNER ROBINSON TOWNSEND

A.B., Columhia, 1877; A.M., 1880; M.D., 1880. After graduation Dr. Townsend was appointed to the 2nd Surgical Division (now the 1st) and served as House Surgeon from April to October, 1881. Leaving the hospital he served for a time as Inspector in the New York City Department of Health. In 1882 he went to South Pittsburgh, Tenn., where he resided for six years. Returning thence to New York, he hegan the practice of orthopaedic surgery and was appointed in 1889 Assistant Surgeon to the Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, and was associated with Dr. Virgil P. Gibney, remaining on the staff of that institution until his death. Other hospital positions which he held were: Orthopaedic Surgeon, New York Infant Asylum from 1890, and to the French Hospital, and Consulting Orthopaedic Surgeon to Bayonne (N.J.) Hospital and S. R. Smith Infirmary, Staten Island; Professor Orthopaedic Surgery, New York Polyclinic Hospital.

Dr. Townsend was always very active and prominent in medical society work. He took a very active part in the building up of the Bellevue Hospital Society and remained one of its most loyal supporters. He was Vice-President in 1891 and President 1892-93. A Fellow of the American Medical Association, he served in the House of Delegates in 1906-08, Trustee 1908-11, and 2nd Vice-President of

that association 1914-15. He was Secretary to the Board of Trustees of the New York Academy of Medicine for twelve years; President of the American Orthopaedic Association in 1899 and President of the New York State Association of Railway Surgeons, 1902..

Dr. Townsend was horn in Clinton, N. Y., on August 5th, 1856. For some time prior to his death he had suffered from diahetes mellitus, hut the immediate cause of death was a fall from a window. This occurred in this city on March 12, 1916, in the sixty-first year of his age. His widow and two sons survive him.

SOLOMON CARRINGTON MINOR

A.B., Yale 1873; M.D., N. Y. University 1892. Dr. Minor served as House Surgeon on the 1st Surgical Division (now the 2nd) from April to Octoher, 1893. On leaving the hospital he hegan practice in Bridgeport, Conn., and resided there for several years. He then returned to New York and was in active practice in Bronx Borough for more than twenty years. He was a Fellow of the American Medical Association and a member of the Bronx County and New York State Medical Societies, the Bronx Medical Society and Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. Dr. Minor was horn in Waterbury, Conn., and died in New York City on June 16, 1916, aged 66 years. He is survived hy a daughter.

JULIUS HAYDEN WOODWARD

Doctor Woodward was horn in Castleton, Vt., the son of Dr. Adrian T. Woodward, and received his early education at Brandon, the Norwich Academy and at Cornell, from which institution he was graduated B.S., 1879. He received he M.D. degree from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, N. Y., and from the University of Vermont in 1882 and was appointed on the 2nd Surgical Division (now the 1st) and served as House Surgeon from Octoher to April, 1884. Dr. Woodward hegan practice with his father in Brandon. Vt. He then went to Berlin and studied ophthalmology under Professor J. Hirschberg.

On his return to this country he again settled in Burlington and was appointed Professor of Diseases of the Throat at the University of Vermont, and the following year. 1887, was transferred to the Chair of Materia Medica, a place which he held till 1893. He held the Chair of Diseases of the Eye and Ear from 1889-98, and was Visiting Ophthalmologist to Mary Fletcher Hospital in Burlington. He went ahroad again in 1894 and studied ophthalmology in Paris under Landolt, Trosseau, Volude, de Wecke, Panas, Culizowski and Abadic. In 1897 he moved to this city and soon became one of the leading oculists here. He joined the faculty of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital and at the time of his death was Director of the Department of Ophthalmology and President of the Faculty Association in that institution.

When he took up residence here Dr. Woodward joined the Bellevue Society and in 1907 was elected Vice-President and President the following year. He was a memher also of the American Medical Association, the American Academy of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology, the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological and the American Otological Societies. He Societie Francaise d'Ophthalmologie, and the Medical Societies of the State and the County of New York and of the State of Vermont, and the New York Academy of Medicine. Another side of Dr. Woodward was his devotion to fishing; he was a memher of the Campfire Club and the New York Athletic Club. He also belonged to the Fencers' Club.

Doctor Woodward died in this city on July 2, 1916, in the 58th year of his age. He is survived by his widow, Mary Donohue Woodward.

HENRY SELDEN NORRIS

Doctor Norris served as House Physician on the 2nd Medical Division from April till October, 1877, having received his M.D. degree from the New York University with the class of 1876. After leaving the hospital his hospital and dispensary connections were in the classes of diseases of women and children par-ticularly. He was clinical Assistant to the Chair of Diseases of Women in the University 1878-83, under Dr. Polk; Attending Physician, Diseases of Children, New York Dispensary, 1878-9 and the New York Dispensary, 1878-83; Diseases of Women, Northern Dispensary, 1882-87; New York Polyclinic, 1884-86. He was Visiting Physician to the City Hospital on Blackwell's Island for many years after 1882 and Consulting Physician to the French Hospital.

Dr. Norris maintained active membership in this Society for almost thirty

Dr. Norris maintained active memhership in this Society for almost thirty years until his death, and though seldom attending the monthly meetings he was always present at the reunions. He was a fellow of the Academy of Medicine from 1888 and of the American Medical Association; the Medical Society of the State of New York and of the County of New York and of Greater New York.

Born in Brooklyn on August 29, 1847, the son of Hiram A. Norris of Maine and Frances H. Dutcher Norris of Alhany, Norris was of old English and Holland stock long resident in America. He was prepared for Princeton, but when seventeen years old he entered husiness and went to the Far West, returning in 1873 to hegin the study of medicine. For seven years he was a National Guardsman, a memher of the 7th Regiment, N.G.S.N.Y., and long a memher of the Veteran Association.

Dr. Norris had traveled widely both here and abroad and had a thorough knowledge of the French and Spanish languages. His clubs and societies were the Colonial Order, the St. Nicholas Society, the Century Association, Union, Players', Strollers, St. Nicholas, New York Yacht clubs. He died after a short illness in this city on November 19, 1916, aged sixty-

nine years.

THOMAS JOSEPH DUNN

Educated at St. John's College, Fordham, N. Y., he was graduated A.B. in 1884 and received the A.M. degree in 1889. His M.D. degree he obtained with the class of '88, New York University. Entering Bellevue Hospital as interne on the 2nd Medical, he served as House Physician from April to October, 1889.

Doctor Dunn hegan the practice of medicine in the Fordham Heights section of the Bronx and continued there till his death. He was Visiting Physician to Fordham and St. Lawrence hospitals and assisted in the organization of the Fordham Medical School, hecoming Professor of the Practice of Medicine. He was a fellow of the American Medical Association, a memher of the Bronx County Medical County ical Society and the Fordham Club; president of the Bronx Sanitarium and a director of the North Side Savings Bank.
Dr. Dunn was horn in Fordham in 1864; he died there on November 23, 1916.

aged 56 years.

FRED MILLER CORWIN

Ph.G., New York College of Pharmacy, 1877; M.D., New York University, 1881;

served as House Physician on the 3rd Medical Division April to Octoher, 1882.

Soon after leaving Bellevue Dr. Corwin established in practice in Bayonne, Soon after leaving Bellevie Dr. Corwin established in practice in payoner, N. J., and remained there throughout his professional career. He was a fellow of the American Medical Association, a member of New Jersey State Medical, the Hudson County and Union County Medical Societies, the Practitioners' Club of Jersey City and President of the Medical Board of Bayonne Hospital. He was also Chief Medical Inspector of the Board of Education of Bayonne and local surgeon of the Central R. R. of New Jersey.

Doctor Corwin died in Bayonne of heart disease on January 16, 1917, aged

sixty years; he left a widow, a son and daughter.

WILLIAM BANCROFT ANDERTON

Graduating from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1879, Doctor Anderton was appointed interne and served the full term on the 3rd Medical Division till October, 1881.

Directly upon leaving the hospital he was appointed Assistant in Gynæcology in Directly upon leaving the hospital ne was appointed Assistant in cynecology in the Out-Patient Department, and to the Cbair of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children then held by Professor Lusk, and for several years acted as clinical assistant to Dr. Lusk in the bospital and for several years attendant at Demilt Dispensary, Diseases of Children. Dr. Anderton began practice as junior partner with Dr. Fordyce Barker and Dr. A. Alexander Smith, and as be became more and more actively engaged he withdrew from hospital and college work, devoting

and more actively engaged he withdrew from hospital and college work, devolving bimself to the care of his private practice.

He became a member of this Society soon after its organization. He was a Fellow of the American Medical Association, the New York Academy of Medicine, the Medical Societies of the State and the County of New York and the Harvey Society. He was, besides, a trustee of the Broadway Savings Institution, a member of the Metropolitan Club and the Rockaway Hunt Club.

Doctor Anderton was born in this city in 1856 the son of Ralph Leigh Ander-

ton and Sarah Knapp Anderton, who was formerly of Richmond, Va. He died very unexpectedly of heart disease on February 23, 1917, at his home in this city. aged sixty years. He is survived by his wife, Elizabeth Palmer Anderton, bis son, Dr. Walter Palmer Anderton, a member of this Society, and three daughters.

JOHN M. FARRINGTON

M.D., New York Medical College 1857; House Surgeon on the 2nd Surgical Division from April to October, 1858, Charles Phelps was his Senior Assistant. For a short while after leaving the hospital he was Attending Physician to the Northwestern Dispensary in Diseases of the Head and Abdomen.

Doctor Farrington went to the front in 1862 as Surgeon to the 137th Regiment,

New York Volunteer Infantry. After the war he practiced at Trumansburg, N. Y., for a while, and then settled in Binghamton, N. Y., where he afterwards remained. At while, and then settled in Binghamton, it. I., where he alternate the the bine of his death he was Consulting Physician to the Binghamton City Hospital. He was formerly a Fellow of the American Medical Association and of the Medical Society of the State of New York. He took great interest in the Bellevue Reunions and kept in touch with his former associates on the staff. He died at Binghamton April 19, 1917, aged 84 years.

AUGUSTUS ABRAHAM ROSENBLOOM

M.D., Cornell, 1902; House Physician on the Second Medical Division in the term ending January 1, 1905.

After leaving the hospital he became Assistant Gynæcologist to the Cornell University Dispensary and was later and until his death Attending Gynæcologist in the Out-Patient Department of the Sydenham Hospital. He was a Fellow of the American Medical Association.

Dr. Rosenbloom died of pneumonia in New York on June 28, 1917, aged

37 years.

CHARLES YOUNG

Doctor Young was graduated A.B. from Princeton in 1861 and received the A.M. degree in 1864. Two years later be received his M.D. degree from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. He then entered Bellevue and served as House on the Third Medical Division from October, 1867, till April, 1868.

He began practice in Newark, N. J., was Visiting Surgeon at St. Barnabas' Hospital 1868-71 and again for many years from 1887. He was one of the first

members of the Visiting Staff of St. Michael's Hospital and until his health compelled his retirement a few years ago, Visiting Surgeon to the Newark City Hospital.

Dr. Young was a member of this Society for twenty years until 1914. He was a member also of the American Medical Association, the Medical Society of the State of New Jersey and the Medical and Surgical Society of Newark. He died in Newark on July 14, 1917, aged 74 years.

HENRY FREEMAN WALKER

A.B., Middlebury College, 1860; A.M., 1863; M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, 1866; House Physician on the Second Medical Division from

April to October, 1867.

Doctor Walker began his medical eareer as Assistant in Diseases of Women, Doctor water began his medical eareer as Assistant in Diseases of Women, P. & S. Dispensary, Attending, Demilt Dispensary, Diseases of Digestion, 1869-70, and Bellevue Dispensary, Diseases of the Heart and Lungs, 1870-72, and Diseases of Women, 1872-75. He then served on the Visiting Staff of the Nursery and Child's Hospital till 1875 when he received the appointment of Visiting Physician to Bellevue Hospital, which position he held till 1884, when he resigned. He was for many years Visiting Physician to St. Luke's Hospital and later Consulting Physician to that institution.

Doctor Walker was one of the prominent medical practitioners of this city for many years; he retired in November. 1913. He had been a member of this Society for twenty-six years. He was a Fellow of the Annerican Medical Association since 1835 and of the New York Academy of Medicine.

He died of heart disease at his summer home in Pittsford, Vt., on August

13, 1917, aged seventy-nine years.

WILLIAM CONNER SHAW

Doctor Shaw served on the Second Surgical Division from April, 1873, until his term ended as House Surgeon on October 1, 1874. He joined the Society as soon as it was organized and remained an active and intensely interested member for thirty-one years until his death. In 1915 he wrote: "I wish to state my high appreciation of this (the Year Book) and the preceding volumes, though it is with a heart full of sadness that 1 find the names of most of my personal friends in the long 'Death Roll'," etc.

A.B., 1869, A.M., 1872, Washington and Jefferson; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1872. Shortly after leaving the hospital he began active practice in Pittsburgh, Penn., and for six years was Attending Physician to the Pittsburgh Free Dispensary and ten years Visiting Surgeon to Mercy Hospital, and for many years to the Bethesda Home. Alternate Surgeon, Pennsylvania R. R., 1877-79, Surgeon, P. C. St. L. R. R., 1877-82. He was Medical Examiner for many insurance companies; among these the Equitable and Home Life of New York and the State Mutual of Massachusetts and New England Life.

Fellow of the American Medical Association, the American Academy of Medi-

Fellow of the American Medical Association, the American Academy of Medicine and Pennsylvania Statc. Scotch-Irish Society of America, Pennsylvania Scotch-

Irish and the West Penn Historical Societies.

Doctor Shaw died in Pittsburgh on September 18, 1917, aged seventy-one years.

AMI JACQUES MAGNIN

B.S., A.B., A.M., University of Geneva, Switzerland, 1878, M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1881. Faculté de Médecine de Paris, 1886. House Surgeon on the Second Division, April to October, 1882.

A large part of Magnin's early life was spent in this city. He was the son of French and Swiss parents and his father was in husiness here. Returning from Paris in 1886 after taking his degree, he was appointed Visiting Surgeon to

the French Hospital in New York, Attending Surgeon, Bellevue Out-Patient Department in Diseases Genito-Urinary and Assistant Surgeon at the Vanderhilt Clinic. He was Secretary of the New York Academy of Medicine, 1888-89. In the latter year he returned to Paris to practice and remained permanently there. He became one of the prominent practitioners in Paris and many of his patients were American visitors and sojourners in the French capital. He made several visit to this country maintaining his friendships here, and was a cordial host to Bellevue men visiting France.

Doctor Magnin was one of the organizers of the American Hospital at Neuilly and very active in its huilding; he was Chief Surgeon to that institution. He was an Officer of the Legion of Honor.

He died suddenly in Paris on October 25, 1917, aged fifty-nine years. He lcft a widow, a son and a daughter.

WILLIAM MECKLENBERG POLK

Graduating M.D. in 1869 from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, he was appointed interne on the Third Medical Division and served as House Physician from April till October, 1870.

Polk came of a family distinguished in American annals and he had a varied military and medical career. His father, Leonidas Polk, was a cousin of James K. Polk, the eleventh President of the United States; he was a graduate of West Point in the class of 1827 hut soon afterward resigned, studied theology, took orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church and hecame missionary bishop in the Southwest and in 1841 was consecrated hishop of Louisiana. Twenty years later, when the war broke out, he resigned his office and joined the Confederate army, hecoming major-general, and the next year lieutenant-general.

The son, William, at this time seventeen years old, was a student at the Virginia Military Institute. He joined the army as a lieutenant of Light Artillery in his father's corps. He was promoted to a captaincy and served throughout the war in many hattles, among these Shiloh, Chickamauga and in the Atlanta and Meridian campaigns and at the final surrender was at Meridian, Miss.

At the end of the war he got a position as superintendent of an iron mill in Alahama. Here he took up the study of medicine and on the reopening of the Medical Department of the University of Louisiana he spent a year there, later coming to the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York.

Doctor Polk, after completing the full term on the house staff, was appointed curator to the hospital. He began teaching in the Bellevue Hospital Mcdical College in 1871 as an assistant in anatomy and in the summer course in mcdicine. In 1875 he gave a course of lectures on Diseases of the Ahdominal Organs at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He returned to the Bellevue school in the next year as Professor of Materia Medicia, Therapeutics and Clinical Medicine where he remained till 1879. following Jancway and preceding A. A. Smith in this chair. It was in 1879 that he first became identified with the teaching of Gynæcology when he was called to fill this position by the Medical Department of the New York University. Here he stayed until the organization of the Cornell School in 1898, hecoming then Dean of that faculty and Professor of Gynæcology. In the meantime he had heen appointed Visiting Physician to Bellevuc Hospital, in 1874; in 1882, Visiting Gynæcologist which position he held till he retired in 1915 and became Consulting. He was Visiting at St. Luke's for ten years from 1878 and Consulting thereafter, and at St. Vincent's, 1890, Trinity Infirmary, 1878, and Northern Dispensary from 1881.

He was President of the American Gynzeological Society, 1896, New York Obstetrical Society, 1884 and of the New York Academy of Medicine 1910-18; member of the Continental Anglo-American Medical Society of Paris and once its Vice-President; one of the founders of the International Congress of Gynzeologists and Obstetricians. His clubs were the Metropolitan, the Army and Navy of Washington, the Sons of the Revolution, the Aztec, the Tennessee, Century Association and the Church Club. Dr. Polk was a Vestryman of Trinity Church.

Doctor Polk was born in Ashwood, Tennessee, on August 15, 1844. He had Doctor Polk was born in Ashwood, Tennessee, on August 15, 1844. He had two sons, Frank L. Polk, who was Councilor of the Department of State of the United States in 1918, and John Metcalf Polk, M.D., a former member of this Society, who served as House on the Second Medical in 1903, and whose death from pneumonia the next year was a grievous blow to his father. Dr. Polk married twice; in 1914 to Miss Dehon of this city, who, with his son, survives him. On June 23, 1918, Dr. Polk died in Atlantic City of cerebral hemorrhage, aged seventythree years.

LOUIS HERMANN AUGUST SCHNEIDER

M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1890. House Physician on the First

Medical Division from April till October, 1891.

Doctor Schneider was horn in Germany and esme to this country when he was twelve yesrs old. He spent two years at the College of the City of New York, 1885-87. After leaving the hospital he began practice in the Chelsea district of this city and always remained there. He died in New York on August 22, 1918, of cerebral hemorrhage, aged forty-nine years. He was a Fellow of the American Medical Association and the Medical Societies of the State and County of New York.

JOHN WARREN

Warren attended Rutgers College in 1876 and left to study medicine and was warren attended Rutgers College in 1876 and left to study medicane and was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1881. He served the allotted time on the First Medical Division and was House Physician April till October, 1882. He devoted considerable time to dermatology; was appointed Attending Physician in Diseases of the Skin at the Bellevue Out-door Department 1882-26, and at the University Dispensary, 1883-85; at the Northern Dispensary, Diseases of Children, 1883-86, lecturing on Minor Surgery at the New York Polyclinic, and in 1885 be was Sanitary Inspector in the New York City Health December 2018 of the Polyclinic, and in 1885 be was Sanitary Inspector in the New York City Health December 2018 of the Polyclinic, and in 1885 be was Sanitary Inspector in the New York City Health December 2018 of the Polyclinic and the Polyclinic an partment. Summer Corps.

During these years he practiced medicine in this city making a specialty of

skin diseases.

He now entered the service of the Equitable Life Assurance Society as an examiner, finally, in 1907, becoming its Chief Medical Director. Owing to indifferent health he retired and returned to the specialty of skin diseases after spending a short course at Johns Hopkins and in London and Paris. He was an

active member of the Society from its foundation—thirty-two years.

Doctor Warren was of colonial parentage and was born in New Brunswick, N. J. He died at Lake George, N. Y.. on August 2, 1918, from general septicaemia due to an infected tooth, aged sixty-two years. Two sisters and a brother survive him-

ROBERT SAMUEL TOPPING

Graduate of Peddie Institute, Hightstown, N. J., 1906; M.D., University and Bellevne Hospital Medical College, 1913. House Surgeon on the Third Division from January till July, 1915.

He began practice in Newark. N. J., after leaving the hospital and joined the

society in December, 1915. He was a member of the American Medical Association, the Medical Society of the State of New Jersy, Medical Society of Northern New Jersey, the Essex County Pathological Society, the New York Academy of Medicine and the Nu Sigma Nu fraternity.

Doctor Topping was born in Rutherford, N. J., in December, 1883. His untimely death from influenza occurred on October 11, 1918, in Newark, N. J. He

was thirty-four years old; his wife survives him.

GEORGE WILLIAM THOMSON

George William Thomson was of Scottish parentage. His father, the Reverend Adam Thomson, was of Glasgow, a lawyer and clever scholar who prepared for the ministry and, his health demanding residence in a warmer climate, was ordained and went out to Jamaica, British West Indics, as a missionary of the Scotth Kirk. There, at The Manse in Montego Bay, a town on the northwest coast of Jamaica, on July 3, 1867, George William was born. When he was twelve years old he was eent to England to he educated at the School for the Sons of Missionaries in Blackheath, London. He studied there for six years and was graduated in 1884. After spending a few months at London University he returned the next year to Montego Bay.

In 1889 Mr. Thomson came to New York to study medicine at the Bellevue Medical College and in 1892 he received his degree and an appointment on the Third Medical Division; he was House Physician from April till Octoher, 1893. Then he returned to Montego Bay to hegin active practice and he hecame one of the hest known of practitioners of western Jamaica, keeping well up with the times and coming not infrequently to New York, for he had many friends here.

When the great war started he would he off to the front and he was dceply disappointed when they would not let him go, they giving as a reason that his American diplomas were not sufficient and, hesides, was he not already in government service, having heen District Medical Officer for four years?—he was needed more at home. Doctor Thomson was a man of high ideals and of edcided strength of character and the war stirred him greatly, nevertheless he must needs he content—no easy matter. They made him Captain and Surgeon in the Jamaica Reserve Regiment.

Influenza reached Jamaica in Octoher, 1918, with paralyzing force and very soon the D. M. O. of Montego Bay, Doctor Thomson, was stricken down. After two or three days he died on October 16th, aged fifty-one years. He was huried with military honors.

Doctor Thomson was married in Jamaica in 1897; his widow is a graduate of the training school of Royal Southern Hospital, Liverpool, England. They had no children; he left his widow, five hrothers and six sisters, one of whom died in 1919.

FRANK WATSON JACKSON

Consulting Physician to Bellevue Hospital.

Doctor Jackson served on the Visiting Staff of the First Medical Division for a good many years; he was appointed Assistant Visiting Physician in August, 1889, and advanced to the higher rank in April, 1896. When he resigned on December 31, 1908, he was elected Consulting Physician. He joined this Society as Permanent Associate Mcmber in April, 1897.

A graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the class of 1879, he served on the house staff of Roosevelt Hospital and later on the visiting staff, all his hospital work was done at these two hospitals—Bellevue and Roosevelt; he was a member of the Executive Committee of the former and at the latter he was a member of the Executive Committee of the former and at the latter he was Attending Physician, 1896-1905, Attending Physician, 1905-1916 and Consulting Physician, 1916-1919. He was first appointed on the teaching staff of the College in 1897 and hecame professor of clinical medicine in 1906. He was a good teacher and among those whom he had taught he had many friends in after years. He was a good diagnostician too. Strange to say, he was seldom able at the bedside to palpate the spleen; he once was heard to say: "the spleen was not enlarged, at least,, I couldn't feel it—even my house physician couldn't and he can feel things that 1 can't feel."

Doctor Jackson had many agreeable qualities hut it would he wrong to say that tact was one of these. And he had an awkwardness of manner hoth in gait and speech that subjected him to the irreverent though it added much to his pleas-

antries. Very often testy, he would yet go to exaggerated lengths to make amends. one occasion he apologized to a student before the whole class for a slight offense that he had unintentionally given.

He was the son of the Reverend Charles D. Jackson, D.D., and was born on February 4, 1856; he died in New York of pnuemonia on January 8, 1919, aged sixty-two years and is survived by two daughters.

Doctor Jackson was a member of the American Medical Association, the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York Pathological Society, the Century Association, the Grolier Cluh and Sons of the Revolution.

TIMOTHY MATLACK CHEESMAN

A.B., 1874, A.M., 1877, M.D., 1878, Columbia. House Surgeon, Third Division, April till October, 1879.

The son of a prominent physician of this city, Dr. Timothy M. Cheesman, he began practice here but later retired to live in Garrison-on-Hudson. He became interested in the new science of bacteriology and for some years taught that hranch of medicine at his alma mater. He was a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine and served for several years as Executive Librarian to the Academy, He was a member of the American Bacteriological Society and a Fellow of the American Medical Association.

Doctor Cheesman died in Garrison, N. Y., on February 25, 1919 of cerebral hemorrhage, aged sixty-six years.

JOHN WAITE MITCHELL

M.D., Bellevne Medical College, 1871, House Surgeon Third Division April till October, 1872.

Doctor Mitchell was born in Norwich, N. Y., on April 6, 1848. He was graduated from the Williston Seminary at East Hampton, Mass., in 1868. After leaving Bellevue he began practice in Providence, R. I., and became one of the most widely known physicians of that State.

He was one of the incorporators of the Providence Lying-In Hospital and Consulting Physician and Trustee of that institution for many years up to the time of his death. He was Visiting Physician to Rhode Island Hospital, 1875-83, and Visiting Surgeon for twenty years afterward, and President of the Rhode Island Emergency and Hygienic Association. He was chosen President of the Providence Medical Association in 1886 and of the Rhode Island Medical Society in 1889. He was a Fellow of the American Medical Association and for more than twenty years of the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital.

Doctor Mitchell died in Providence, R. 1., on February 27, 1919, of pneumonia, aged seventy years.

RICHARD EWELL BROWN

Graduating M.D. from the New York University in 1894, Doctor Brown was appointed on the Second Medical Division and served as House Physician for the term ending on May 1, 1896.

He joined the Second State of the Head of

Attending. He was Attending Physician at the New York Dispensary.

Doctor Brown was a Fellow of the American Medical Association and the
New York Academy of Medicine and a member of the Medical Society of the

State of New York and the County of New York, the Southern Society and the Sewance Alumni Society. He was horn in Nashville on January 12, 1870; he married Miss Marion Lee of New York.

On June 14, 1919, he died in this city of cerebral hemorrhage, agcd forty-nine years. He is survived by his wife and several children.

FLOYD MILFORD CRANDALL

Doctor Crandall was graduated from the Geneseo (N. Y.) Normal School in 1879 and then became Principal of that achool. He resigned in 1881 to study medicine and was graduated M.D. from the New York University in 1884. He served as House Physician on the Second Division from April to October, 1885.

He was appointed Attending Physician to the Bellevue Dispensary, Diseases of Children, 1886-88, serving during the same period as Clinical Assistant in Diseases of Children at the University Medical Department. He then became Lecturer on Diseases of Children at the New York Polyclinic, where he served for many years. He hecame more and more identified with this special hranch of medical practice and finally hecame one of the leading practitionera in Diseases of Children in the United States. He was editor of the "Archives of Pediatrics" from 1895 to 1901, and wrote numerous articles in text-hooks and encyclopedias on matters pertaining to this subject, and conducted this department in "Progressive Medicine." Dr. Crandall was very active also in medical society work devoting a large amount of time and energy to ethical and legal questions affecting the profession of medicine; he was a zealous advocate of the highest ideals.

He was a member of the House of Delegates of the American Medical Association and a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, President at one time of the New York County Society and Secretary of the New York State Society, and a member of several of the national medical associations. At the time of his death he was a member of the New York State Board of Medical Examiners.

Crandall was horn in Belfast, Allegany County, N. Y., May 2, 1858, the son of Dr. Charles Milford Crandall. He died in New York on November 11, 1919, of pneumonia, aged sixty-one yeara. He never married and is survived by his sister, Miss Crandall.

He was Treasurer of this Society 1895-1903 and President 1910-11.

ROBERT COLEMAN JAMES

M.D., New York University, 1893, House Physician on the Second Division from April till October, 1895.

The start of Doctor James's teaching career was made as Instructor in Medicine in New York University. In 1898 he was appointed Adjunct Professor of Obstetrics and it was in this position that his exceptional talent as a teacher was fully exercised.

Doctor James had heen Assistant Attending Physician at the New York Lying-In stepping for several years when, in 1905, he was appointed Assistant Visiting Obstetrician to Bellevue Hospital. During his aervice here the ohstetrical department was moved to the new A and B Pavilions and the old Emergency Hospital was closed. This was in 1908. In 1911 the Emergency was re-opened as a School for Midwives and shortly afterward an Out-Door Ohstetrical Clinic was established. It was in great measure due to Doctor James's ability and unremitting zeal that the obstetrical service increased from fifteen to almost two hundred cases a month.

the obstetrical service increased from fifteen to almost two hundred cases a monthDoctor James "was a man of extensive knowledge and broad culture in literature, in art and in music. His love of nature was one of the charms of his
personality and his minute knowledge of flowers and of trees, of hirds and of
animals made him a delightful out-of-door companion." (W. E. C.). Nothing
charmed him more than life out-doors. He spent many a summer on long walking
tours in Europe. His constant companion on these trips was Doctor Chaffee, who
had served on the house staff in Bellevue with him; these two had traveled afoot
through the length and hreadth of England and Ireland and on the continent. He

was a man, moreover, of deep religious feeling, void of pretense, a man whose early training guided him throughout life.

Doctor James was born on a farm near Lexington, Kentucky, on November 11, 1865, a son of Mr. John G. and Nannie (Coleman) James. His father died when Robert was ten years old and his mother and he moved then to the home of the Reverend Doctor Douglas, pastor of Pisgah Preshyterian Church. He went to school first in Pisgah and then to Transylvania University. On leaving the University he went into husiness, but this was for a short while only; what he really wanted to do was study medicine and he planned to do this and then, when he reached to do was study medicine and he planned to do this and then, when he reached the age of fifty years, to retire from practice. In 1890, his mother having passed away, he came to New York with his cousin, Warren Coleman, and matriculated in medicine; he was then twenty-five years old. So, when in 1915 he withdrew from an assured position of influence and authority in his profession, he was only carrying out the purpose he had long set his heart upon, of returning to that rural life in Kentucky that he loved.

In three years, however, what he had planned he, for a while, set aside. "In order to release Doctor Caldwell for active service in the army (I) came hack to New York and took up his work . . . for the duration of the war." So he wrote in 1920.

At home in Octoher, 1920, he was taken sick with hroncho-pneumonia and to this he succumhed. Doctor James died suddenly on November 13, 1920, when it was thought he had recovered. He lived two days beyond his fifty-fifth hirthday. He never married. He is survived by his half-sister, Mrs. Phelps, who made her home with him in Kentucky.

Doctor James was a member of the Southern Society, the Century Association and the Phi Delta Gamma and Nu Sigma Nu fraternities. He joined the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital in 1897.

ROBERT WILLIAMS CARTER

A. B. Princeton, '00; M.D., Colnmhia, '04; Fîrst Surgical Division, January 1, 1907; interne, Sloane Maternity Hospital, 1907.

Just before the end of his term at Bellovue Doctor Carter had accepted a commission from the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions to go as medical missionary to the Philippines. He married in January Miss Edna S. Ferris of Mont-clair, and after a few months spent at the Sloane Maternity Hospital, he sailed in September, 1907, with Mrs. Carter for that difficult field.

Carter came from a long line of missionaries and was imbued from youth with the missionary spirit. His father was the son of the Reverend Thomas Carter of Boonton, N. J., whose father, Robert Carter, was one of the first members of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions. His mother, Mrs. Hettie Dodd Carter, was horn in Turkey, the daughter of the Reverend Doctor Dodd of Roberts College, and Mrs. Lydia Dodd, missionaries in the Levant.

Doctor and Mrs. Carter went first to Dumaguete, Oriental Negros, and in the Silliman Institute there he was professor of Physiology, Chemistry and Latin. The next year they were transferred to the town of Massin, Island of Leyte and later to Alhay. Luzon, Here he developed any early serve and stream of hard and self service.

to Alhay, Luzon. Here he developed sprue and after six years of hard and self-sacrificing work he came home in 1914 to his native land. His health improved and he opened an office at Verona, N. J., in 1915, and joined this society. In 1917 his health had so much improved that he prevailed upon the hoard of missions to send him hack again to the Philippines. In the course of the next two years the old symptoms recurred and, though he was so severely affected that he was forced to remain in bed twenty hours a day, he kept up his hospital work each morning until, finally they were compelled to give up once more and return to the United States. This was in 1919. He was in the Preshyterian Hospital, New York, for two months undergoing treatment when, in September, he succumhed. The immediate cause of his death was the rupture of a gangrenous vermiform appendix.

Doctor Carter was born in Boonton, N. J., on July 15, 1878, and he died on November 21, 1919, aged forty-one years. He is survived by his wife, his

mother and several hrothers and sisters.

Dhituary

OLIVER THOMPSON HYDE

A.B., Amherst, 1897; M.D., Columbia, 1901; First Medical Division, January

Immediately after his service in Bellevue Doctor Hyde spent nearly two years in post-graduate work in Berlin and Vienna. He then hegan practice in Des Moines, Bowa, in the fall of 1905. His health failing he went to New Mexico in that year, and remained there the rest of his life. During the last ten years he devoted his entire time as a specialist in the treatment of tuherculosis.

For five years he was Medical Director of St. Joseph's Sanatarium at Silver City, N. M., and from 1915 to the date of his death he occupied a similar position in St. Joseph's Sanitarium in Alhuquerque, N. M. Notwithstanding his poor health he was ahle to do a great deal of work, and he huilt up this latter institution

to a large and well-known sanitarium.

Doctor Hyde was born in Ellington, Tolland Co., Conn., on August 4, 1875, and died in Alhuquerque, N. M., February 2, 1920 of pulmonary tuherculosis, aged forty-four years. He is survived by his hrother, Mr. E. B. Hyde, of Alhuquerque.

DANIEL RUSSELL PHILLIPS

A.B., University of Michigan, 1884, M.D., Columbia, 1887. House Surgeon on the Fourth Division from October 1888 till April 1889.

Doctor Phillips was the son of Dr. Samuel Phillips and Anne (Russell) Phillips

and he was horn in Leavenworth, Kansas, on September 26, 1863. He prepared for college at the Leavenworth High School and then went to Ann Arhor where he was graduated at the University of Michigan, A.B. in 1884. After finishing his service at Bellevue he went ahroad for study where he remained two years, at Göttingen, Hanover and Vienna, returning thence to practice in Leavenworth. He was a memher of the U. S. Pension Examining Board from 1892 till 1898. a memher of the staff of St. John's Hospital and of the Cushing Hospital in Leavenworth and taught surgical nursing in the Training School for Nurses in the latter institution.

Dr. Phillips was a most congenial member of the house staff of Bellevue and had many friends among the men of his time there. He joined the Society in 1897 and kept up his active membership for twenty-three years till his death. He was a member of the Leavenworth County and Kansas State Medical societies and the American Medical Association.

For several years latterly, Doctor Phillips had heen in had health and his work was much interrupted in consequence, yet he was able, while residing tem-porarily in Philadelphia to work on the Draft Board. He died on March 5, 1920, aged fifty-six years, quite suddenly and unexpectedly in St. Francis Hospital, Topeka, where he had lived for six months. The immediate cause of his death was myocardial disease.

In 1900 Doctor Phillips married Miss Theresa Rossington, a daughter of Mr. W. H. Rossington, a prominent lawyer of Kansas living in Topeka. He had two daughters, the Misses Mary Ann and Florence who, with Mrs. Phillip's address is 197 Nutley Avenue, Nutley, N. J.

JOHN WILLIAM SEVERIN GOULEY

Doctor Gouley was horn in New Orleans, La., on March 11, 1832. He was of French lineage. He studied medicine in New York and was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1853. Immediately afterward he entered Belle-College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1655. Immediately atterward ne entered believe as interme on the First Medical Division serving till the spring of 1854. This same year he was appointed Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in New York University and held this position till 1857. He was Demonstrator, 1859-61. In 1855 he was Demonstrator and 1856 Professor of General, Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy at the Vermont Medical College at Woodstock.

He served in the Civil War as Assistant Surgeon, U.S.A., from 1861 to 1864 and was Surgeon-in-charge, U. S. General Hospital, Central Park, N. Y., 1863-64.

After the war he resumed his college work as Adjunct Professor of Anatomy at the New York University, and in 1866 was Professor of Clinical Surgery and Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs from 1867 till 1871 and again 1876-83.

Doctor Gouley was Curator to the Wood Museum, Bellevue Hospital, 1855-59, was appointed Visiting Surgeon in 1859 and in 1900 was made Consulting Surgeon, so that he "had the unique honor of serving his hospital alma mater for a period of sixty-seven years." * * "His lectures proved signally interesting and instructive to the student hodies. They were characterized by the cultured manner of his delivery, by his unfailing courtesy toward his listeners and by that perfection of diction and rare phraseology which always distinguished him as a writer and a lecturer." * * "From his earliest membership in this society Dr. Gouled displayed his marked personality in its management and advancement. His crudition and knowledge of procedure were invaluable when it came to the framing of our present Constitution and By-Laws and they owe much of their orderly form and provisions for unforeseen contingencies to his care, acumen and zeal."

Doctor Gouley was Visiting Surgeon to St. Vincent's Hospital 1865-68 and Consulting Surgeon from 1891 till his death. He was the author of "Diseases of the Urinary Organs" (1873), which subject was his special field, and of "Diseases of Man: Data of their Nomenclature, Classification and Genesis," (N. Y. 1888).

lle was a Fellow of the American Medical Association and an honorary member of the Royal Academy of Science, Havana, Cuba.

Dr. Gouley died in Brooklyn at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Lamarche, on April 26, 1920, aged eighty-eight years.

At the Seventh Reunion and Banquet of this society at Delmonico's on February 4th, 1903, a loving cup was presented Doctor Gouley on behalf of the society by Dr. Charles Phelps, his colleague on the Fourth Division, in commemoration of his fifty years of service in Bellevue Hospital.

SILAS PIERSON LEVERIDGE

House Surgeon on the Second (now the First) Surgical Division from April till October, 1880. He was Senior Assistant to Doctor Gorgas. He served as Amhulance Surgeon for ahout fifteen months before entering upon his internship. He was graduated at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1879 in the same class with Doctor Gorgas.

Doctor Leveridge lived and practiced medicine on East Broadway in this city between Gouverneur and Montgomery Streets on the same block where, on October 31, 1855, he was born. His father, John L. Leveridge, and his grandfather, John W. C. Leverdige, were physicians and practiced in that part of the East Side for many years before him. He was therefore firmly linked with that district of New York.

When he left the hospital in 1880 Doctor Leveridge was appointed Attending Surgeon to the New York Dispensary and Attending Physician to the Eastern Dispensary. He resigned the former place after five years and was advanced to the position of Visiting Physician at the Eastern. Resigning this place in 1888, he devoted himself to private practice thereafter. He was always actively engaged, not only in medical and charitable work, but in political affairs as well.

Doctor Leveridge died of pneumonia on March 16, 1921 after an illness of five days, and his death occurred in the same house on East Broadway in which he bad lived for forty years. He was sixty-four years old when he died; he is survived by his daughter, Miss Ethel S. Leveridge.

The war brought great sorrow to Doctor Leveridge; his only son, Robert Mackenzie Leveridge, was killed in France while serving with the 105th Machine Gun Company. 27th Division, A. E. F.

HARRY MITCHELL SHERMAN

House Surgeon on the Third Surgical Division from April till October, 1881. A.B., Trinity College, 1877, A.M., 1880, M.D., Coumbia, 1880.

Doctor Sberman was one of the most prominent of the medical men on the Pacific coast and had practiced in San Francisco since ahout 1885. His special interest was orthopaedic surgery. He was made Emeritus Orthopaedic Surgeon to the Children's Hospital in San Francisco after thirty-five years of service and Emeritus Surgeon to St. Luke's Hospital in that city after twenty years at that institution. He was a fellow of the American Medical Association and the American College of Surgeons, a member of the American Orthopaedic and the American Surgical Associations and of the California Academy of Medicine.

His war service at first was on Medical Advisory Board 5 in San Francisco, and afterwards, although sixty-three years of age, he was called to the active list in the rank of Major and sent to Fort Rosecrans, San Diego, as chief of the surgical service in the post hospital, serving about five thousand men in training and the aviators at Rockwell Field.

The problem of the control of cancer deeply interested Doctor Sherman; he was a very active member of the American Society for the Control of Cancer and Director of that society since its organization. At the time of his death he was one of the vice-presidents and Regional Director for California and Nevada, organizing the work and addressing public audiences in principal cities of these two states.

Doctor Sberman was born in Providence, Rhode Island on November 23, 1854. Before he settled in San Francisco he resided for a short while, first in Providence and then in Cold Spring, New York. He died in San Francisco of hroncho-pneumonia on May 15, 1921, aged sixty-six years. A loyal memher of this Society for more than thirty years he attended several reunions and kept in touch with what was going on at Bellevue.

RICHARD KALISH

M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875, House Surgeon on the Fourth Surgical Division from April till October, 1877.

The year after his leaving the hospital, Doctor Kalish was appointed Visiting Stargeon to the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary where he served twelve years. In 1880 he joined the Visiting Staff of Charity (now City) Hospital and after serving thirty-two years he was advanced in 1912 to he Consulting Ophthalmologist; he was very active, always, on the Medical Board of this hospital. He was Consulting Ophthalmologist to St. John's Hospital, Long Island City from 1892, the Knickerhocker (J. Hood Wright) Hospital from 1900 and Sea View from 1911.

Doctor Kalish joined the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital in 1887 and there was no more loyal, not to say enthusiastic member, than he—always ready and always a very diligent worker on committees. He was elected President of the Society in 1889 and presided at the first Reunion and Banquet in 1890.

He was a fellow of the American Medical Association, the American College of Surgeons and the New York Academy of Medicine; he served as Assistant Secretary to the Academy from 1886 till 1892, and for the next three years he was Recording Secretary. He was a member also of the Northwestern Medical and Surgical, the New York Medico-Surgical societies and the Society of Alumni of City Hospital; of the New York Yacht Cluh, the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club and the Manhattan Club.

In 1890 Doctor Kalish created a stir in medical and ophthalmological circles hy several papers advocating a method of checking the progress and causing the absorption of immature cataract, a method in which he firmly helieved.

Doctor Kalish was a son of Joseph and Johanna Benas Kalish; he was horn in New York City on June 20, 1854, and he died in this city of myocardial disease on his brithday, June 20, 1921, aged sixty-seven years. He never married, and he is survived hy a sister, Miss Anna Kalish, who lived with him.

HENRY HERMAN

House Physician on the Third Medical Division from October, 1884, till April, 1885. A.B., of the College of the City of New York, 1879, and M.D., of the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1883.

The Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital was organized with two purposes in view—one scientific. the other social; the spirit of good-fellowship and confraternity was to he as prominent in its make-up as scientific dissertation. Doctor Herman was one of the moving spirits in its inception somewhat over a year after he left the hospital. He had not heen long on the house staff hefore he was nicknamed "The Judge," presumably hecause of an air of authority he quizzically assumed and, perhaps, the swarthy zygomaxillary whiskers which, for a short while he cultivated, deepened the illusion. Herman was always within reach whether the discussion was convivial or controversial—he could make a digest of anything. He well knew the Junior's place in the hospital economy and he made it easy for the Junior to keep it for he, bimself, had heen one. He was open-handed, a shrewd observer and good in diagnosis. So it followed that Doctor Herman was elected the first president of the young organization. He contributed frequently to the scientific programme for a number of years and he always attended the reunions.

Doctor Herman made no hospital connections and he joined few societies. He as a member of the American Medical Association. He devoted himself to his family practice which was large and very loyal to him, and notwithstanding the fact that for several years he was a sufferer from pulmonary comphysema, he was a busy doctor.

In July, 1921, shortly after he had gone to his summer home at Long Branch, New Jersey, he developed pneumonia and in three days, on July 12th, he unexpectedly died. He was sixty-one years old and was horn in New York, November 15, 1860. He married Miss Elinore Wise who, with his son, Mr. Henry Herman, survives him.

CHARLES ELIHU QUIMBY

Doctor Quimhy was House Surgeon on the Second (now the First) Surgical Division from April till Octoher, 1879; his Senior Assistant was William C. Gorgas and his Junior, Silas P. Leveridge. He seems to have had no further chirurgical aspirations. When he left the hospital he hetook himself to a place called Great Falls, near Somersworth, New Hampshire, and practiced there for two years returning to New York in 1882. Here he remained. In 1884 he hecame associated with Doctor Alfred L. Loomis, who was then professor of medicine in the New York University, and he served as quizmaster, lecturer, assistant and then adjunct professor, successively, under Professor Loomis until the latter's death in 1895, when Doctor Quimhy was made clinical professor of medicine, a position held at his death. He was Attending Physician in Diseases of the Heart and Lungs in the University Dispensary and the Bellevue Out-Patient Department for ten or more years, Assistant Visiting Physician, Second Division, from 1888 till 1895 and Visiting Physician to Charity (City) Hospital since 1895.

Born in New Ipswich, New Hampshire, on June 21, 1853, Charles E. Quimhy was the elder son of Elihu Thayer Quimhy and Nancy A. (Cutler) Quimhy. His father was principal of the Appleton Academy in that town and young Quimby was prepared for college there and, his father having heen appointed professor of mathematics at Dartmouth College, in private schools in Hanover, and at the Norwich Academy.

Doctor Quimby graduated in arts in 1874 at Dartmouth, and went to Gardner, Massachusetts, as principal of the high school. He began the study of medicine in Hanover, N. H., under Doctor A. B. Croshy, took his A.M. in 1877 and in 1878 came to New York to complete his medical course at New York University receiving his diploma the same year.

He married in 1881 Miss Julia M. Cobb of Hanover. They had two children, Miss Aldana Ripley Quimby and Miss Dorothy Marian Quimby, who with their

mother survive him. He died in New York of cerebral hemorrhage on November 6,

1921, aged sixty-eight years.

Doctor Quimby joined this Society in 1895 and was elected president in 1899. His precise, positive manner of speaking and his respect for the rules of logic, his appeals for the application of pure science were entertaining features of his papers. An example of his style is the following from a thesis he presented to the Society in 1899 on "Logical Analysis in Therapeutics"—"My plea, then, is not for more knowledge, but simply for a more scientific and exhaustive analysis of the facts in hand, to the end that our clinical therapeutics may keep pace, non de nomine, sed de facto, with abstract scientific investigation, and thereby unqualifiedly merit that laurel crown which should be reserved for and bestowed only upon manifest power to control disease and relieve suffering." His liking for physics was perhaps a reason why he was attracted so much by the pneumatic cabinet; he was an ardent advocate of the cabinet in the "treatment of thoracic diseases" and the arrest of pulmonary haemorrhage.

He was a member of the American Medical and the American Climatological Associations and president of the latter in 1909; he was also a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity and club and the New York University Club and a trustee of the Mary Hitchcock Memorial Hospital

of Hanover, New Hampshire.





BELLEVUE CHRONICLES

1714 March 24. The Common Council of the City of New York appointed a "Committee to Consult with the Mayor about the building of A poor house and house of Correction in this City and that they Consider of A Convenient place to Erect the same, of the Demensions and Materialls and of ways & Means for Raising A fund for the Compleating thereof & make Report thereof to the Next Common Council."

(Nothing further is to be found in the minutes regarding this till twenty years after.)

1734 "Att A Common Council held at the City Hall of the Said City on friday the twentieth day of December Anno Dom 1734.

WHEREAS the Necessity, Number and Continual Increase of the Poor within this City is very great and Exceeding burthensome of the Inhabitants thereof for want

of a Workhouse and House of Correction AND

WHEREAS there is not yet any Provision made for the Relief and setting on Work of Poor Needy Persons and Idle Wandring Vagabonds, Sturdy Beggars and Others, who frequently Committ divers misdemeanors within the Said City, who living Idly and unimployed, become debauched and Instructed in the Practice of Thievery and Debauchery for Remedy whereof, it is unanimously Agreed by this Court and RESOLVED that there be forthwith built, Erected and Made at the Charge of this Corporation A good, Strong and Convenient House and Tenement, upon part of the unimproved Lands of this Corporation," (near the site of the present City Hall) "And that be a Committee to lay out a Convenient piece of Land there, for that use, large Enough to Erect Additional Buildings thereupon, for Workhouse and Other Conveniencys, if Occasion Require, and for Needful Yardroom and Garden; and Cause the Surveyors of this City to make a Draft thereof. That the House and Tenement to be built thereupon be of the Demensions following (Vizt.) fifty Six foot long, twenty four foot wide from Outside to Outside, two Stories high, with A good Cellar, all of Stone and the Same to be divided into Such and so many Rooms as the Said Committee shall direct. AND that the said Committee in the Name and for the use of this Corporation, do Agree

and contract for Timber, Stone and Other Materialls, and Workmen and Labourers for the Speedy Carrying on of the Said Building assoon as the season of the year will permit which said Building shall be Called the Publick Workhouse and House of Correction of the Said City, and Imployed and Appropriated for that use; and that the same Committee do make their Report to this Court of their proceedings therein with all Convenient Expedition."

Moreover, We report it as our opinion, that the upper Room at the West End of the said House be suitably furnished for an Infirmary and for no other Use whatso-

ever:"

(In this room and at this time Bellevue Hospital had its beginning. Doctor John Van Beuren, a graduate of the University of Leyden, had charge of the sick in the infirmary at an annual salary of £100. He served till 1755.)

- 1739 May 15. A Committee was ordered "to make an additional Building at the Poorhouse of this City for A Receptacle and Conveniency of Such unhappy Poor as are or shall be Visited with any Malignant or Obnoxious disease, in such manner as they shall see most Needfull and Convenient for the purposes Aforesaid."
- 1753 A gay poorhouse—October: arrival of "His Excellency Sr Danvers Osborn Baronet Capt General and Governour in Chief of the Province of New York and the Territories thereon Depending in America and Vice Admirall of the same."

A committee was ordered to "Invite the Councill, Such members of the Assembly as shall be in Town, the Capt. of the Mann of Warr with Such Gentlemen as Came over with him," etc., etc., "to Dine with his Excellency Sir Danvers Osborn Baronet to-morrow (October 10) at the

house of George Burns near the Long Bridge in this City, and that the said Committee Do forthwith Give orders for preparing the said Dinner Agreable to the Occasion, also ORDERED that the said Committee Cause a Bonfire to be made in the Commons Near the Work house and Procure three Dozen of Wine to be sent to the said fire, that the City Hall, the Alms house and the fferry house be Illuminated, that half a Barrell of Cannon powder be provided by the said Committee to Discharge Some Cannon that Lay in the Commons, near the Bonfire, and that the Expence of all which be paid by this Corporation."

- 1755 Doctor Van Beuren was succeeded by his youngest son Beekman Van Beuren.
- 1766 A new building was added as an enlargement of the poorhouse.
- 1776 The inmates were transferred to Poughkeepsie where they remained until after the peace of 1783. After the great fire of September 21st about 300 destitute were received into the almshouse.
- 1783 Several outbuildings were added to accommodate the poor together with those returned from up the river.
- A census taken on November 14, showed a total of 301 1785 inmates.
- The Belle Vue place of about 5 acres on the East River "opposite the three mile stone" belonging to Mr. Brock-1794 holst Livingston was purchased for use as a quarantine hospital for yellow fever cases.

The Legislature granted authority to the Common Council to raise £10,000 by means of a public lottery in order to procure funds to build a new almshouse.

- 1795 Belle Vue place used as a pest house in charge of Dr. John McFarlane acting under the authority of the Commissioner of Health.
- A new Workhouse and Almshouse opened on the north 1796 side of Chambers Street with 622 inmates. It was three stories high 260 x 44 feet with projections 15 x 30 feet.
- 1797 Old poorhouse demolished. (The present City Hall was built on its site in 1811.)





ANNO AETATIS 107

Belle Vue again used as a fever hospital under Dr. Isaac 1798 S. Douglass who, after his experience here, declared it as his opinion that yellow fever is a non-contagious disease. In six months 389 patients were cared for; there were 16 nurses.

Board of Almshouse Commissioners supersedes the Mayor, Recorder and Committee of the Common Council.

- 1801 Dr. William McIntosh began a service of five years as "physician, surgeon, accoucheur and apothecary."
- 1804 Lectures on the obstetric art were given in the lying-in ward of the Almshouse to women exclusively.
- Census of the infirmary: 166 patients and 22 nurses. 1809
- 1810 Two resident physicians in charge.
- Negotiations looking toward a site for a new and still larger 1811 Workhouse and Almshouse culminated in the purchase of part of the Kip's Bay Farm consisting of a little over 6 acres adjoining on the north the Belle Vue Hospital place, for \$22,494,50.

Corner stone laid by Mayor De Witt Clinton on July 29. It lies on the south-east corner of the chapel. The architect was Alderman William Hoghland.

1814 An additional purchase was made on the north boundary of the new plot for \$3,000.

1816 New buildings completed and opened on April 29, at noon; the chaplain, the Rev. John Stanford, officiating.

The hospital was housed in two brick buildings, 75 by

25 feet; one was used for male and one for female patients. These buildings were situated, one on the south side of 28th Street and the other on the north side of 26th Street just west of First Avenue, with the Workhouse and the penitentiary buildings between them; the main building just east of the Avenue being the Almshouse proper. The old building in Chambers Street was rented to Scudder's Museum.

1817 Census showed over 200 patients in hospital. Staff reorganized: two visiting physicians and surgeons and two internes appointed.

Additional purchase made of part of the Rose Hill Farm for \$1000 so that the plot extended from Second Avenue to the river and from 28th Street to 26th Street. It was surrounded by a stone wall 10 feet high. Total cost complete, \$422,109.56.

First epidemic of typhus fever in the Belle Vue Establish-

- New fever hospital at Hallett's Point placed in charge of 1819 the Belle Vue physicians who also assert their belief in the non-contagiousness of yellow fever.
- 1823 Purchase of still another part of the Rose Hill Farm at foot of 23rd Street for \$2,500 upon which to build a fever hospital.
- Doctor Belden of the house staff died in the hospital of 1825 typhus fever which prevailed in epidemic form. There were 14 cases among the officials with 5 or 6 deaths. Opening of the new building. It was situated on an elevation on the river front; was of stone, four stories high, 180 x 50 feet. The insane were placed in the two lower floors and the infectious fever cases in the fourth floor.

The infirmary was removed from the two brick pavilions to the south end of the Workhouse building, and the pavilions were given over to children and nurses.

A committee of medical men, appointed by the Common Council, advised that the hospital be separated from the rest of the establishment.

Staff was reorganized. Resident physician appointed in

place of the Visiting; he was assisted by two internes.

- Hospital census, 233 patients. Typhus fever rife. 1827
- Blackwell's Island was purchased for \$32,000 and a new 1828 penitentiary begun.
- Asiatic cholera first appeared. There were 2,000 cases with 1832 600 deaths in Bellevue.
- 1834 Asiatic cholera again rampant.
- 1836 The male prisoners were transferred to the new penitentiary on Blackwell's Island.
- An amphitheatre for clinical lectures was suggested. 1837 Hospital census, 265 patients.

- 1838 The female prisoners were removed to the Tombs prison which had just been completed.
- 1839 The insane were transferred to the new asylum on Blackwell's Island, leaving only the almshouse still at Bellevue.
- The resident physician's salary was \$1500; the nurse receiving \$100, the chaplain, \$600.
 In the nine months ending in April there were 1584 discharges and 364 deaths, 342 patients remaining; there were 109 maternity cases and 11 cases of purperal fever.
- 1845 Sale by auction of about 12 acres of the grounds and Bellevue was thereby restricted to the ground between 26th and 28th Streets east of First Avenue.
- 1846 Typhus fever became epidemic and caused another death on the staff—Lawrence.

Census of 500 patients.

Six assistant physicians served each for one year on a rotation of services of two months—viz., 1st, Phthisis and Chronic cases; 2d, Ulcers; 3d, Lying-in; 4th, Penitentiary and Small Pox (on the Island); 5th, Acute Diseases; 6th, Surgical cases.

1847 Typhus fever again prevailed causing two deaths on the staff: Porter and Van Bueren. The Resident estimated that there had been 1995 fever cases in 7 months with 347 deaths. Several doctors volunteered to live in the hospital and did so.

Hospital census, 309 patients.

- 1848 Seven deaths on the staff from typhus: Beals, Blakeman, Cahoon, Hedges, Green, Seligman and Worth.

 Almshouse building at last vacated and the inmates removed to the island. The hospital was then transferred to the main building.
- 1849 Board of ten Governors of the Almshouse Department, chosen at general election, supersedes the Commissioner.

 Medical Board of Consulting and Visiting Physicians and

Surgeons appointed.

The first amphitheatre arranged and on Friday, March 2, at 1 p. m., it was opened with an address by the Resident Physician; a clinical lecture was given by Doctor William H. Van Buren and the operation of lithotomy performed.

The office of Resident Physician was abolished.

First competitive examination for appointments on the House Staff took place in December: three medical and two surgical divisions were established.

Total number of cases treated, 3711; total deaths, 483.

1851 Deaths of Gridley and Ravenhill of the house staff from typhus fever.

Typhus fever, cholera, puerperal fever and erysipelas were

prevalent from 1851 to 1854.

1852 A regular diploma was first issued to members of the house staff in October of this year; from April, 1850 till October, 1852, a certificate of service was given. Total deaths from typhus fever, 122—over 19% of the total mortality.

mortanty.

1855 Hospital greatly over crowded, patients placed in the garrets, in the basement and even in a room over the cook house.

The north wing along 28th Street built to height of four stories at a cost of \$60,000. It was opened April 23.

Deaths from puerperal fever averaged 10 a year for the

past six years—the deliveries averaged 210.

The almshouse building in Chambers Street was destroyed

The almshouse building in Chambers Street was destroyed by fire.

- 1856 A fourth story was added to the main building and a new amphitheatre built to accommodate 600.

 The Fourth Medical Division was organized.

 A certificate of attendance was issued to students by the Medical Board.
- 1857 Completion of a new Pathological building and the Wood's Pathological Museum.

 A course of clinical lectures inaugurated.
- 1859 The Third Surgical Division was established.
- 1860 Board of Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction supersedes the Governors.

 Death of Richards of the house staff from typhlitis.
- 1861 Typhus fever epidemic.
 The Medical College incorporated and the building erected in the hospital inclosure.

1863 Deaths of three of the house staff from typhus fever: Cook, King and Olmsted.

Certificate to students discontinued.

Opening of Bureau for the Relief of the Out-Door Poor in ground floor of the college building.

- Three more deaths from typhus fever on the house staff: 1864 Rowe, Devlin and Dewey. In the two years there were 14 cases out of 21 members with 6 deaths.
- 1866 Death of Zabriskie from typhus and of Pell from Asiatic cholera.

Reorganization of the Island Services; the Island Hospital named the Charity Hospital and placed under a separate medical board.

Fourth Medical Division discontinued.

- 1869 The first city ambulance service in the world organized at Bellevue in June by Col. E. B. Dalton of the staff of 1859. Relapsing fever appeared: six members of the staff became sick: all recovered.
- 1870 Pavilion opened for compound fracture cases to segregate them from cases of suppuration and ervsipelas. Puerperal fever severe with 33 deaths from this disease. In this year there were 598 births.
- 1871 New amphitheatre built.
- Committee of Medical Board formed to consider the prevalence of erysipelas and pyaemia in the hospital.
- Public clamor for the removal of the hospital as being totally unfit to house the sick.

The number of beds were reduced from 900 to 600, allow-

ing 1280 cubic feet of air to each patient.

Establishment of the "New York Training School for Nurses attached to Bellevue Hospital," the first in this country.

Puerperal fever very severe, there being 31 deaths in 166 cases of confinement in six months.

Obstetrical service removed to the Island.

The Fourth Medical Division re-established and the Fourth Surgical Division organized.

- 1877 The Emergency Hospital opened for the reception of acute obstetrical cases and attached to the Bellevue service.
- 1879 Erection of the Sturges pavilion, the gift of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Osborn.

 Opening of the Pavilion for the Insane.

 Death of Williams of the house staff from encephalitis.

 December 6, 11 p. m. Fire destroyed a wooden pavilion comprising two wards for women and children and caused a loss of four lives.
- 1880 Death of Hunt of the house staff from diphtheria.
- 1881 Death of Hammond from septicaemia.
- 1882 Services of the hospital were allotted severally to the faculties of each of the three medical schools of the city and one, the Fourth, was restricted to noncollegiate appointments.

 Death of Young of the house staff from septicaemia.

 Resident physician appointed to the Pavilion for the Insane.
- 1883 Erection of the Marquand Pavilion, the gift of F. & H. Marquand, on the site of the pavilion which was burned in 1879.
- 1884 Death of Hubbard from typhoid fever.
- 1885 Opening of Gouverneur Hospital.
- 1886 The Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital organized.
- 1887 Erection of the Townsend pavilion, the gift of Mrs. R. H. L. Townsend.

 Opening of the building for the General Drug Department to supply most of the municipal hospitals and prisons.

 Harlem Hospital opened.
- 1888 The Mills' Training School for Male Nurses established, the money for which was presented by Mr. D. O. Mills.
- 1890 A new amphitheatre built, together with the Crane operating room; the latter in memory of Doctor John J. Crane, a gift from his daughter, Mrs. Mary Crane Mills.

 The first reunion and banquet of Bellevue men was held

in April; 166 former members of house staff attended.

The Dehon Annex built by Miss M. H. Dehon.

- A suite of four rooms, a gift from Miss Lazarus to the Alumnae Society of the Training School, was built over the 1892 Marquand pavilion to be used as an infirmary. Opening of a pavilion for alcoholic patients. Fordham Hospital established.
- 1896 Installation of a house system of telephones.
- 1901 Death of Hess from scarlet fever.
- 1902 Department of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, established and placed under the direction of a Board of Trustees appointed by the Mayor.

Board urges the necessity for an entirely new Bellevue

Hospital.

Death of Ryan from acute tuberculosis.

The Mills' School placed in the jurisdiction of the Training School for Women Nurses.

Board of Estimate and Apportionment appropriates \$75,000 1903 for plans and specifications for a new Bellevue.

Adoption of a new system of taking and caring for clinical records; record department opened in the remodeled college building and placed under the supervision of a Committee on Clinical Records.

- 1904 A Director of Pathological Laboratories appointed having supervision of all laboratories of the Department. Office of Dietitian established.
- 1905 General Medical Superintendent installed.
- 1906 Purchase of ground for a new Nurses' Residence between 25th and 26th Streets at a cost of \$244,000. City appropriates \$628,000 for the building.

 The Bureau for Social Service and Convalescent Relief
 Work organized by Miss Mary E. Wadley, Bellevue, 1884,

with offices in the Dormitory (College) building.

1907 Title acquired to the block north of the hospital at a cost of \$1,664,658.54. This acquisition with the bulk-head line extended 200 feet, will increase by 75% the present site.

Opening of new Harlem and Fordham Hospitals. The

nursing staff of both of these hospitals is placed under jurisdiction of Bellevue Training School.

The House-keeping Department, Distribution of Medical and Surgical Supplies, Relief Work and District Nursing placed in care of the Training School for Nurses.

The Society of Alumni established two annual prizes of \$100 each which may be awarded to members of the house staff for papers based on observations and studies made in the hospital and presented within one year of the termination of their interneships.

1908 Opening of Pavilions A and B of the new hospital plan with 430 beds for medical and obstetrical cases.

Emergency Hospital closed and the obstetrical service

placed in the new pavilions.

Tuberculosis Day-Camp opened on old ferryboat "Southfield," which was remodeled and moored at the bulkhead.

A Clinic for Diseases of the Mind and a Dental Clinic

established

- 1909 Opening of the new Nurses' Residence. Regular fire drills instituted.
- 1910 Resident physicians appointed in charge of the alcoholic and children's services respectively, the internes serving as

Bellevue Hospital Annual Census, 38,972; including 3,399

insane.

1911 Substitution of women nurses for men nurses in all wards. Mills' School to be used for the education of trained orderlies.

School for education of midwives opened in the old

Emergency Hospital building.

The new Pathological Pavilion completed and opened. Completion of new Laundry and Boiler House and Coal Pockets.

Work begun on the surgical section of the new hospital.

Pavilions L. and M.

Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the founding of The Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital celebrated on February 28 by re-union at the hospital, a Tea given by the nurses at their Residence and a Banquet at Delmonico's which was attended by 239 alumni. See Year-Book for 1912.

1912 Construction work begun on new Pavilions, I and K. Completion and equipment of the new Laundry and a manager appointed at a salary of \$1,200 per annum.

Opening of a Library in the Pathological Building available to physicians in good standing and to medical students.

Appointment of two Resident Assistant Pathologists without salary.

Capacity of Hospital: 1,290 beds; men, 644; women, 466;

children, 160. Members Visiting Staff, 98; Housestaff, 67; Nurses (average) 299; Officers and Employees (average) 619.

1913	Census	Total	Male	Female
	Patients in hospital, Jan. 1	1.080	738	342
	Patients admitted, Medical		17,430	11,748
	Patients admitted, Surgical		8,428	1,998
	Births		343	349
	Total	41,376	26,939	14,437
		•		
	Discharged		24,223	12,876
	Died		2,018	1,147
	Remaining, Dec. 31	1,112	698	414
	Total	41,376	26,939	14,437
	Total number operations, Surgical,			
	Gynæcological and Obstetrical	4,561		
	Total days' treatment	459,441	288,228	171,213
	Average, per patient	11.10	10.69	11.85
	Average treated daily		787	468
	Largest day (Apr. 19)		796	495
	Smallest day (Oct. 4)		620	372
	Total expenses\$834			
	Cost per patient per day			
	X-Ray Examinations	Total	$Med\cdot$	Sur
	Patients examined	4.409	1,000	3,409
	Plates made	/_ i _	1,525	5,612

Appointment of Dr. George O'Hanlon as General Medical Superintendent of the Department of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals with headquarters at Bellevue, he having served as Acting Superintendent for some time. Resident Dental Interne who serves for one year.

Total number cases discharged during the year 36,866; deaths, 3252; autopsies, 546.

Appointment of women graduates in medicine as members of the House Staff, began on July 1.

Appointment of First Assistant Medical Superintendent,

Dr. Mark L. Fleming.

1915 Opening of the New Morgue in the Pathological Building.
Gynæcological services and genito-urinary services of the
several divisions consolidated and attached respectively to the
3rd and 2nd Divisions.

Children's Surgical Services consolidated and attached to

the 4th Division.

A ruling of the Fire Department made necessary the removal of patients from the upper floor of the old building; these wards and the old rooms of the house staff were made over for demonstrating rooms and quarters for probationer nurses.

1916 Opening of Pavilions L and M containing general surgical wards and quarters for the interne staff and I and K for gynæcological, ear, nose and throat and eye services and

X-Ray department.

Reorganization completed: Ear, Nose and Throat, Tuberculosis and Children's Medical to the First Division; Urology and Neurology and half of the Obstetrical to the Second; Gynæcology, Dermatology, Orthopaedics and half of Obstetrics to the Third. Ophthalmology and Children's Surgical to the Fourth Division.

Restrictions on Fourth Division (noncollegiate) removed so that members of visiting staff may accept teaching ap-

pointments.

New X-Ray equipment cost \$22,500 making this one of the finest plants in the country; department transferred to Pavilions I and K.

Organization begun of a Red Cross Hospital Unit.

Appointment of Miss Amy M. Hilliard, a graduate of St. Luke's Training School and Inspector of Nurse Training Schools in the State of New York, to be General Superintendent of Nurses, Miss Noyes having been appointed Director of the Bureau of Nursing, American Red Cross, under Miss Delano.

1917 Organization completed of the Bellevue Unit, "Base Hospital No. 1."

Granting of indefinite leave of absence without pay to nurses and employees so that they might join up with this and other hospital units.

At request of Surgeon General of the Army courses were

begun in military medicine and surgery and radiology.

Certain surgical supplies used in 1917 after an economical effort: dressing gauze, 461,764 yards (over 262 miles); bandage gauze, 111,759 yards (over 63 miles); muslin, 31,343 yards (over 17 miles); absorbent cotton, 5,870 lbs.; non-absorbent cotton, 6,186 lbs.; adhesive plaster, 12,825 yards.

1918 House staff reorganized on a one-year basis for duration of the war; affects diplomas dated in 1917, 1918, 1919 and 1920.

Bellevue receives a legacy of \$10,000 by the will of William Washington Cole, Esquire, for the establishment of a convalescent ward with which the Trustees propose to construct a roof-ward, when building conditions become normal, to be called the Cole Convalescent Ward.

Doctor Douglas Symmers, M.D., Jefferson, '01, appointed Director of Laboratories, vice Doctor Charles Norris, resigned

to become Medical Examiner of the city-

Vassar College opened a summer preparatory course for college women to enter hospital training and co-operation was established between the Bellevue Training School and Vassar Camp.

Influenza epidemic: admission of surgical cases limited to urgent cases and the Eye Wards closed to that service and used for influenza cases. Restrictions of visitors to cases seriously sick. Volunteer workers assigned to various parts of the hospital to lighten demands on the nurses. Offer from Red Cross Motor Corps and National League of Women's Service to do ambulance duty accepted.

Medical wards working to three times their normal capacity; many ward maids and helpers from the surgical side

declined to go into the medical wards.

Three deaths on the house staff: Pennington, Lubin and Siff. One hundred and seventy nurses took the disease of whom ten died, including two affiliating nurses: Miss Florence E. Walsh, in charge of Ward M4 and Agnes Lounsberry, affiliating student. Some members of the consulting staff returned for duty on replacing those of the visiting staff away on military service.

Statistics for 1917 contrasted with 1918:

	1917		
	Total	Discharges	Deaths
Influenza	189	189	0
Broncho-pneumonia		107	86
Lobar pneumonia		681	373
Acute bronchitis		338	2
Grand total	1,776	1,315	461
	1918		
Influenza	2,535	2,065	470
Broncho-pneumonia	864	323	541
Lobar pneumonia		728	497
Acute bronchitis	624	616	8
Grand total	5,248	3,732	1,516

- 1919 Death of Doctor Abraham Jacobi on July 10th in his 91st year; appointed Visiting Physician on the First Division in 1874; Consulting Physician about 1900.
- 1920 Miss Brink appointed General Superintendent of Training Schools in March vice Miss Hilliard, resigned. Doctor O'Hanlon elected President of the American Hospital

Association.

Death on August 22nd of Doctor Florence, Junior on the First Medical, of pneumonia.

Death of Miss Brink on December 10th,

1921 Miss Katherine de Long appointed General Superintendent of Training Schools to succeed Miss Brink. Miss de Long is a graduate of Johns Hopkins Training School and had filled several executive positions in that hospital before she came to Bellevue to take charge of the nurses' residence in 1912. During the war Miss de Long went abroad with the American Red Cross Italian Commission as second in charge, Miss Shaw of the Bellevue Social Service being chief. Miss de Long organized the Red Cross hospitals at Rome and at Milan. Her assistant superintendents at Bellevue are: Miss Minnie M. Allen, Bellevue, 1910 and Miss Dorothy L. Hanneman, 1902, who both served under Miss Brink. The supervisor of the school for male attendants is Miss Margaret Maloney.

Abrogation of war-time rule curtailing "full-time" interne

Second Assistant Superintendent under Doctor O'Hanlon is Doctor John J. Hill and the Night Assistant Superintendent

is Mr. John F. McHale.

Oscar G. Mason, medical and surgical photographer at Bellevue since 1856 when he was appointed on the recommendation of Doctor Stephen Smith, died of pneumonia in ward B6 in his 92nd year.

THOSE WHO DIED WHILE ON DUTY IN THE HOSPITAL

Of all infectious diseases it is typhus fever that has caused the most havoc among the house staff in Bellevue and at a time when the nature of the causes of these infections was unknown or how the infection spread it demanded heroism of the highest order to live there with it.

The first epidemic appeared in the hospital in 1818 but no officer succumbed to it. Early in 1825 typhus fever appeared again and in the month of April a committee was sent by the Common Council to report on the conditions prevailing in the hospital. The young house physician, then ill with the disease, left his bed to receive the committee at the door—the next day but one he died of typhus. This young man was Doctor Belden, the first to give up his life.

"Not once or twice in our (old Bellevue) story
The path of duty was the way to glory."

1825

BELDEN

House Physician. Dicd of typhus fever in April.

1846

JOHN JAMES LAWRENCE

Acting Assistant Resident Physician.

Student in the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Volunteered.

Died of typhus fever on August 15th, aged 21 years.

1847

HENRY WILLIAM PORTER

Assistant Resident Physician.

A.B., Williams, 1842, M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1846.

Died of typhus fever early in 1847, aged 34 years.

AUGUSTUS VAN BUREN

Assistant Resident Physician.
M.D., New York University, 1846. Born in Ulster County, N. Y.
Died of typhus fever on May 18th, aged 23 years.

1848

GORHAM BEALS

Assistant Resident Physician.
A.B., Union, 1842, M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1845.
Born in Canandaigua, N. Y. Died of typhus fever on January 9th, aged 28 years.

WILLIAM RUFUS BLAKEMAN

Assistant Resident Physician. M.D., Yale, 1847. Born in Fairfield, Conn. Died of typhus fever.

WILLIAM WIRT CAHOON

Assistant Resident Physician.

A.B.; M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1848. Born in Vermont.

Died of typhus fever in August.

ENOCH GREEN

Acting Assistant Resident Physician,
Student at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Volunteered.
Died of typhus fever.

ELIHU T. HEDGES

Acting Assistant Resident Physician.

Student at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Volunteered.

Died of typhus fever.

DAVID SELIGMAN

Acting Assistant Resident Physician.

Student at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Volunteered.

Born on Long Island, N. Y. Died of typhus fever.

SIDNEY B. WORTH

Acting Assistant Resident Physician.

A.B., Union, 1839. Student at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Volunteered.

Died of typhus fever.

1851

HORATIO WELLS GRIDLEY

House Physician 1st Medical Division.

A.B., Yale, 1847, A.M., 1850, M.D., 1850. Died of typhus fever in March.

LEFROY RAVENHILL

House Physician 3rd Medical Division.

Classical School, College of Toronto, 1836, A.B., Columbia, 1845, A.M., 1849,

M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1849. Librarian of Columbia

College, 1847 to 1851. Born in Newry, Ireland.

Died of typhus fever on May 24th, aged 26 years.

1860

JOSEPH B. RICHARDS

Senior Assistant Medical Division.

M.D., College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1859. Born in Oneida County, N. Y.

Died of rupture of the vermiform appendix on June 4th, aged 24 years.

1863

HENRY WHITE COOK

Senior Assistant 2nd Medical Division. M.D., Columbia, 1862. Born in West Hampton, Mass. Died of typhus fever on March 17th, aged 26 years.

WILLIAM HEBRON KING

House Physician 2nd Medical Division.

M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1862. Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S.A.,
March, 1863. Born in South Egremont, Mass. Died of typhus fever on March 21st.

GEORGE HERSCHEL OLMSTED

House Physician 1st Medical Division.

Sodus (N. Y.) Academy, 1857, M.D., Columbia, 1862. Acting Assistant Surgeon,
U. S. A. 1861. Died of typhus fever on December 16th, aged 29 years.

1864

EUGENE O. ROWE

Junior Assistant 3rd Surgical Division.

M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1864. Born in New York City.

Died of typbus fever on January 12th, aged 22 years.

HENRY JOSEPH DEVLIN

Senior Assistant 1st Medical Division.

M.D., Columbia, 1864. Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. A., 1863. Born in New
York City. Died of typhus fever on April 5tb, aged 25 yesss.

GEORGE CLINTON DEWEY

Senior Assistant 4th Medical Division.
A.B., Williams, 1860., A.M., 1863, M.D., Columbia, 1863. Born in Northampton,
Mass. Died of typhus fever on April 17th, aged 23 years.

1866

LEMAIRE ZABRISKIE

Senior Assistant 2nd Surgical Division.

A.B., New York Free Academy (C.C.N.Y.), 1863, M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1866. Died of typhus fever on March 29th, aged 22 years.

RICHARD VARICK PELL

Senior Assistant 1st Surgical Division.

A.B., Columbia, 1862, M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1865. Born in
Bergen County, N. J. Died of Asiatic cholera on August 22nd, aged 23 years

1879

SETH WESTON WILLIAMS

Senior Assistant 3rd Medical Division.

A.B., Yale, 1873, M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1876, Craduate in German classics. University of Heidelberg, 1877, Berlin, 1877, General Hospital, Vienna, 1877. Born in Nashua, N. H. Died of acute encephalitis on September 20th, aged 30 years.

1880

EBEN HUNT

Junior Assistant 1st Medical Division.

A.B., Dartmouth, 1870, M.D., New York University, 1879. Professor of Ancient Languages at Yonkers Academy, 1870 to 1873, Lecturer on Chemistry at Chester Military Academy, 1873 to 1877, Instructor in Greek at New York University, 1877 to 1879.

Born in New Hampshire. Died of diphtheria on September 3rd, aged 35 years.

1881

GEORGE HENRY HAMMOND

Junior Assistant 2nd Surgical Division.

A.B., Wesleyan, 1877, M.D., Yale, 1879, New York University, 1880.
Died of septicemia on May 18th, aged 25 years.
(erroneously inscribed, John Henry Hammond on the memorial tablet.)

1882

JOHN HENRY WEIR YOUNG

Junior Assistant 3rd Medical Division.

Academic courses in Germany and at Coleraine, Ireland; Graduate Peekskill Military Academy, Putnam County State Scholar in Cornell; B.S., Cornell, 1879, M.D., University of Penusylvania, 1881. Born in Philadelphia. Died of pyæmia due to autopsy wound on May 3rd, aged 23 years.

1884

WILLIAM HUSTACE HUBBARD

Junior Assistant 4th Medical Division.

A.B., Columbia, 1880, M.D., 1883. Born in New York City. Died of typhoid fever on May 29th, aged 25 years.

1901

RALPH JONES HESS

Junior Assistant 1st Surgical Division.

B.S., Cornell, 1895, M.D., 1900. Appointed for one year term on July 1st, 1900.

Born in Great Valley, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. Died of scarlet fever,
on March 24th, aged 25 years.

1902

LEE RYAN

M.D., University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1900. Born in Kelloggsville, Cayuga County, N. Y. Died on March 14th of acute miliary tuberculosis, aged 23 years.

1918

JOHN AWVILLE PENNINGTON

Junior Assistant 2nd Medical Division.

Graduate of Webb School, Bellbuckle, Tennessee, M.D., University of Tennessee, 1918.

Appointed for one year term on July 20th, 1918. Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A.

Born in Edith. Lauderdale County, Tennessee, January 8th, 1892.

Died of influenza on October 14th, aged 26 years.

COLEMAN SIMPSON SIFF

Junior Assistant 3rd Surgical Division.

Graduate of De Witt Clinton High School. M.D., University and Bellevue Hospital

Medical College, 1918. Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Appointed for one
year term on July 1st, 1918. Born in New York City. Died

of influenza on October 20th, aged 24 years.

EDWARD KENNETH LUBIN

Junior Assistant 3rd Surgical Division.

Graduate of De Witt Clinton High School. M.D., University and Bellevue Hospital

Medical College, 1918. Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Appointed for one
year term on July 1st, 1918. Born in New York City. Died
of influenza on October 26th, aged 24 years.

1920

WILLIAM STEED FLORENCE

A.B., Mercer University, Macon, Ga., 1916, M.D., Columbia, 1920. Born in Lucas, Arkansas. Died of lobar pneumonia and pneumococcic meningitis on August 22nd, aged 23 years.

NURSES

1899

GERTRUDE TOWNSEND

Entered training January 30, 1899.

Graduate of Fulton, N. Y., High School. Boru in Lysander, Onondaga County, N. Y.,

Died of scarlet fever on February 20th, aged 23 years.

1901

BLANCHE L. THOMAS

Entered training December 14, 1899.
Born in Virginia. Died of typhoid fever on December 4th, aged 25 years.

1918

GUDRUN SOLBERG

Entered training March 15, 1915.

Born in Trondhjem, Norway, January 12, 1894.

Died of influenza on April 13th, aged 24 years.

LOUISE TUNSTALL SMITH

Entered training September 23, 1918. Student from Vassar Camp. A.B., Bryn Mawr, 1918. Born in Kiugston, Maryland. Died of influenza on October 11th, aged 23 years.

RUTH RUDGERS DAVIS

Graduate of 1916.

Born in Perry, Wyoming County, N. Y.

Attended High School. On special duty in Bellevue Hospital.

Died of influenza on October 13th, aged 28 years.

ROSABEL MILLER

Entered training September 23, 1918.
Student from Vassar Camp.
A.B., Mount Holyoke, 1917. Born in Brattleboro, Vermont.
Died of influenza on October 18th, aged 24 years.

RUTH A DIETZ

Graduate of 1918.

Assistant Instructor in Practical Nursing.

Born in Schoharie, N. Y. Attended High School.
Died of influenza on October 20th, aged 24 years.

ELLEN O'CONNOR

Entered training January 1, 1915.

Born in Hornellsville, N. Y. Died of influenza on October 20th, aged 29 years.

DORA ELIZABETH CHRISTIANSEN

Probationer nurse.
Ph.B., University of Wisconsin. Born in Neenah, Wis.
Died of influenza on October 24th, aged 34 years.

CECIL BRADSHAW

Entered training September 23, 1918. Student from Vassar Camp. A.B., Vassar, 1918. Born in Redwood Falls, Minnesota. Died of influenza on October 27th, aged 22 years.



THE YEARLY RECORDS I915-1921

THE YEAR 1915

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

By James Sears Waterman

MEMBERS OF THE BELLEVUE ALUMNI AND GUESTS:

The honor of being the President of such a society as that of the Bellevue Alumni is one which I deeply appreciate; the responsibility which it involves I keenly feel, but when that responsibility is coupled with succession to a position so splendidly filled by our much loved Stewart, it becomes not only a responsibility but an embarrassment.

Gentlemen, twenty-five years ago I entered Bellevue Hospital as

an interne, and this is my jubilee.

In passing, I may say that we internes thought we were splendid fellows, no matter what may have been the opinion of the Visiting Staff; at any rate, we were a happy, care-free lot in those days, "When time was yet our vassal, and life's jest was still unstale, and no man knew what dreams were ours, as we tramped the road to anywhere, the magic road to anywhere, such dear dim years ago."

Some of the old crowd are in New York, and we are able to see one another here if no where else; some have found their fields of activity in nearby states; some have turned to other callings,

and some have passed to the great beyond.

The past twenty-five years are said to have been the most extraordinary in the history of our race, and have brought wonderful changes to us in medicine, as in other things, and have stirred the deep currents of life for all of us.

In the last analysis, all life that is significant, that is pregnant with meaning, is inspired by that great love of mankind which

finds its outlet in service to others.

When Crœsus, after exhibiting his treasure to Solon, asked him if he had ever known a happier man than he, Solon replied, in substance, that he had known several men that he thought had greater cause for happiness, because they had spent or given their lives in the service of others.

It is just those words "service to others," that have come ringing down the ages, and which have found such wonderful expression in medicine today, and in the succor, without a parallel in history,

The year 1915

given by America to those so sorely stricken by the Great War.

Two thousand years ago, Christ by His divine touch, sanctified

and gave rare dignity to the healing art.

The practice of medicine should be a vocation, not an avocation, and such we find it among the majority of our profession. A high ideal, an unselfish interest in the welfare of man, a scientific interest in unsolved problems, a willingness to work hard with no reward in sight save an increase in knowledge and ability to help those needing help, an earnest desire to better general health conditions, a broad humanity, mark the physician of today and gives to the practice of medicine a character of which we may well be proud.

With such a working capital, is it a matter of wonder that in the passage of the years we have achieved such results as we are seeing now in this twentieth century, in the scientific and humanitarian

development of our work?

Not only is every large city rich in its well-equipped hospitals and splendid laboratories, but almost every town of moderate size can boast of its own hospital and laboratory where up-to-date methods of diagnosis and treatment can be carried out.

Medical education has been placed upon a far higher plane than formerly. Post-graduate schools have been founded where any branch of special work may be followed as well as in the clinics

of Europe.

Great foundations with unlimited means have been established where advanced study of disease, its cause and its cure is carried on with unsurpassed laboratory facilities, aiming at results unattainable except by the expenditure of large sums of money and the entire time of a corps of scientific workers rendered independent

of monetary cares by sufficient salaries.

Our water supplies are protected from contamination, epidemics are controlled, transmissible diseases are met at quarantine and denied admission and preventive medicine has developed into a great department of its own. Our Department of Health furnishes to all who ask, supplies of vaccine antitoxins and serums without charge, or at a minimum price, making it possible for the poorest

patient to obtain all necessary care.

The great field of vaccines, antitoxins and serums is being cultivated until it looks as though all the micro-organisms would be chained to our chariot wheels, or better, pressed into service and compelled even in death to war against their fellows. Immunization is successfully practised against smallpox, diphtheria, tetanus, cholera and typhoid fever. To such an extent has this been introduced, that from Osler in England and from German sources, we learn that the latter diseases have been but little in evidence among the soldiers in the armies now at war.

May we not also expect similar methods for the immunization of our young people against those scourges of childhood, measles, scarlet fever and whooping cough? When one realizes that before

The year 1915

Jenner's day the adult population of London consisted of those who had survived an attack of smallpox in their childhood, it seems

easily possible.

The sources and carriers of yellow fever, malaria, typhoid fever, typhus, dysentery, sleeping-sickness and bubonic plague have been discovered and epidemics of those diseases controlled. Plague spots, like the Isthmus of Panama, have been transformed into something resembling health resorts where the death rate is unbelievably low.

The hook-worm has been followed to its lair and the zone of its habitat, reaching around the world, has been attacked with such success that whole districts have been converted from a condition of indolent shiftlessness into communities of energetic men and women able and anxious to do their part in the world's work. Incessant warfare is being waged against the Great White Plague

with encouraging results.

Examinations of the blood, twenty-five years ago, were limited ordinarily to a study of the anæmias, malarias and filarias, while today the surgeon operates from the blood count, the internist makes an early diagnosis of a pneumonia in the same way. Typhoid fever has its Widal test, the Wasserman reaction clears up an otherwise obscure case, the diagnosis of early tuberculosis is coming into line from the same study, and so the list rolls up from a field before so limited. Empiricism, that reproach of medical practice, is fast giving place to methods of treatment based on accurate knowledge, and the old order gives way to the new.

Diagnostic metheds undreamed of in our wildest flights of the imagination have become a common place and the roentgen rays search everything but the soul, revealing infected accessory sinuses, diseases of the chest, abdominal abnormalities, stones in the bladder, kidney and ureter, and now even in the gall-bladder. The osseous system can be read like a book and all may study their joint and

fracture cases.

Many so-called rheumatic conditions are recognized as due to infections, and foci are sought in mouth, nose, throat, ear or intestine.

New diseases and the significance of certain conditions are being recognized and arterio-sclerosis and hypertension are having their day. Incidentally with a new understanding of food values, everybody is being placed on a diet

The functions of the ductless glands are becoming known and we are having our experiences with the extracts of the pituitary, the

thyroid, the adrenals and other glands-

New remedies are being produced almost daily; "606" is having its innings, and now we have "twilight sleep." Specifics are being developed and diphtheia goes down before its antitoxin; the gonorrheal joint is no longer treated as a rheumatic affair but with its specific vaccine, while cerebro-spinal meningitis, tetanus and rabies have shown their own large percentage of cures. The bronchoscope, esophagoscope, gastroscope and cystoscope have made possible direct

examination and treatment of internal organs hitherto inaccessible. The administration of general anæsthesia has become such an impotent department that nearly all hospitals have their corps of specialists in the administration of anæsthetics. The many local anæsthetics have rendered the sufferings, horrors and dangers of socalled minor surgical operations things of the past, while their field has been extended to include the spinal anæsthesia and its resultant blessings to those for whom a general anæsthetic is contraindicated.

Anoci-association, one of the great recent important contributions to surgery, blocking the nerve impulses and so preventing postoperative shock, has been received with enthusiasm by an appreciative profession. Of its distinguished author who has recently sailed for Europe and the seat of war, an editorial in a leading daily paper says: "Among the losses which the European war is imposing upon the United States must be counted, and not as a small one, the deprivation which the country suffers by the absence from it, for a considerable period of a man like Dr. George W.

Crile of Cleveland."

Team work has been developed, and we see the specialist working with the surgeon, the internist and general practitioner working toward the common goal of accurate diagnosis and correct treatment. The practice of medicine ceasing to be a one-man job, a sort of jack-of-all-trades proposition, but each man offering of his best.

helping to arrive at a result otherwise unattainable.

In the realm of surgery such rapid strides have been made, such a keen interest has been created, that this may well be called the "age of surgery." With a scalpel in one hand and a hypodermic needle in the other, it has been said that the surgeon is driving his brother, the general practitioner, who claims that he is bearing the

burden and heat of the day, to the wall.

And so we find a pronounced tendency among many of the young men, to yield to the more dramatic and remunerative attractions of the operating room, forgetting or ignoring the fact that the best foundation for the specialist is laid in acquiring an intimate knowledge of diseases, only to be gained by a wide experience in general practice.

As to our future, who shall prophesy? Our young men have heard the cry of the "Red Gods" calling them, and know "there is something lost behind the ranges," and they are seeking it over there in the laboratory, hospital and clinic.

About their findings they will tell us in the coming year, and we shall hope for large dividends from the accumulated stores of wisdom gathered by the older men, for we expect to fill our programs full to overflowing with the rich results of all this work and study.

From the discovery of vaccination against smallpox by Jenner, it is a far cry to a Pasteur, a Lister and the commencement of the present development of our knowledge of the causes of disease-

So recently have these live factors of many diseases been ascertained that it is amazing that already, vaccines, serums and specifics have been developed to control them.

The conviction is forced upon us that the inspiration is superhuman

which has produced results so beneficent.

In all humanity we may say that we are walking with "the gods," and cry with Kipling,

God of our fathers, be with us yet Lest we forget . . .

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PROGRAMMES

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6th, 1915

Address of retiring president. Dr. George D. Stewart.
Installation of President-elect and Standing Committees.
President's address. Dr. James S. Waterman.
Paper of the evening—Tobacco heart. Dr. Harlow Brooks,
(by invitation.)
Discussion by Drs. Samuel A. Brown, Alexander Lambert.

Charles E. Nammack, and Charles E. Quimby.

The Pear 1915

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3rd, 1915

I. Ureteral duplication. (Report of cases). Lantern slide demonstration. Dr. Clarence G. Bandler.

The surgery of the uro-genital tract. From the standpoint of diagnosis and prognosis. Lantern slide demostration. Dr. Joseph F. McCarthy.

Discussion by Drs. John Bentley Squier (by invitation), John Winters Brannan, Robert T. Morris, and John F. Erdmann.

III. Observations on pneumonia in South Africa. Col. W. C. Gorgas, M. D., Surgeon General, U.S.A.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3rd, 1915

I. Presentation of new apparatus. The Etherometer-A new anaesthesia apparatus. Dr. Frederick Montgomery (by invitation).

The Roentgenographic diagnosis of gall stones and chole-

cystitis. Dr. James Taft Pilcher.
Discussion by Drs. I. Seth Hirsch, (by invitation), John F.
Erdmann, Cyrus J. Strong and Thomas A. Smith.

The safe interpretation of roentgenograms of the gall bladder region. Dr. Eugene W. Caldwell (by invitation). Discussion by Drs. Edward Leaming (by invitation), and George M. MacKee (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7th, 1915

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Tuberculosis-Some problems of treatment. Edward S.

Discussion by Drs. John Winters Brannan, and Charles B. Slade. Tuberculosis of bones and joints. Lantern demonstration. Dr. Wisner R. Townsend.

Discussion by Drs. Reginald Sayre, and John Joseph Nutt.

An exhibition of direct color photographs of skin lesions made by the new kodachrome process. Dr. Nathan T. Beers (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5th, 1915

Scientific Session—

Paper:—A psychoanalysis of certain neurotic symptoms. Dr. Clarence P. Oberndorf.

Paper:—Dreams and neurosis. Dr. Horace W. Frink.
Discussion by Drs. James J. Putnam, Havard Medical School (by invitation), Edward D. Fisher, and Thaddeus Ames (by invitation).

The year 1915

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1915

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper:—Some every-day injuries to the eye and what to do for them. Dr. Richard Kalish.

Paper:-Common derangements of the lachrymal drainage ap-

paratus. Dr. J. H. Woodward.

Paper:—Diagnostic points in aural disease for the general practitioner with indications for treatment. Dr. Hugh B. Blackwell. General discussion.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6th, 1915

SCIENTIFIC SESSION—Held in the Amphitheatre of Bellevue Hospital.

- The influence of environment in the treatment of chronic laryngeal stenosis with presentation of cases. Dr. Robert J. Wilson.
- II. A report of nine cases of post-partum sepsis treated by posterior colpotomy and anti-streptococcus gauze. Dr. G. Bolling Lee.
- III. Presentation of surgical cases. Dr. George D. Stewart.
- IV. Report of a case of fatal mercurial poisoning following a vaginal douche. Dr. Eben Foskett.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1915

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

I. The relief of chronic obstructive jaundice by palliative operation. Drs. John F. Erdmann, and Charles Gordon Heyd, (by invitation).

II. Diagnosis of diseases of the thyroid. Dr. Charles H. Mayo,

Rochester, Minn. (by invitation).

Discussion by Drs. George D. Stewart, George Woolsey, and John Rogers.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1915

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers:—I. A study of 115 cases of ectopic gestation on the service of Dr. H. C. Coe, 3rd Gynaecological Division Bellevue Hospital. Dr. Eben Foskett.

Discussion by Drs. H. C. Coe, W. E. Studdiford, and G. D.

Hamlen.

II. Anthrax. A clinical study. Dr. Henry M. Silver.

Discussion by Drs. Charles Norris (by invitation), George D. Stewart, R. A. Kelser (by invitation), Robert B. Anderson, and C. T. Graham-Rogers (by invitation).

The Year 1915

TREASURER'S REPORT

RECEIVED

Bank balance December 31, 1914	49.40 220.00 1,890.00 271.00
	3,664.85

EXPENDED

Yale Club	130.00	
Stereopticon	. 60.00	
Edgar Printing Co	. 595.06	
Funerals, Treasurer, etc.	75.80	
Excess of Income over Expenses	\$2,163.51	\$ 402.89
Balance on hand December 31, 1915		1,501.34

(Signed) ROBERT M. DALEY, Treasurer.

Accounts and Vouchers examined and found correct.

(Signed) RICHARD KALISH, Chairman L. A. ZEREGA DI ZEREGA, LEWIS M. SILVER,

Auditing Committee.

February 11, 1916.

THE YEAR 1916

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

By Robert Justice Wilson

(Owing to an accident Dr. Wilson was unable to deliver his address at the January meeting.)

TOTHE MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY OF ALUMNI OF BELLEVUE HOSPITAL:

The By-Laws of this society provide that the President shall deliver an address at the time of his inauguration, and custom has made it almost obligatory to commence the address with an expression of thanks for the high honor that has been conferred upon him in his election. I knew that this was a great honor and that a great responsibility accompanied it when you elected me, but the greatness of the honor conferred and the magnitude of the responsibility incurred was not appreciated until I began an analysis of the membership of this society and then I knew for the first time, although I have been a member for twenty-three years, what a wonderful influence it can and does exert in the advancement of scientific medicine.

I assume that most of us when we first entered college made up our minds to try to get on the house staff of Bellevue Hospital. This was a goal worthy of our best endeavor. Besides being the largest hospital in New York city, with the greatest diversity of medical and surgical cases, it was also the seat of the greatest number of clinics and its visiting staff represented teachers from all the medical colleges in the city. To gain a place in this hospital then, meant that opportunity would be offered to the continued study of our chosen profession, under the stimulus of a friendly rivalry of division against division, for good results and an attempt to make the best showing possible. Our point of view widened. We no longer took as gospel the teachings of our own school. We sat at the feet of many teachers of many schools and marveled that we once had believed that the teachings and teachers in ours were infallible.

We soon found that this old Hospital was surrounded with traditions, some good, the most good, some bad, and to down the bad ones was more difficult than the competitive examinations that had gained us our places. As Juniors and Seniors we had many humili-

ating trials, our work was hard, our hours long, our encouragement little, except for the opportunity of learning, and this was limitless. And we did learn. We had to. Failure in this respect would have meant, not dismissal but something infinitely worse, the loss of respect of our colleagues and teachers, worse still our own self respect.

Our self-esteem blossomed when we became House and according to tradition and teaching we became self-confident and fearless, and that is why we are what we are. Bellevue Confidence backed by Bellevue Knowledge has never had to fear the final outcome in the fight of life. Self-esterm so evident in a House was soon rubbed down to personal responsibility, when it came in contact with the rough edges of the work of acquiring a practice.

Perhaps the greatest thing we learned in Bellevue was to love it. To love every stick and stone in the old building, to love its tradition, its opportunities, its staff of teachers unequaled in erudition in the medical profession in America. And out of this love sprang this society, started by young men, recent graduates, but soon its swelling membership took in for the same love those very teachers and

preceptors upon whom we used to look with such awe.

What is this society and why does it exist?

The constitution says: First, "The cultivation and advancement of medicine and surgery."

Second, "The promotion of social intercourse among its members." Let us consider the second object first. Once a month we meet Old staffs renew pledges of friendship, live over old traditions, welcome new staffs and keep alive loyalty and love for our alma mater that I have never seen equaled in any society of any kind. May the good old traditions live for ever and may the New Bellevue accept them as a precious legacy to be jealously treasured as the greatest inheritance it can hand down to the future generations of staffs that will graduate from its halls and wards.

How has this society complied with its first object? A long list of valuable contributions to medical literature is its written evidence of promise fulfilled. As long a list of illustrious men in modern

medicine is its personal contribution to medical science.

Who made the Panama Canal possible after the failure of the rcnowned de Lesseps? Our Congress? No! Our Engineers? No! Our Workmen? No! Our Money? No! The earnest, faithful, conscientious, efficient work of a member of this society overcame insanitary conditions that made de Lesseps fail and made it possible that the acts of Congress could be carried out and the engineers prosecute the greatest work of its kind that the world has ever

Have its members made any impress on medical education?

The names of the deans of the Medical Departments of Columbia and Cornell universities and the acting dean of the New York University are on its roster. The teaching staffs of the universities

The Pear 1916

and hospitals of this and other cities number many of our members among them-

Have we contributed our share to the care of public health?

The State Commissioner of Health of New York and the Commissioner and President of the Board of Health of New York City are our members. Very many of our members hold important positions in state and municipal health departments.

Do we assume the burdens of hospital work that our training

demands we should?

The consulting physicians of forty-seven hospitals are members of this society. To enumerate them would sound like reading a list of the hospitals in New York. Seventy hospitals have as attending physicians active members of the society and our non-resident members are visiting physicians to twenty-seven more.

Do we endorse scientific medicine by aligning ourselves with the progressive societies that tend to shape medical laws and rules of

conduct?

Most of our members are members of the county and state medical societies in the commonwealths in which they live. One hundred and fifty are members of the American Medical Association. Ninety-eight are members of the New York Academy of Medicine. Twenty-nine are Fellows of the Association of Clinical Surgeons. Our membership in these societies that so greatly influence the trend of modern medicine in America is proof positive of our position in the advancement of medical science.

In addition to the above mentioned medical organizations our members are affiliated with societies that represent, just as our membership does, almost every phase of medical work.

What a powerful organization!

And what a power for good such an organization can exert in

the medical world.

Fortunately perhaps for us, our constitution limits our activities to the advancement of medicine and surgery and the promotion of social intercourse among our members. We are not a political organization, we are not a business organization, and neither the intrigues of the first nor the worries of the latter ever enter into our considerations.

We are essentially a social organization, a sort of a brotherhood, and here lies our greatest obligation and our greatest opportunity

to fulfill the provisions of our constitution.

We are, or should be, a help-one-another society, not by organized labor methods, but more after the style of let not your right hand know what your left hand doeth. And those to be helped are our young members. Their advancement means that the first object of our existence will be automatically assured, and the means of its accomplishment is through our observation of the second.

The Pear 1916

OFFICERS AND STANDING COMMITTEES

President

ROBERT JUSTICE WILSON

Vice-President

NATHAN STURGES JARVIS

Secretary

HUGH BURKE BLACKWELL 148 West 58th Street

Treasurer

ROBERT MORRIS DALEY 43 East 27th Street

Historian

ROBERT JAMES CARLISLE

Committee on Science

ROBERT JUSTICE WILSON, Ex-Officio

GEORGE DAVID STEWART

IAMES SEARS WATERMAN

Committee on Entertainment

NATHAN STURGES JARVIS, Ex-Officio

BRUCE GRETTON PHILLIPS

ALBERT EUGENE SELLENINGS

Committee on New Members

CHESTER F. S. WHITNEY, Chairman HUBERT VIVIAN GUILE

WILLIAM EDGAR CALDWELL

DAVID NYE BARROWS

MARK LANCE FLEMING

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1916

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Remarks by retiring President. Dr. James S. Waterman.

Installation of Officers and Standing Committees.*

Paper:—A new principle in the treatment of infectious diseases. with special reference to pneumonia. Dr. Charles Elihu Ouimby.

Paper:-Present activities of the Department of Health. Dr.

Haven Emerson, Commissioner of Health. Discussion by Drs. Hermann M. Biggs, and Wisner R. Townsend.

^{*}The address of the President was postponed till next meeting on account of an accident.

The Year 1916

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1916.

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Address by the President. Dr. Robert J. Wilson.

Papers:—General considerations concerning pertussis, with special emphasis on vaccine therapy, prophylactic and active. Dr. Ward Bryant Hoag.

Discussion from the standpoint of the Laboratory. Dr. A. W.

Williams (by invitation).

Investigation of the effect of the vaccine as used in the Research
Laboratory Clinic of the Department of Health. Dr. Paul
Luttinger (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1916

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Presentation of cases: Lymphangiosarcoma of concha. Dr.

Hugh B. Blackwell.

Papers: a. Some observations on defective development in children. Dr. Stafford McLean. b. The open treatment of fractures with a report of 71 cases. (Lantern demonstration). Dr. Walter C. Cramp.

Discussion by Drs. George D. Stewart, John B. Walker, and

John A. Hartwell.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1916

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Report of cases: General oedema of the foetus. Dr. H. C. Williamson.

Papers: a. Further notes on the subject of rubber gloves.
Dr. Robert T. Morris. b. Clinical observations on measles.
Dr. Arthur R. Braunlich.

Discussion by Drs. William Lang Somerset (by invitation), and

Frederick S. Westmoreland (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1916

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Presentation of cases: a. A case of urological tuberculosis.

(Lantern slide demonstration). b. A case of ruptured kidney. c. Two unusual cases of hematuria. Dr. Joseph F. McCarthy.

Papers: a. The value of bone and cartilage transplants in rhinological surgery. (Lantern demonstration). Dr. Wm. W.

Carter

Discussion by Drs. Hubert Arrowsmith (by invitation), Henry L. Swain (by invitation), Robert T. Morris, James T. Gorton, and others.

The Pear 1916

b. The operative treatment of very large ventral hernia: author's inversion method. (Technique, lantern demonstration and cases). Dr. Irving S. Haynes.
Discussion by Drs. S. W. Bandler, J. J. Connors, R. L. Rowley,

E. A. Wells, and E. B. Probasco (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1916

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Report of cases: Report of a case of acromegalic giantism. Dr. Ralph R. Whitcher (by invitation).

Papers: The relation of cholesterol to the pathogenesis of gall stones. Dr. James Taft Pilcher.

Discussion (by invitation) Drs. Albert B. Pacini, Central Testing Laboratory, Edwin J. Henes, German Hospital, Allen O. Whipple, Presbyterian Hospital, and Dr. Albert A. Epstein, Mt. Sinai Hospital. (Lautern slide demonstration).

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1916.

Scientific Session—

Papers: General discussion on anterior poliomyelitis, some of the aspects and therapeutics of the present epidemic. Speakers: Drs. A. R. Braunlich, J. J. Nutt, R. H. Sayre, Louis Ager (by invitation), H. W. Berg (by invitation), A. J. Cilly (by invitation), W. H. Park (by invitation), F. C. Rosenow (by invitation), H. L. Taylor (by invitation), Walter Truslow (by invitation), and A. Zingher (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1916

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers: a. Ureteral anomalies. Illustrated with lantern slides. Dr. Clarence G. Bandler. b. Study of the McLean index modification of Ambard's co-efficient in the same individuals under varying conditions. Dr. Cyrus W. Field (by invitation). c. A consideration of technique as applied to surgery of the urogenital tract. Illustrated with lantern slides. Dr. Joseph F. McCarthy.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1916

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers: a. The relation of the dispensary and diagnostic clinic to hospital service and medical education. Dr. Samuel W. Lambert. b. The economics of medical education. Dr. Samuel A. Brown, c. Some phases of medical education. Dr. William M. Polk.

The Year 1916

TREASURERS' REPORT

RECEIPTS

100011110	
Resident active members	.00 .00
During year, total receipts\$2,588. Balance on hand January 1, 1916 1,501.	
Total receipts	\$4,089.52
Expenditures 1916	
Yale Club \$1,203. Edgar Printing & Stationery Co 304. Stereopticon for meetings 40. Miscellaneous, Death Notices 82.	.92 .00
Total expenditures during year	1,630.88
Balance on hand December 31st, 1916	\$2,458.64
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha 6% \$1,000 Oregon Short Line 4%, 1929 2,000 St. Louis & San Fran. Ry. Co. Prior Line 4% 1,500 Temp. adjust. Mortgage 6% Bonds 500	.00 .00
Total bonds on hand\$5,000.	.00
Robert M	I. DALEY,

Treasurer.

The year 1917

THE YEAR 1917 PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

January 3, 1917

By SAMUEL ALBERTUS BROWN

GENTLEMEN:

I wish to express my appreciation of the honor which has been conferred upon me in electing me as your President for the ensuing year, and I can assure you that every effort will be exerted to continue the success and development of the society and to provide for the members papers which will be both entertaining, stimulating and instructive, and if I am half as successful as my predecessor, Dr. Wilson, I shall be delighted.

This success cannot be obtained without the co-operation of every member of the society, as it is impossible otherwise for your president and officers to accomplish the results which the strength and power of the society warrant. Individually we are not strong, but collectively we are extremely so, and I would therefore ask the aid of every member and would appreciate suggestions regarding the program and other topics of interest which should be brought

before you.

There are many members of the society proficient in research work and interesting clinical lines with whom the officers are not familiar, and suggestions on the part of any member will be gladly received and will immediately result in our getting in touch with men who are doing this work. In this way we can obtain the best

that there is in the city for presentation at our meetings.

If you will look over the list of members of this society you will be struck with the illustrious names. As a matter of fact, it could be very creditably incorporated entire in the history of medicine in this large city. My only regret is that we have so many members who do not take an active interest in the affairs of the society. With a membership of 350 it would seem that we should enjoy the presence of a large number at the monthly meetings. It is particularly noticeable that many of the older members do not attend with any regularity, and I am at a loss to account for this condition. In recent years we have endeavored to stimulate the writing and

presentation of papers among the younger members of the society, and this has been done by limiting, to a great extent, the papers to our own membership. If it is for this reason that many members do not attend, then it is a serious question whether the principle is a good one. In other words, if the members of the society desire a more active interest from outsiders, or if the papers presented from outsiders would be of greater interest, then, of course, it would be advisable to make this change, or at least, to take under serious consideration the advisability of so doing. But it is my belief that the principle now in force is the proper one, as we have in our membership a formidable number of members who are in a position to supply us with much stimulating scientific data, and although I shall not feel restricted in this matter, and shall probably ask for certain papers outside the society, I shall continue to endeavor to encourage papers from within, and in this must ask for the earnest support of the members.

It is to be hoped that within the coming year more of the internes in the hospital will compete for the prizes offered by this society, and it would probably be advisable to call the attention of the internes to the conditions under which the prizes are awarded

The changes in the hospital present a matter which is of great concern to us, as it will probably be necessary to modify that part of the constitution and by-laws regarding eligibility to membership.

At the present time we provide for five classes of membership: (1) active members; (2) associate members; (3) emeritus members; (4) permanent associate members; (5) honorary members. In addition to this, special provision has been made for the externe. Section II provides that the active members shall be selected from the ex-house physicians, surgeons and gynæcologists in Belle-

vue Hospital.

Under the new plan several classes of internes will be provided: first, the resident. The resident will be selected from men who have previously completed at least two years of hospital work, not necessarily in Bellevue Hospital. Second, another group will be appointed as internes for a period of one year, who may never become house physician, surgeon or gynæcologist. Third, in addition to these, the special services, such as gynæcology, genito-urinary, surgery, ear, nose and throat, obstetrics, neurology, etc., will be provided with special staffs, and these appointees will be required to have had previous experience in hospitals. It is probable that most of these men will be selected from the internes in Bellevue Hospital, especially the one year men, but a certain proportion may come from hospitals other than Bellevue.

All of the above classes would necessarily require special provision if it was deemed desirable to admit them to membership in this society, but no recommendation can be made in this matter at the present time owing to the fact that the plans are still somewhat uncertain, and even if adopted it would probably be advisable to

wait until they had been thoroughly tried out before deciding upon the changes necessary to cover the new conditions.

I am presenting this matter to you so that you may give it your careful consideration and be in a position to advise us later as to

your wsihes in this matter.

Of late you have probably noticed that we have been starting our meetings at a later period in the evening; that while the notice called for the meeting to begin at 8.30 p.m., it is frequently 9 o'clock before the papers are presented. This is due to the lateness of attendance, and I am going to ask you to help me in this matter by being present promptly at 8.30 so that the meeting can be called to order. In this way it will be possible for us all to return to our homes at a much more seemly hour than in the past.

You will probably recall that in the county medical society meetings, the executive session is held before the scientific, and this is one possibility to be considered in this connection, but I do not think that this is sufficiently advantageous to modify our procedure, as it will simply require that the members be present ten or fifteen minutes earlier than has been customary recently.

At the beginning of the new year it will be appropriate for us to consider for a moment those things for which we should be grateful, and possibly the first among them is the fact that we have been privileged to enjoy and develop our lives both socially and scientifically without the terrible penalty exacted from our neighbors in Europe.

We should also be thankful that there has been at least one haven

for these poor, desolate people.

And of special interest to us, we should be delighted with the progress in the development of Bellevue Hospital; the increasing usefulness as evidenced by the opening of the surgical pavilions and the re-arrangements of the services. We are greatly indebted to the city administration and to the Board of Trustees for their encouragement and aid in this matter. I am sure that we are all looking forward to the time when Bellevue Hospital will represent the most advanced point of scientific instruction and occupy the most useful position in the teaching of medicine of any institution in the country.

There is no reason why this should not be attained, with its prestige, the physical development, the liberal support of the city, the number of patients and a hospital staff such as we now have, rendering it not only a possibility but an absolute certainty that in the future, as in the past, Bellevue Hospital will be pre-eminently a teaching institution as well as a hospital in which the citizens of New York will find relief and care in their times of medical and surgical need.

In the discussion of public affairs recently we frequently hear suggestions presented that as a race the men are becoming more effeminate and that with the accumulation of wealth our people

are becoming more self-indulgent. This is a disturbing thought, and I am sure one that has occurred to most of us. Whether this is relatively evidenced because women are more assertive, it is not within my province to say. If this is the tendency of the times, are we in any way responsible for its accentuation? It has sometimes occurred to me that in our anxiety and protective interest in our patients that we may be encouraging people to expect unreasonable relief and freedom from pain. This may be the result of the development of narcotics and sedatives and the knowledge which the laity has acquired on this subject. It is positive that as a race we are not nearly as willing to face pain with composure as were our forefathers in the early days of this country. If we, as a profession, are encouraging this attitude, we should carefully consider its consequences, as we are drifting and slumbering in a security which many well-posted men believe to be insecure, and it may be necessary for us to receive a sudden shock before our vitality can be determined.

One of the evidences that some of our public men are not entirely satisfied with the situation is the fact that the deans of the medical schools have been asked to meet the Secretary of War in conference, to determine whether some instruction in Military Surgery and Hygiene could be introduced into the curriculum of the colleges with benefit to the students, so that in time of war or threatened war we would have a group of medical men who would at least understand the elements of military requirements and could be mobilized rapidly. With this knowledge it would be possible for them to take up their work in the field much more intelligently. This is one of the educational matters to be determined after more

careful consideration.

OFFICERS AND STANDING COMMITTEES

President
SAMUEL ALBERTUS BROWN

Vice-President

ALBERT EUGENE SELLENINGS

Secretary
Hugh Burke Blackwell
148 West 58th Street

Treasurer

ROBERT MORRIS DALEY 43 East 27th Street

Historian
ROBERT JAMES CARLISLE

Committee on Science

Samuel Albertus Brown, Ex-Officio James Sears Waterman

ROBERT JUSTICE WILSON

Committee on Entertainment

ALBERT EUGENE SELLENINGS, Ex-Officio

BRUCE GRETTON PHILLIPS

GEORGE NORBERT SLATTERY

Committee on New Members

CHESTER F. S. WHITNEY

HUBERT VIVIAN GUILE

WILLIAM EDGAR CALDWELL
DAVID NYE BARROWS

MARK LANCE FLEMING

PROGRAMMES

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1917

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Remarks by the retiring President. Dr. Robert Justice Wilson. Installation of Officers and Standing Committees. President's address. Dr. Samuel Albertus Brown.

Paper: Some remarks on the evolution of cancer of the breast. Dr. Parker Syms.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1917

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers: The proper management of a children's out-patients' department. Dr. Stafford McLean.

Discussion by Drs. Frederick H. Bartlett, Charles H. Smith, Joseph C. Roper, (by invitation), and Mark L. Fleming. The real cancer problem. Dr. L. Duncan Bulkley, (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1917.

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers: a. Standard institutional convalescence of gastric and intestinal ulcer. Dr. M. E. Cavallo (by invitation).

Discussed by Dr. Frederick Brush, Burke Foundation, (by invitation).

b. The place of radiation in the treatment of cancer. Dr. George D. Stewart.

Discussed by Drs. Joseph B. Bissell and Cooker Weeker.

Discussed by Drs. Joseph B. Bissell, and George Woolsey.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1917

SOCIAL SESSION-

Banquet at Hotel Astor.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1917

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

This meeting will be a clinical meeting and devoted to the presentation and reports of interesting cases: By Drs. W. E. Studdiford, C. H. Nammack, J. A. Hartwell, J. Worcester, (by invitation), R. T. Morris, and R. J. Carlisle.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1917

EXECUTIVE SESSION-

Held at 2 p. m. at office of President Brown.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1917

Scientific Session-

Papers: a. Neurotization of paralyzed muscles by muscle grafting. Dr. J. J. Nutt.

Discussion by Drs. Alexander Frazer, (by invitation), and Charles A. Elsberg, (by invitation).

b. Mass volunteering vs. individual volunteering. Dr. F. T. Van Buren, U. S. R. C.

c. Surgical anatomy and histology of the heart. Dr. Parker Syms.

The Year 1917

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1917

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Report of cases: a. Antrum suppuration preceding and following mastoidectomy, two cases. Dr. Hugh B. Blackwell. b. Status lymphaticus with death following tonsillectomy. Dr. W. W. Carter.

Papers: a. Reading of the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital prize paper of 1917, entitled "Myositis ossificans progressiva." Dr. D. P. Barr. b. The functions of a Municipal Sanitarium. Dr. Charles B. Slade.

Discussion by Drs. Haven Emerson, Robert J. Wilson, Edward S. McSweeny, and L. B. MacKenzie.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1917

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers: a. Study of 210 cases of fibroma uteri in the Bellevue Hospital Service. Drs. W. E. Studdiford, and Eben Foskett. b. Common errors of diagnosis in diseases of infants. Dr. Stafford McLean.

Discussion by Drs. Frederic H. Bartlett, (by invitation), and Nathaniel R. Norton, (by invitation).

TREASURERS' REPORT

Bonds on Hand December 31, 1917		
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha 6%	\$1,000.00	
Oregon Short Line 4%, 1929	2,000,00	
St. Louis & San Fran, Ry. Co. Prior Lien 4%	_ 2,000.00	
D 1 (
Bonds face value	_\$5,000.00	
Receipts		
Resident active members	_\$1,710.00	
Associate members	168.00	
Non resident members	297.00	
Interest on bonds	_ 210.00	
Bal. exchange on bonds	_ 22.73	
Interest on bank deposit	96.57	
Banquet tickets	_ 1,050.00	
Duning was total assaints	62 554 20	
During year, total receipts Balance on hand January 1st, 1917	2 459 64	
Datance on hand January 1st, 1917	2,900.04	
Total receipts		\$6,012.94
Expenditures		
Banquet	_\$1,126.28	
Yale Club	829.70	
Edgar Printing & Stationery Co	_ 237.78	
Stereopticon for meetings	_ 20.00	
Miss. death notices, treasurer refunds	- 62.70	
Total expenditures during year		2 276 46
Total expenditures during year		2,210.40
Balance on hand January 1st, 1918		\$3,736.48
Ro	BERT M. D	ALEY,

REPORT OF THE AUDITING COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR 1917

Your committee reports that it has carefully scrutinized and checked the accounts, vouchers, etc., of the treasurer for the year 1917 and finds them correct. Balance January 1st, 1918: \$3736.48.

Your committee has also examined the statement of J. & W. Seligman & Co., on file with the treasurer as to securities held by them for account of the Society on June 30, 1917, and find that the same represent a par value of five thousand dollars (\$5000.00).

(Signed) E. S. McSweeny,

February 6, 1918.

Chairman.

THE YEAR 1918

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

By Albert Eugene Sellenings

(The report of Doctor Sellenings' address is, unfortunately, not available.

OFFICERS AND STANDING COMMITTEES

President

ALBERT EUGENE SELLENINGS

Vice-President

WILLIAM NORRIS HUBBARD

Secretary

GEORGE NORBERT SLATTERY 142 West 85th Street

Treasurer

ROBERT MORRIS DALEY 43 East 27th Street

Historian

ROBERT JAMES CARLISLE

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ALBERT EUGENE SELLENINGS, Ex-Officio

ROBERT JUSTICE WILSON

SAMUEL ALBERTUS BROWN

Committee on Entertainment

WILLIAM NORRIS HUBBARD, Ex-Officio

BRUCE GRETTON PHILLIPS

CLARENCE CATLIN CORYELL

Committee on New Members

EBEN FOSKETT, Chairman
DAVID NYE BARROWS

CLARENCE PAUL OBERNDORF

HUBERT VIVIAN GUILE

EDWARD SHEARMAN McSWEENY

PROGRAMMES

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1918

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Address by retiring President.

Installation of new Officers. Address by new President, Albert E. Sellenings.

Paper: Some considerations of the diagnosis of pulmonary tuberculosis. Dr. Edward S. McSweeny.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1918

Papers: a. "Radium treatment in lympho-sarcoma." By Dr. Joseph B. Bissell. b. "Cancer cures I have met." By Dr. Francis Carter Wood, (by invitation), Director Cancer Research, Columbia University.

Discussion by Drs. Charles Norris, (by invitation), and Douglas Symmers, (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6, 1918

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers: a. Early Roentgen diagnosis of pleural effusions especially in children. Dr. W. H. Stewart, (by invitation). b. Moving picture demonstration of perineal prostatectomy. Dr. Parker Syms. General discussion.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1918

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers: a. Malignant disease of the lung. Dr. L. B. MacKenzie. b. Observations regarding some pathologic processes in bone. With lantern slides. Dr. George Barrie, (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1918

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Papers: a. The funnel pelvis with the report of 106 cases. Dr. Hervey C. Williamson.

Discussion by Drs. Austin Flint, and Harold C. Bailey.

b. The differential diagnosis between duodenal ulcer and gall bladder disease from the clinical standpoint. Dr. John F. Erdmann.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1918

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Addresses: a. Address by Dr. Alexander Lambert, Major in the American Red Cross, France. b. Address by Temp.

Captain A. Radcliffe Dugmore, F.R.G.S., F.R.P.S., Captain of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry. Author of "Camera Adventures in the African Wilds." "The Romance of the Beaver." "The Romance of the Caribou." "When the Somme Ran Red," etc., etc.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1918

SCIENTIFIC SESSION—

Papers: a. Experiments with a new and most efficient remedy for pulmonary and laryngeal tuberculosis. Dr. F. Tweddell. b. Value of the laboratory to the surgeon. Dr. John B. Deaver of Philadelphia, (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1918

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper: Fatigue disease, as illustrated in the stomach and thyroid. Dr. John Rogers.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1918
Papers: The recent influenza epidemic. Clinical features. Dr. C. E. Nammack. Influenza in children, Dr. L. E. La Fetra, (by invitation). Bacteriology. Dr. W. H. Park, (by invitation). Pathology. Dr. Douglas Symmers, (by invitation). Influence of race on mortality. Dr. R. J. Wilson. General discussion.

The Year 1918

TREASURERS' REPORT

Bonds on Hand December 31, 1918	
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha 6%\$1,000.00	
Oregon Short Line 4%, 1929 2,000.00 St. Louis & San Fran. Ry. Co. Prior Lien 4% 2,000.00	
St. Louis & San Fran. Ry. Co. Prior Lien 4% 2,000.00	
Liberty Bonds, 1918 41/4% 2,000.00	
Face value of bonds	
RECEIPTS	
Resident active members\$1,530.00	
Associate members 152.00	
Non-resident permanent Associate 252.00	
Interest on bonds 220.00	
Interest on bank deposit 107.44	
Total receipts during year\$2,261.44	
Balance on hand January 1st, 1918 3,736.48	
Total receipts	\$5,997.82
Expenditures	
Prize Essay\$ 100.00 Yale Club1,177.00	
Prize Essay\$ 100.00 Yale Club	
Prize Essay \$ 100.00 Yale Club 1,177.00 Edgar Printing & Stationery Co. 287.84 Stereopticon for meetings 55.00	
Prize Essay \$ 100.00 Yale Club 1,177.00 Edgar Printing & Stationery Co. 287.84 Stereopticon for meetings 55.00 Misc., death notices, etc. 67.20	
Prize Essay \$ 100.00 Yale Club 1,177.00 Edgar Printing & Stationery Co. 287.84 Stereopticon for meetings 55.00	
Prize Essay \$ 100.00 Yale Club 1,177.00 Edgar Printing & Stationery Co. 287.84 Stereopticon for meetings 55.00 Misc., death notices, etc. 67.20	\$3,687.04
Prize Essay \$ 100.00 Yale Club 1,177.00 Edgar Printing & Stationery Co. 287.84 Stereopticon for meetings 55.00 Misc., death notices, etc. 67.20 Liberty bonds 2,000.00 Total expenditures during year	
Prize Essay \$ 100.00 Yale Club 1,177.00 Edgar Printing & Stationery Co. 287.84 Stereopticon for meetings 55.00 Misc., death notices, etc. 67.20 Liberty bonds 2,000.00	\$2,310.88
Prize Essay \$ 100.00 Yale Club 1,177.00 Edgar Printing & Stationery Co. 287.84 Stereopticon for meetings 55.00 Misc., death notices, etc. 67.20 Liberty bonds 2,000.00 Total expenditures during year Balance on hand January 1st, 1919	\$2,310.88 100.00
Prize Essay \$ 100.00 Yale Club 1,177.00 Edgar Printing & Stationery Co. 287.84 Stereopticon for meetings 55.00 Misc., death notices, etc. 67.20 Liberty bonds 2,000.00 Total expenditures during year	\$2,310.88
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ROBERT M. DALEY,

Treasurer.

THE YEAR 1919

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

JANUARY 8, 1919

By WILLIAM EMERY STUDDIFORD

(The report of Doctor Studdiford's address, unfortunately, is also not available.

OFFICERS AND STANDING COMMITTEES

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GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS HUMPHREYS
JOHN HAROLD RICHARDS

HUCH BURKE BLACKWELL

PROGRAMMES

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1919

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

I. Installation of the President-elect, and of the Standing Committees, by Dr. Albert E. Sellenings, the retiring President.

II. President's address. Dr. William E. Studdiford.

Report of two cases of probable ectopic pregnancy with unusual pathological findings, with lantern demonstration. Drs. John F. McGrath, and H. M. Ray. Discussion by Dr. III. Harold Bailey.

Paper. The Mensurgraph-A new method of recording abnormalities of the human body. Dr. Theron Wendell Kilmer

(by invitation).

Discussion by Drs. R. H. Sayre, La Fetra, (by invitation), and I. I. Nutt.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1919.

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper: Disabilities occurring in soldiers as found in the training camps and after service abroad.-Some methods of reconstruction, with lantern demonstration, Capt. M. L. Jones, M. C., U. S. A., (by invitation).

Paper: Functional reeducation. Illustrated with lantern slides.

Dr. W. Gilman Thompson.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1919

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Presentation of cases. Artificial pneumothorax in the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis. Demonstration of method of production. Exhibition of cases. Dr. Luther B. MacKenzie. Discussion by Dr. B. H. Waters, Loomis Sanitarium, (by invitation).

Paper: Diagnosis and treatment of chronic rheumatic infections. Dr. John H. Richards.

Discussion by Drs. W. C. Thro, (by invitation), and Warren Coleman.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, 1919

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper: A plea for cutting some of the red tape in appendectomy. Dr. James T. Gorton. Discussion by Drs. G. D. Stewart, Robt. T. Morris, and A. F.

Sellenings.

Paper: Experiences with war injuries and fractures of the knee-joint. (Lantern illustrations). Dr. George F. Cahill.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1919

SOCIAL SESSION.

Homecoming banquet and reception to members who served in the war, at the Hotel Astor.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1919

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper of the evening. Public Health and the Red Cross. Mr. Curtis E. Lakeman, (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1919

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Report of Cases. Ruptured interstitial pregnancy. Dr. E. Foskett. Bilateral adenocarcinoma of the ovaries. Dr. E. W. Holladay.

Paper of the evening. Treatment of drug habitués in Riverside Hospital. Dr. Braunlich.

Discussion by Dr. Thomas S. Joyce (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1919

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

I. Paper. Inguinal hernia in the adult. Dr. L. W. Hotchkiss.
 II. Paper. New operations for cure of inguinal hernia. Dr. George Woolsey.

III. Paper. Industrial inguinal hernia. Dr. A. E. Sellenings. Discussion by Drs. G. D. Stewart, John B. Walker, John F. Erdmann, Robert T. Morris, Parker Syms, Irving S. Haynes, Henry M. Silver, James T. Pilcher, Seward Erdmann (by invitation), Raymond Sullivan (by invitation).

The Year 1919

TREASURER'S REPORT

ROBERT M. DALEY

SECURITIES OWNED BY THE SOCIETY AS OF DECEMBER 31st, 1	919
Chi. St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha 6% Oregon Short Line 4%—1929 St. Louis & St. F. R. R. Co. Lien 4% Liberty Bonds 1918—41/4%	2000.00
Balance on hand January 1st 1919	7000.00 . 2410.88
INCOME DURING YEAR 1919	
Resident Active Members \$1420.00 Non-Resident and Permanent Members 255.00 Associate Members 138.00 Interest on Liberty Bonds 82.90 Interest on Other Bonds 220.00 Tickets to Banquet 1020.00 Interest on Bank Deposit 68.38	3204.28
Total	5615.16
Expenditures during 1919	
Prize Essay 1917 check deposited '19 100.00 Edgar Printing and Stationery Co. 293.01 Yale Club 1027.60 Stereopticon 20.00 Miscellaneous—Treas., Death Notices, etc. 62.40 Banquet 1897.55	3400.56
Balance on hand January 1st, 1920	2214.60

BANQUET ACCOUNT

Sale of tickets\$1020.00	\$1020.00
Expenses	
Stereopticon 10.00	
Dr. Gorton Entertainment, etc 20.00	
Dr. Sellenings Expenses at dinner 60.00	
Dr. Nutt paid to entertainers 110.00	
Printing	
Hotel Astor 14/4.15	
1897.55	1897.55
Cost of Banquet to Society	877.55
Dues waived because of War Service, Art. VI, Sec. 10.	
Resident Members	
Non-Resident Members	87.00
Associate Members	24.00
	\$521.00

Audited and found correct.

Signed

Committee on Auditing John Joseph Nutt, Chairman Feb. 9th, 1920 Oswald Swinney Lowsley

THE YEAR 1920

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

January 7, 1920

By Charles Blount Slade

FELLOW ALUMNI AND GUESTS:

On many occasions in the past twenty years, my thoughts have pictured in a quite impersonal way, the qualities one should bring to this office. Now, I am receiving this honor and accepting this responsibility with honest doubt as to whether I possess any of those qualities which my predecessors had in such full measure.

In reality I know that this society, with its composite of knowledge, and fraternal co-operation in a determination to advance renders the temporary occupant of this chair relatively unimportant. This gives me courage. And whatever capacity I have, I humbly bind myself to render it in an effort to make our 1920 meetings

mutually beneficial and pleasant.

Let us all keep in mind the ideals and traditions of Bellevue's alumni, which have brought us to a high postion of respect and dignity. If I can but help to maintain this, I will be fully satisfied.

We have heard a great deal of "team work" in the last five years. I am going to ask each and every one of you to do your share along this line. Please remember that every sincere idea that any one of you may have is wanted. I appeal particularly to those of you who are called the younger members. I do not refer to, nor am I to be lead into a discussion of our relative ages. That would not be fair or relevant. Neither can a man's age be guessed by appearances—certainly not by the color of his hair.

To our more recent graduates and members, I wish to say that here it is of no consequence whether a man has been out of the hospital one, twenty, or forty years. It is of a great deal of consequence to all of us, what any member may think or know concerning medicine and surgery and other matters affecting this society. We want all of your honest opinions, whether constructive or de-structive, on every topic discussed. Some of the best ideas and

observations come to us in our early years of practice. So, I beg of you to lay aside the natural reticence of youth, and let us all

have the benefit of your opinions.

Fortunately most of our papers are interesting and invite discussion. They are usually good and justify compliment. But of all of you, I wish to ask that you do not confine your remarks in discussions to compliments. Remember, it is criticism-adverse criticism, and disagreement that make us think and advance our knowledge. The more we combat each other here, the better fitted we will be to combat disease outside. Nothing worth while was ever gained without a fight. The more you fight here, within parliamentary bounds, the better for our patients, and after all, it is for them that we are here.

You have all received a copy of the general scientific program for this year. Your Committee on Science has thought it best to plan thus in advance, so that every one who reads a paper can have ample time in which to prepare it to his entire satisfaction. Several papers have already been accepted for most of the year's meetings, but as no paper will consume more than fifteen or twenty minutes to read, there is space under each heading for two more. Those who have ideas or experiences, which they desire to bring before the society, are invited to reserve their time and submit the title of their paper to the Committee on Science or the Secretary as soon as possible. It is desired that, as soon as a paper is accepted, the author invite two or three men to discuss it, and forward their names to the Secretary.

Gentlemen: with these few words I throw myself upon your

mercy.

OFFICERS AND STANDING COMMITTEES

President

CHARLES BLOUNT SLADE

Vice-President

ROBERT MORRIS DALEY

Secretary

JAMES TREAT GORTON
181 Park Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.

Treasurer

OSWALD SWINNEY LOWSLEY 853 Seventh Avenue

Historian

ROBERT JAMES CARLISLE

Committee on Science

CHARLES BLOUNT SLADE, Ex-Officio

ALBERT EUGENE SELLENINGS

WILLIAM EMERY STUDDIFORD

Committee on Entertainment

ROBERT MORRIS DALEY, Ex-Officio

STAFFORD McLEAN

CLARENCE CATLIN CORYELL

Committee on New Members

EDWARD SHEARMAN McSWEENY, Chairman

MARK LANCE FLEMING

RICHARD TRAVIS ATKINS

GASTON ARTHUR CARLUCCI

JAMES PATRICK HENNESSY

PROGRAMMES

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1920

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Installation of Officers and Standing Committees.

President's address, Dr. Charles B. Slade.

Report of cases. Gangrene of the leg, with exhibit of specimens following amputation. Dr. J. J. Nutt.

Discussion by Dr. Sayre.

Paper: The end results of operation for posterior displacement of the uterus. An analysis of 230 cases in the Bellevue Hospital service. Drs. Wm. E. Studdiford, and Eben Foskett.

The Pear 1920

Discussion by Drs, Austin Flint, Geo. G. Ward, (by invitation), and F. C. Holden, (by invitation).

Paper: Plates illustrating radium treatment of carcinoma of uterus. Dr. Harold Bailev.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1920.

SCIENTIFIC SESSION—

Paper. Puttering with the prostate. Dr. Edward L. Keyes, Jr.

Paper. Perineal prostatectomy. Dr. Parker Syms.
Paper. The role of the prostate and seminal vesicles in arthritis. Dr. Oswald S. Lowsley.

Discussion by Drs. Warren Coleman, Edward L. Keyes, Jr., and

C. W. Collins, (by invitation).

Paper. Some phases of Micturitional disturbances. Case re-

port and lantern slides. Dr. J. F. McCarthy. Discussion by Drs. Henry D. Furniss, (by invitation), and Max G. Schlapp, (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1920

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper. The diagnosis of the pathological gall bladder. 1. The clinical picture. 2. Skiagraph of gall bladder and stones. Demonstration of gall stones, excised gall bladders and known stone cases. Dr. Dudley Roberts.

Discussion by Drs. George D. Stewart, and Leon T. LeWald, (by

invitation).

Paper. Leutic manifestations of the abdomen with negative Wasserman. Dr. A. Richard Stern. Discussion by Dr. William J. Chandler.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1920

SCIENTIFIC SESSION—

Paper. Infrequency of intestinal parasites in young children. Dr. Stafford McLean.

Discussion by Dr. Wm. W. Herrick, (by invitation).

Paper. Some observations on chronic diseases of the nasal accessory sinuses. Dr. John E. MacKenty, (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1920

SCIENTIFIC SESSION—

Paper. Some interesting experiences in obstetrics and the podalic version as done by Dr. Potter of Buffalo. Dr. George L. Brodhead, (by invitation).

Paper. Cranial and intracranial birth injuries. Dr. Harold

Bailey.

Discussion by Drs. Geo. W. Kosmak, (by invitation), Edgar, Woolsey, Cudmore, Schroeder, and McLean.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1920

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper. Typhoid fever and its relation to public health. Dr. Frank J. Monaghan, (by invitation).

Paper. Fever as a warning sign in the complications of con-

tagious diseases. Dr. Robert J. Wilson.
Discussion by Drs. Wm. T. Cannon, Joseph C. Regan, E. Giddings, and Charles A. Thompson, (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1920

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper. Arterio-sclerosis, the threefold menace of the present day. Dr. Charles E. Nammack. Discussion. Dr. C. N. B. Camac (by invitation).

Paper. Diseases of the blood. Dr. William C. Thro (by invitation).

Discussion by Dr. John H. Richards.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1920

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper: Bone sarcoma and its pathology. Dr. Douglas Symmers. (by invitation).

Paper: X-Ray diagnosis. Dr. I. Seth Hirsch, (by invitation.) Paper: Radium treatment. Dr. William S. Stone, (by invitation).

Discussion by Drs. Stewart, Savre and others.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1920

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper: Typing and serum treatment of pneumonia. Dr. Walter L. Niles.

Paper: Statistical study of the results of influenza-pneumonia vaccine. Dr. Anna I. Von Sholly, (by invitation).

Paper: One hundred cures for tuberculosis. Dr. Edward S. McSweeny.

TREASURER'S REPORT

Balance on hand January 1, 1920	\$2214.60
RECEIPTS DURING 1920: \$1730.00 Resident Active Members \$1730.00 Non-Resident and Asso. Members 293.00 Permanent Associate Members 176.00 Interest on Liberty Bonds 85.00 Interest on Other Bonds 220.00 Interest on Bank Deposit 76.06	2580.06
Total Receipts 1920	4794.66
Expenditures Durinc 1920: Edgar Printing & Stationery Co	
Total Expenditures 1920	2084.62
Exchange on Canadian check	2710.04 .45
Outstanding check	2709.59 45.90
Balance on hand January 1, 1921	\$2755.49

OSWALD S. LOWSLEY.

Examined and found correct John Joseph Nutt, Robert M. Daley.

THE YEAR 1921 PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

JANUARY 5, 1921

By EBEN FOSKETT

To the Members and Guests of the Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital:

I appreciate the honor you have conferred on me in electing me President of this society so representative in its membership of what Bellevue Hospital has done for its graduates.

If I can do as well as our retiring president I shall feel that my administration has been a success. With the aid of our experienced, energetic and very expressive Secretary, possibly I can keep up the record.

But whatever success comes to me as President can only come from the support accorded by the members in doing the work of the Society.

This is a social and scientific society. On the scientific side I hope to have papers from young members as well as those of longer experience.

I hope that the internes will report some of their original investigations on medical subjects as candidates for the two one hundred dollar prizes offered each year by this society for original work. I hope the various visitings will bring this to the attention of the internes.

As to the social side of the society I feel that it is a privilege for us to meet together and dine together. This keeps alive that loyalty to Bellevue Hospital that has ever characterized its graduates. Coming from different colleges, working together in the hospital for two years, let us ever stand together as its Alumni and work for its up-building.

History of Bellevue Hospital

I wish to speak to-night of Bellevue Hospital itself. It seems to me the younger members are not familiar with its history and older members are not all posted on the great physical changes in methods of administration and of teaching.

The history of Bellevue is replete with interest and we are all indebted to Dr. Robert J. Carlisle, who put this in book form in

1892 and who has served as our Historian ever since.

Is it known to the younger men that Bellevue Hospital is the oldest hospital in the city? It was first opened in 1736 as an Alms House, Workhouse and Hospital, the site at that time being that of the present New York City Hall. The contract price of this building was eighty pounds in money and fifty gallons of rum.

Dr. John Van Beuren was the first physician in charge and since that time the Van Beuren family has furnished many surgeons to

the profession of the city-

Do they know that at Bellevue Hospital the first Nurses' Training

School in this country was established in 1873?

Do they know that the first hospital ambulance system in the world was established in 1869 at Bellevue Hospital by Col. Edward B. Dalton, a former interne and an army officer of the Civil War?

The Workhouse and Hospital was removed to the north side of

Chambers Street in 1796.

The first ground at the present site was purchased in 1794. Belle View Place was purchased and consisted of the property from the River to First Avenue from 23rd to 26th Street. This was later occupied as a yellow fever hospital. Belle View was two words then and the lawyer in drawing the deed gave it as one, and spelled it as used at present, hence the name.

From 1811 to 1819 the site from the River to Second Avenue and from 26th to 28th Streets was purchased in three different lots

for about \$30,000.

The Workhouse, Almshouse and Hospital were removed here to new buildings in 1816. Two hundred patients were in the Hospital the next year and the staff was reorganized with two visiting surgeons, two visiting physicians and two internes.

In 1836 the prisoners were removed to another location; in 1839 the insane were removed to Blackwell's Island; in 1847 the almshouse was removed to Blackwell's Island, and from this time on

Bellevue has been purely a hospital for the sick.

From 1836 to 1848 the Hospital was the prey of the city politicians and the standard of the Hospital was at a low ebb. But little care was given the patients and all supplies were lacking. These politicians caused the sale at auction of all the Hospital grounds except that from 26th to 28th Street and First Avenue to the river. The papers of the city dubbed these politicians "The Forty Thieves", because of this act

In 1847 Dr. James R. Wood came upon the scene. He was thirty-five years old, a great medical man and a finished politician. His influence with the city officials caused a great improvement in the care of the patients and the furnishing of supplies. "Jimmy Wood," as he was called affectionately by his students, became an eminent and beloved surgeon, remembered by some of my hearers to-night.

He is the only medical politician in Bellevue's history of whom it has ever been said "he was a great surgeon."

The New Bellevue

Eighteen years ago a Board of Trustees was appointed and the Charity Department of the city ceased to have control of Bellevue, Gouverneur, Fordham and Harlem Hospitals.

Following this a comprehensive plan was evolved for a new and

greater Bellevue.

The block north of 26th Street was purchased, the street closed, and a pathological building, power plant and laundry were erected on the site. Also on the river front Pavilions A and B were erected, and later Pavilions I and K, L and M on the north side.

The Pathological Building is well equipped. In connection with this, a library of medical works and current medical magazines was established for the use of the House Staff. Three resident pathologists are employed, a physiological chemist and an assistant,

fourteen pathological internes and twelve technicians.

At present plans have been completed for Pavilions F and G to be placed south of Pavilions I and K. Present conditions in the building trade caused a bid of \$4,000,000 to be placed on plans figured by the architect to cost \$1,750,000. The result is the complete abandonment of building for the present.

Plans are also being made for a pavilion at 26th Street and First Avenue, part of which will be used as on out-patient department, but there is no immediate prospect of more building and we will have to wait again for that out-patient department that has been

hoped for so long.

This is a matter of great regret for the forty thousand new cases per year treated in the dispensary furnish a wealth of material for the instruction of medical students, but the crowded condition interfores with its utilization except in a slight degree-

Management of the Hospital

The Board of Trustees, appointed by the Mayor, does most of the actual business management and also passes on the nominations

from the colleges of the visiting and house staff.

The Board at present is made up of Dr. John W. Brannan, Chairman, John G. O'Keeffe, James A. Farley, Henry C. Wright, Isidore Weinberger, Mrs. Julia Lissberger, Dr. John W. Perilli, Bird S. Coler, ex-officio. All serve without pay.

The Medical Board of other days has ceased to function.

An Executive Committee of eight members, two from each of the four chief divisions of the Hospital, attends to the medical questions that arise and confers wth the Trustees on such questions as need adjusting.

The Pear 1921

The present service may be better understood if I give the following statistics taken from the last available Report—that of 1918, just out.

Beds, 1691—only 340 of which are in the old building.	
Admissions (1918)	42,563
Average census	1,432
Largest at one time	1,689
Ambulance calls	15,604
Officers, nurses and employees	1,200
Cost per day per patient	
Total number of operations (1918)	
Cost of operating hospital\$1	

Visiting Staff of the Hospital

The visiting staff of the Hospital is made up of a Director of the Service on each Division, Visitings, Assistant Visitings and Adjunct Assistant Visitings, the latter also having charge of the class in the Out Patient Department.

There are: 44 full Visitings, 55 Assistant Visitings, 63 Adjunct Assistant Visitings; a total of 162 men on the Visiting Staff.

In theory the Adjuncts are promoted as vacancies occur in the Assistant Visiting Staff.

House Staff

On the House Staff of the Four Medical and Four Surgical Services are sixty internes and on the Special Services are sixty-five internes, a total of 125 on the House Staff. In addition are ten to fifteen substitutes all the time.

Some of the Divisions have a salaried resident in charge for one year, the so-called house being what in our day was called a senior. The Resident must have had two years' experience in hospital work to be eligible for appointment.

As all the Services have not availed themselves of the privilege of having a Resident there is evidently a division of opinion as to the advisability of this plan. The chief question that arises being, will the best men take the service when only a few can become the responsible head of the service.

In recent years women have served on the House Staff and ten are now on duty. Now that all of the medical colleges have admitted women, it is probable this number will be increased.

During the war Bellevue had the same troubles as other hospitals in maintaining the work of the wards, and at one time there were on the staff five colored men, one of whom became Resident under Dr. Edward L. Keyes; a Chinaman from Harvard Medical, in China, who made an excellent record; a Chinese woman doctor and a Filipino.

The work of the Staff is now in its usual form. The only colored men on it are one in the Tuberculosis Service and one in the X-Ray Department.

Bellevue Hospital as a Teaching Institution

As a teaching institution Bellevue serves the public in three ways: By its clinical work for medical students and post-graduate students. By the training of nurses in the Training Schools. By its School for Midwives.

Medical Instruction Bellevue Hospital

To the writer it seems that the use of the Wards of Bellevue Hospital for teaching medical students will best utilize the resources of the Hospital for the public good.

Early in its history as a separate hospital Bellevue was served by such men as Valentine Mott, James R. Wood, Willard Parker, Gunning S. Bedford and Alonzo Clark.

The wealth of material and the character of the visiting resulted in a desire for regular clinical instruction. This demand was met by the Commissioners who built an amphitheatre in 1849, and teaching has continued from that date.

In the years following three medical colleges were located in the vicinity and the hospital service was divided among them. The Hospital was a teaching center and during the following years was attended by thousands of students from the medical colleges. This teaching was largely by lectures and clinics and not much by ward work. Famous clinicians and surgeons were developed and the graduates will remember with pleasure the teaching of such men as William H. Van Buren, Fordyce Barker, Austin Flint, Lewis A. Sayre, Alfred L. Loomis, William T. Lusk, Edward G. Janeway, Lewis A. Stimson, Francis Delafield, and many others

In the last twenty years great changes have taken place in the method of teaching.

With greater opportunities come greater responsibilities.

Bellevue Hospital of to-day is a challenge to the medical college. With 1691 beds, with a Department of Pathology and X-Ray diagnosis, with ten operating rooms available, with internes who have been taught as students to do the routine pathological work, with thirteen special departments, with a Board of Trustees willing to grant any privileges that will help in utilizing all these opportunities; how are colleges meeting this challenge?

The large clinics of the past days are in the discard.

Students are met by instructors in the wards on the regular services and some of the special services. They are taught in the second and third year at the bedside and in the Out-Patient Department. In the fourth year they serve as clinical clerks, taking histories and doing routine work, all under the observation of instructors.

Departments of the Hospital

There are four medical and four surgical divisions as in the past. The prohibition against the staff of the Fourth Division being connected with the colleges has been rescinded and most of its Visitings are teaching in the various medical schools; so really the whole service of the Hospital is in the control of the medical colleges.

Special departments are:

Obstetrics; 2nd and 3rd Divisions, with 1500 deliveries per year.

Gynæcology; 3rd Division.

Genito-Urinary Surgery; 2nd Division.

Children's Surgery; 4th Division.

Pediatrics; 1st Division. Eye; 4th Division.

Ear, Nose and Throat; 1st Division.

Neurology; 2nd Division.

Psychopathic; (including alcoholics).

Tuberculosis; 1st Division. Orthopædics; 3rd Division.

Dental Department, with four internes.

School for Midwives.

College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia)

Third year men are instructed in physical diagnosis, in medical and tuberculosis wards.

Fourth year men serve as clinical clerks six hours a day in surgery, medicine, tuberculosis and pediatrics.

Medical instructors20		instructors	7
Total number of students this	year:		
Medical135	Surgical		48
Total hours of instruction a ve			
42% of P. & S. clinical students			

Cornell University Medical College

Second year students attend clinics in medicine and surgery. Third year students attend clinics and section work in wards in medicine and surgery.

Fourth year students act as clinical clerks eight hours daily in medicine, surgery, neurology and obstetrics.

Instructors in	medicine	11
Instructors in	surgery	11
Total number	of students	155
Total hours	of instruction3	448

University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College

Second year students attend surgical clinics.

Third year students attend medical and surgical clinics.

Fourth year students attend clinics and act as clinical clerks in surgery, psychopathic, obstetrics.

Medical instructors	17
Surgical instructors	13
Number of students this year	276
Total hours of teaching3	649
Nine of the instructors are on the Fourth Division	

Summary

College College of P. & S. Cornell Medical College	Number Students 183 155	Number Instructors 27 22	Hours in Hospital 2532 3448
University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College	276	30	3649
Totals	614	79	9449

This summary must convince you that the wards of Bellevue Hospital are used to a greater extent than ever before. Its importance in medical education has never been greater. The time and effort put in by the instructors has never been exceeded.

The need of more instructors has of late led to frequent appointments of new men to the Assistant Visiting and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Staff. These appointments are for a one year

period only.

We know that each college has the supervision and teaching of the students and internes through a course in the pre-medical, medical and hospital interneship, and in some cases the residents' position for one year, all taking from seven to ten years.

Is it too much to expect that each college should find among the graduates from their course in Bellevue Hospital men sufficiently prepared to fill all the vacancies occurring in the Assistant Visiting

Staff of the Hospital?

When this is done the quality of the instruction given in the Hospital will be proven by results, and a better spirit will prevail among the Hospital graduates. Loyalty to the Hospital will be more readily shown when loyalty of its visiting staff to its graduates also prevails.

Post-Graduate Work

On special services as Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat the staff men are usually men who have had a general hospital experience here

or elsewhere. They take the service to become specialists in their particular line, and can thus be regarded as post-graduate students. They receive a hospital diploma for one year's service.

The College of Physicians and Surgeons gives a post-graduate

course in Pediatrics.

It is, however, probable that as the hospital is used by 614 under-graduates each year from three different medical colleges, there is not much opportunity for post-graduate work.

Training of Nurses

The training of nurses has been a valuable feature of Bellevue Hospital. The Training School was not established by the Hospital authorities, but by a group of public-spirited women who wished to improve conditions.

They sent abroad a young man who had just finished his hospital course. He studied the training schools abroad and consulted with Florence Nightingale, who helped to outline a plan for the new

School. That young man was Dr. W. Gill Wylie.

Miss Helen Bowden, known as Sister Helen, of University Hospital. London, was selected for superintendent of the new School and served for four years in that capacity, when, because of ill health, she returned to England.

The School began operations in 1873 and gradually took over the

nursing of the patients.

Previous to this time the nursing, if such it could be called, was done by the prisoners from the Workhouse, and deplorable conditions

were present.

This School has graduated about 1400 nurses; they have been called to the superintendency of many other training schools in this and other countries, and so Bellevue has had an important influence in the development of other training schools and of the profession of nursing.

Of late years a post-graduate course in nursing has been established and many graduates of training schools in smaller places come

for a course of from six months to a year.

There are also thirty-nine schools affiliated with Bellevue Training School who send pupils for courses in such subjects as they cannot get at home.

The Mills Training School for Attendants is now under the super-

vision of the Women's School.

The Training School has one hundred and eighty-nine women as pupil-nurses; forty men in the Mills School, and graduate head nurses for each ward, and as supervisor and instructors, bringing the total number of nurses to approximately three hundred; and this is a shortage of seventy-five.

An eight-hour day for nurses is now being brought into force

gradually.

It is interesting to note that there are now in this country 1776 nurses' training schools, 55251 pupil nurses and 151,466 graduate.

Frequent changes have taken place in the head of the Training School of late years, usually because the superintendent was called into government service.

Whoever was the head of the school Miss Carrie Brink, Assistant Superintendent, was always at her side, giving the benefit of her intimate knowledge of the problems of the hospital and school.

With the resignation of Miss Hilliard as Superintendent, Miss

Brink was made Superintendent of the Training School.

She was a true educator in the training of pupil-nurses, decisive in her judgment and action, vigilant in all things, cheerful in her manner, and when she dropped dead at her post December 10, 1920, the Hospital and Training School suffered an irreparable loss.

The School for Midwives

This was opened in 1911 in the old emergency hospital building. An eight-months training course is given. The students give their services in return for free instruction. About fifty midwives are graduated each year. Most of the patients are attended in their homes, but there are eighteen beds in the Emergency Hospital Service.

In this department 850 patients were delivered last year.

This makes a total of 2350 deliveries in this and the regular obstetrical service of Bellevue Hospital.

Social Service

Of late years there has been an effort to supplement the Hospital work by caring for the convalescent and investigating the needs

of the families of patients in their homes.

A Social Service Department was formed years ago under the supervision of Miss Mary Wadley. Forty graduate nurses are employed; the city pays for fourteen. The money for the others is raised by subscriptions and Chrsitmas offerings and in this the Board of Managers are active.

These nurses work in the pre-natal and post-natal clinics, in tuberculosis service, in the venereal service of the out-patient department. They send patients to convalescent homes, pay car fares, secure clothing for the needy, supply food for needy convalescents, supply braces, abdominal supporters, elastic stockings, etc.

Its nurses, working with the various return clinics of the Hospital, are very helpful in looking up and finding out the condition of

those who do not return.

Membership of Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital

Our Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital now has the following membership:

Active Resident members	202
Resident Permanent Associate members	121
Non-resident Permanent Associate members	2
Emeritus members	3
Honorary members	3

Although the number of internes is greatly increased, a large number do not reach the grade of House. Each year twenty-four are graduated qualified to join this society. The others get a short

term certificate for a one year service.

The present methods of appointing assistants to a director of the service instead of full visitings also lessens the number of men

eligible to permanent associate membership. Changes in our constitution and by-laws will be advisable from time to time.

President
EBEN FOSKETT

Vice-President
EDWARD SHEARMAN McSWEENY

Secretary
JAMES TREAT GORTON
181 Park Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.

Treasurer
OSWALD SWINNEY LOWSLEY
853 Seventh Avenue

Historian Robert James Carlisle

Committee on Science

EBEN FOSKETT, Ex-Officio

WILLIAM EMERY STUDDIFORD

CHARLES BLOUNT SLADE

Committee on Entertainment
EDWARD SHEARMAN McSWEENY, Ex-Officio
JOHN WYCKOFF

Louis Clausen Schroeder

Committee on New Members

MARK LANCE FLEMING, Chairman RICHARD TRAVIS ATKINS

DAVID NYE BARROWS

EDWIN WILSON HOLLADAY
ARTHUR SOPER ARMSTRONG

PROGRAMMES

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1921

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Address of the retiring president, Dr. Charles B. Slade.
Installation of Officers and Standing Committees.
President's address. Dr. Eben Foskett.
Paper: Carcinoma of the Kidney. Dr. James T. Pilcher.
Discussion: Pathological Aspects. Dr. Alexander Fraser (by invitation.)

Diagnostic and Urological Aspects. Dr. Edwin Beer (by invitation.)

General Surgical Aspects. Dr. John F. Erdmann.

Paper: Pyosalpinx and the Fourth Era of Surgery. Dr. Robert T. Morris.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1921

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper: Duodenal Obstruction. Dr. Stanmore L. Cash. Discussion: William Van Valzah Hayes (by invitation), Dr. Leon T. LeWald (by invitation), Dr. Dudley Roberts. Paper: Surgical Aspects of Duodenal Obstruction with Report of Cases. Dr. Edward L. Kellogg. Discussion: Dr. William A. Downes (by invitation.)

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1921

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Report of Cases. Dr. Edwin W. Holladay.

Paper: Pellagra. Surgeon Joseph Goldberger, U.S.P.H.S. Discussion: James W. Jobling (by invitation), Dr. William B. Trimble (by invitation).

Demonstration of the Routine Method of Examining Joints. Dr. John J. Nutt.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1921

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Report of Case: Papillary Cyst Adenoma of the Ovary. Dr. Irving S. Haynes.

Presentation of Instrument: Traction Tongs for Fracture of

Femur. Dr. Albert E. Sellenings. Paper: General Anaesthesia. Dr. Morris M. Sweeney (by

invitation).

Paper: Local Anaesthesia. Dr. Albert S, Morrow. Paper: Sacral Anaesthesia. Dr. Parker Syms. Discussion: Dr. H. Lyman Hooker.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1921

SCIENTIFIC SESSION—

Paper: Dehydration in Infancy. Dr. Louis C. Schroeder.

Discussion: Dr. Oscar M. Schloss (by invitation).
Paper: Blood Transfusion at Bellevue Hospital. Dr. Rufus È. Stetson.

Discussion: Dr. Charles H. Nammack, Dr. John V. Bohrer.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1921.

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper: Post-Graduate Medical Education. Dr. Louis B. Wilson of the Mayo Clinic (by invitation).

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1921

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Report of Cases: Mongolian Idiocy. Dr. Stafford McLean.
Paper: Pyelitis in Pregnancy. Dr. Harbeck Halsted.
Discussion: Dr. H. Dawson Furniss (by invitation).
*Paper: Cardiac Disease as a Complication of Pregnancy. Dr.
W. W. Herrick (by invitation).

Discussion: Dr. Warren Coleman.

*Not presented.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1921

SCIENTIFIC SESSION—

Paper: Experimental Studies on Rickets. Dr. Alwin M. Pappenheimer.

Discussion: Dr. Alfred F. Hess (by invitation).

Paper: Observations on the Correction of External Nasal Deformities—Lantern Demonstration. Dr. Hugh B. Blackwell.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1921

SCIENTIFIC SESSION-

Paper: A Urologist's Views on Syphilis. Dr. Charles H. Chetwood.

Paper: The Diagnosis of Syphilis. Dr. Irving H. Pardee (by invitation).

invitation).

Paper: The Treatment of Syphilis. Dr. William B. Trimble (by invitation).

General Discussion.

TREASURER'S REPORT

Balance on hand January 1, 1921	\$2,755.49
RECEIPTS DURING 1921:	
Resident Active Members \$2109.00 Non-Resident and Associate Members 387.00 Permanent Associate Members 184.00 Interest on Liberty Bonds 85.00 Interest on Other Bonds 220.00 Interest on Bank Deposit 85.70	
Members' Dinner Guests, Cigars 82.00	2152 52
Refund Army and Navy Stores 1.00	3153.70
Total receipts during 1921	5909.19
Expenditures During 1921:	
Edgar Printing & Stationery Co	
and Dr. Gouley 67.00	
Total expenditures for 1921	2959.20
BalanceExchange on Canadian check	2949.99 .35
Balance on hand January 1, 1922 To error	\$2949.64 .50
	\$2950.14

OSWALD S. LOWSLEY

Examined and found correct Robert M. Daley A. S. Morrow L. A. Zerega di Zerega

PRIZES AND AWARDS

PRIZES

At the meeting on November 6th, 1907, the following resolution was passed:

RESOLVED: That the income derived from the invested funds of this Society shall be devoted to the establishment of two prizes, annually, which shall not exceed one hundred dollars each, and which may be awarded to the two members of the House Staff of Bellevue Hospital, who shall submit, either during their house service or within one year from the completion of their house service, the best papers based on observation and clinical studies made during their work in the hospital.

That these papers shall be signed, each with an assumed name, and have a motto, both of which shall be endorsed on a sealed

envelope containing the author's name and address.

That each paper shall be typewritten and, with its accompanying sealed envelope, placed in the hands of the Committee on Science

on or before the first day of December.

That these papers shall indicate careful preparation, be characterized by clearness and conciseness of expression, and be, in the judgment of the Committee on Science, of decided value to the members of the medical profession.

That the Committee on Science shall examine these papers, select the two having the greatest merit, and report their decision to the

Society at the January meeting.

That if, in the opinion of the Committee, none of the papers presented are of sufficient importance, one or both of the prizes may be withheld.

AWARDS

Awarded in 1909 to Clarence P. Obendorf of the 2nd Medical Division for an essay entitled: "A Case of Multiple Exostoses Coupled with Syringo-myelia."

No papers submitted in 1910.

Both prizes awarded in 1911. One to Alexander H. Schmitt, of the 3rd Gynæcological Division, for an essay entitled "Relation of the Cervical Smear to the Diagnosis and Treatment of Diseases of the Fallopian Tubes," and one to F. L. Brown, of the 1st Medical Division, for an essay entitled: "Report of a Case of Infective Endocarditis Associated with an Unidentified Liquefying Bacillus."

Prizes and Awards

Prize not awarded in 1912.

Awarded in 1913 to Albert M. Meads, of the 4th Gynæcological Division, for an essay entitled: "The Acidosis Index: A Method of Determination for the Use of the General Practitioner by Means of a Universal Colorimeter."

No awards were made in 1914, or 1915.

Awarded in 1916 to David P. Barr, of the 2nd Medical Division, for an essay entitled: "Myositis Ossificans Progressiva."

No awards in 1917, 1918, 1919 or 1920.

Awarded in 1921 to Meredith F. Campbell of the 1st Medical Division for an essay entitled: "Granuloma Inguinale."

THE ANNUAL MEETINGS AND REUNIONS

The society was in its second year when it inaugurated a series of annual meetings. It was ambitious to be considered an active, vigorous society and to take a prominent part in the work of the medical associations of the city. Another and an important purpose was to be a rallying point for Bellevue men—to foster the spirit of fellowship and good-will that was known to exist among those who began their career in Bellevue Hospital.

"Than seide Petyr to seynt Ion, 'Whi art thou so sory a mon? Whi wepistou & what is thee? For felaschip telle thou me.'"

First Annual Meeting, Academy of Medicine, April 4, 1888.

Address by Professor William T. Councilman of Johns
Hopkins: "On Predisposition in Tuberculosis."

Second Annual Meeting, Academy of Medicine, April 3, 1889.
Address by Professor William Osler of Philadelphia:
"On Phagocytes."

REUNIONS AND BANQUETS

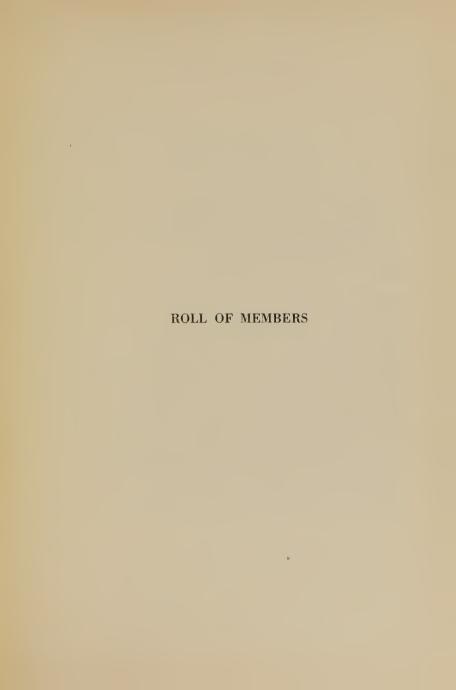
First Hotel Brunswick, April 9, 1890. Second Hotel Brunswick, April 1, 1891. Third Hotel Brunswick, February 1, 1893. Fourth Hotel Brunswick, February 6, 1895. Fifth Hotel Waldorf, February 11, 1897. Sixth Waldorf Astoria, January 25, 1899. Seventh Delmonico's, February 4, 1903. Eighth Delmonico's, March 13, 1907. Ninth Delmonico's, March 23, 1909.

Tenth Delmonico's, February 28, 1911. Twenty-fifth Anniversary.

Eleventh Delmonico's, January 30, 1914. Twelfth Hotel Astor, April 11, 1917.

Thirteenth Hotel Astor, May 14, 1919. In honor of members returning from War.





HONORARY MEMBERS

Councilman, William Thomas, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Mass. Elected 1888

M.D., University of Maryland, 1878, A.M., hon., Harvard, 1898, Johns Hopkins, 1903, LL.D., Maryland, 1904, McGill, 1906.

Professor of Pathology, Harvard University.

American Medical Association, National Academy of Sciences, American Academy of Sciences, American Academy of Medicinc, Massachusetts Medical

Mayo, Charles Horace _____Rochester, Minn. Elected 1915

M.D., Northwestern University, Chicago, 1888, A.M., hon., 1902, LL.D., Maryland, 1909, Kenyon College, 1916, Sc.D., Princeton, 1917.

Surgeon to Mayo Clinic St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, Minn. American Medical Association (President, 1916-1917), Royal College of Surgeons, 1920, American College of Surgeons (Regent; President, 1914-1915), American Surgical Association, American Association of Railway Surgeons, Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, International Congress on Tuherculosis (President Section on Surgery, 1908-1909), Catholic Hospital Association of the United States and Canada, Federation of State Medical Boards, Advisory Council Northern Division American Red Cross, American Association for Advancement of Science, American Genetic Association, Minnesota State Medical Society (President, 1905), Minnesota Public Health and Southern Minnesota Medical Associations, Southern Surgical and Gynaecloogical and Western Surgical and Gynaecological Societies (President of latter, 1904-1905), Society of Clinical and cynaccological Societies (Fresident of latter, 1994-1995), Society of Clinical Surgery, Serbian Medical Society, Belgrade (Honorary Member), National Institute of Social Sciences (Honorary Member), Bronx County Medical Society (Honorary Member), National Association for Constitutional Government, American Federation of Arts (Associate Member), Minneapolis Society of Fine Arts. Rochester (Minn.), Civic and Commerce Association, Seven Seas Society (Vice-President), Sigma Xi, Elector of the Hall of Fame.

War Service: Colonel, M.C., U.S.A. Associate Chief Surgical Consultant, duration of the war; Instructor on Military Surgery at Mayo Clinic.

Distinguished Service Medal, April, 1920.

Honorary Wembers

Mayo, William James _____Rochester, Minn. Elected 1903

M.D., University of Michigan, 1883, A.M., hon., 1889, Sc.D., hon., 1908, Columbia, 1910, LL.D., Toronto, 1906, Maryland, 1907, Pennsylvnaia, 1912, Fellow Royal

College of Surgeons, Edin., 1905, England, 1913.
Surgeon St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, Minn.
American Medical Association (President, 1905-1906), American College of
Surgeons (President, 1917-1918-1919); American Surgical Association (President, 1913-1914); Society of Clinical Surgery (President, 1911-1912); American Association for Advancement of Science, Minnesota State Medical Society, Member Board of Regents University of Minnesota since 1907, Southern Minnesota Medical Association, C.E. Société de Chirurgie de Paris, 1910, Honorary Member Sociedad Peruana de Cirujia, 1920, Sigma Xi.

War Service: Colonel, M.C., U.S.A. Chief Surgical Consultant duration of the war, Surgeon General's Office, Washington, D. C.

Distinguished Service Medal, May 24, 1919.

NOTE

The 1st Medical Division as it now exists, prior to 1874 was the 2nd Medical Division organized in 1850; it came under control of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1882.

The 2nd Medical Division as it now exists, prior to 1874 was the 3rd Medical Division organized in 1850; it came under New York University control in 1882 and Cornell control in 1898.

The 3rd Medical Division as it now exists, prior to 1874 was the 1st Medical Division organized in 1850; it came under Bellevue Hospital Medical College control in 1882 and New York University control in 1898.

The 4th Medical Division as it now exists was first organized in 1856, discontinued in 1866, and re-organized in 1874.

The 1st Surgical Division as it now exists, prior to 1874 was the 2nd Surgical Division organized in 1850; it came under New York University control in 1882 and the College of Physicians and Surgeons control in 1898.

The 2nd Surgical Division as it now exists, prior to 1874 was the 1st Surgical Division organized in 1850; it came under the College of Physicians and Surgeons control in 1882 and under Cornell control in 1898.

The 3rd Surgical Division as it now exists, was first organized in 1859; it came under Bellevue Hospital Medical College control in 1882 and under New York University control in 1898.

The 4th Surgical Division as it now exists was first organized in 1874.

EMERITUS MEMBERS

Brill, Nathan Edwin _____48 West 76th St., New York 2nd Medical, April 1, 1881 Elected 1894

A.B., College of the City of New York, 1877, A. M., 1883, M.D., New York University, 1880.

Chief Physician 1st Division, Mt. Sinai Hospital.
American Medical. American Neurological, National Tuberculosis Associations,
Association of American Physicians, American Research, Association for Advancement of Science, New York Academy of Medicine. New York State and County Medical and Harvey Societies, New York Tuberculosis Association and Association for Prevention and Relief of Heart Disease.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. New York State Council of National Defense, Director Base Hospital 3, (Mount Sinai unit). Awaiting orders to France when operation involving permanent loss of voice incapacitated him for active service in the field.

Chandler, William Jessup _____123 Milligan Pl., South Orange, N.J. 2nd Medical, April 1, 1869 Elected 1894

A.B., Yale, 1864, M.D., Columbia, 1868.

Consulting Surgeon Orange Memorial and St. Barnabas Hospital, Newark, Secretary Medical Society of New Jersey since 1897.

American Medical Association, Medical Society of New Jersey (President, 1916), Orange Mountain Medical Scoiety, Practitioners' Club of West Hudson.

Dennis, Frederic Shepard_____62 East 55th St., New York Elected 1893 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1876

A.B., Yale, 1872, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1874.

Consulting Surgeon Bellevue Hospital, St. Vincent's Hospital, Montefiore Home, St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers, Litchfield, Conn., Hospital, Royal College of Surgeons, England, 1877, (F.R.C.S., later). American Medical and American Surgical Associations, New York Academy of Medicine.

Volunteer Medical Reserve Corps, U.S.A.

Griffith, Jefferson Davis----1225 Rialto Building, Kansas City, Mo. 3rd Surgical, October 1, 1873 Elected 1893

M.D., New York University, 1871. Chief of Staff St. Joseph's Hospital, Kansas City.

American Medical, American Orthopaedic and Western Surgical Associations, American College of Surgeons, Association of Military Surgeons of the United States (Ex-President), Army and Navy Club, Washington, D. C.

War Service: Chairman Medical Advisory Board 53, Kansas City.

Emeritus Wembers

Gwathmey, Lomax _____220 Freemason St., Norfolk, Va. 4th Medical, April 1, 1892 Elected 1892

M.D., University of Virginia, 1889, Columbia, 1890.

Surgeon Norfolk Protestant Hospital, Co-Proprietor St. Christopher's Private Hospital.

American Medical and Southern Surgical Associations, American College of Surgeons, Virginia State and Norfolk County Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, Major, Lieut. Colonel, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 41 (Univ. of Va. Unit), St. Denis, France; on detached service with Evacuation Hospital 4, Sanhesme; wounded November 2, 1918, at Froncelleville, and invalided home.

Citation 1920.

Gwyer, Fred Walker____Lincoln Hospital, New York 1st Surgical, April 1, 1885 Elected 1886

M.D., New York University, 1883.

Medical Superintendent Lincoln Hospital, New York.

New York Surgical Society.

1st Surgical, April 1, 1886 Elected 1887

M.D.. New York University, 1834, LL.D., Manhattan College, 1909. Chief Surgeon The John W. Keefe Surgery, Consulting Surgeon Rhode Island. St. Joseph's and City Hospitals, Providence Memorial, Pawtucket and Woonsocket Hospitals.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons. American Associction of Obstetricions and Gynæcologists (President 1916-1917), Rhode Island and Providence Medical Societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Medical Aid to the Governor of Rhode Island.

Lockwood, George Roe _____University Club, New York Visiting Physician, 1st Division, 1898 Elected 1892

A.B., College of City of New York, 1881, M.D., Columbia, 1884.

Consulting Physician Bellevue Hospital since 1918.

American Medical and American Gastro-Enterological Associations, New York State and County Medical, New York Pathological, New York Clinical Societies, Alumni Society, New York Hospital.

War Service: Local Board.

Swift, George Montague______130 East 67th St., New York 4th Medical, April 1, 1881 Elected 1897

A.B., Amherst, 1876, A.M., 1879, M.D., Columbia, 1879.
American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, Alumni Society New York Foundling Hospital.

----25 West 37th St.. Winters, Joseph Edcil _____ 2nd Medical, October 1, 1875 Elected 1894

M.D., New York University, 1872.
Consulting Physician Willard Parker and Riverside Hospitals, New York, Holiday Farm, Rhinebeck, N. Y., Christ Hospital, Jersey City, St. Joseph's, Yonkers, Consulting Paediatrician Mt. Vernon and Flushing Hospitals.
American Medical Association, American Paediatric Society, New York Acad-

emy of Medicine.

RESIDENT ACTIVE MEMBERS

(Within thirty miles of Columbus Circle)

A

____113 East 78th St., New York Abbott, Theodore Jacob Elected 1904 4th Medical, July 1, 1902

A.B., Harvard, 1896. M.D., Columbia, 1900. Visiting Physician 4th Division Bellevue Hospital, Clinical Professor of Medicine New York University.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Major. M.C., U.S.A. Member Tuberculosis Examining Board, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., November, 1917-January, 1918; Chief of Medical Service Base Hospital 116, January, 1918-February, 1919.

Adams, Phineas Hillhouse _____129 East 74th St., 1st Medical, January 1, 1912 Elected 1914

A.B., Harvard, 1905, M.D., Columbia, 1909.
Physician Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician 1st Division Bellevue Hospital since 1917.

American Medical Association, New York State and County and Quiz Medical

War Scrvice: Local Board 158, New York.

Alexander, Lawrence Dade, Jr.____130 West 59th St., 3rd Medical, July 1, 1904 Elected 1919

M.D., University of Virginia 1901, University-Bellevue, 1902.
Oto-Laryngologist Penitentiary Hospital, Blackwell's Island, since 1919, Assistant Surgeon New York Eye and Ear Infitmary since 1915.
American Medical and American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine.
New York State and County and Cotham Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.R.C., U.S.A. Not called. Medical Advisory Board 6.

-----872 Park Place, Brooklyn Anderson, Robert Burns -1st Surgical, July 1, 1901 Elected 1902

B.S., Cornell, 1892, M.D., 1899.

Surgeon-in-Chief Department of Genito-Urinary Diseases Caledonian Hospital since 1915, Cystoscopist St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn.

American College of Surgeons, Brooklyn Surgical Society.

War Service: Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A. 36th Division, Fort Worth, Texas; Base Hospital 37 (Kings County Hospital Unit), England, Camp Hospital 82, Base Section 4, France; Sorbonne University, Paris.

Anderton, Walter Palmer ______800 Park Ave., New York 1st Medical, July 1, 1913 Elected 1914

A.B., Harvard, 1908, M.D., Columbia, 1911.

Assistant Visiting Physician Presbyterian Hospital, Attending Physician Out-Patients.

American Medical and National Tuberculosis Associations, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County and Quiz Medical Societies.

War Service: Two Local Boards; Aviation Examining unit Manhattan Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital.

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Armstrong, Arthur Soper _____568 Park Ave., 2nd Gynæcological, Dec. 31, 1906 Elected 1907

A.B., Cornell, 1902, M.D., 1904.

Assistant Surgeon Children's Service 4th Division Bellevue Hospital since 1916, Senior Assistant Surgeon Knickerbocker Hospital since 1919. American Medical Association, New York State Society.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; Camp Crane, Allentown, Pa., U. S. General Hospital 36, Detroit, Mich.

Armstrong, Edgar Bond ______75 East 79th St., 1st Medical, January 1, 1909 Elected 1921

M.D., Columbia, 1905.

Associate Attending Surgeon Woman's Hospital and French Hospital. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies, New York Academy of Medicine.

Atkins, Richard Travis _____4 West 53rd St., 3rd Medical, July 1, 1908 Elected 1909

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1906.

Senior Assistant Oto-Laryngologist Bellevue Hospital, Senior Assistant Surgeon (Otological) New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, Attending Otologist Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled.

American Medical Association, New York Otological Society.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A Fort Slocum, N. Y., 1917; Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit), 1917-September 28, 1918, New York and Vichy, France; Evacuation Hospital 4, October 4, 1918-February 18, 1919; Argonne and Coblenz; C.O., Evacuation Hospital 22, February 18-July 16, 1919, Coblenz and home.

Austin, Dixon Lawrence ______189 Claremont Ave., 4th Surgical, July 1, 1917 Elected 1921

A.B., Spring Hill College, Ala., 1908, M.D., Fordbam, 1915.
Assistant Surgeon Out-Patients 4th Division Bellevue Hospital since 1919,
Clinical Assistant Manhattan Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital.
New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A Mobile Operating Unit 1; Temporary Honorary Lieutenant, Harvard Unit with the Royal Army Medical Corps, B.E.F., May-December, 1917, General Hospital 22, Dannes-Camiers, France.

Order of St. Sava, 4th Class from the King of Serbia.

B

Bailey, Harold Capron _____22 East 68th St., New York 2nd Gynæcological, January 1, 1906 Elected 1906

M.D., Cornell, 1903.

Assistant Obstetrician Bellevue Hospital since 1910, Manhattan Maternity since 1912, Associate Gynaecologist Memorial Hospital since 1915.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgcons, American Gynaecological and New York Obstetrical Societics, Nu Sigma Nu.

Banks, Charles Wesley 6 North Munn Ave., East Orange, N. J. 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1891 Elected 1913

M.D., Bellevuc Mcdical, 1890. Chief Surgeon St. Mary's Hospital, Orange, since 1906, Medical and Surgical Director Thomas A. Edison Affiliated Interests, Orange, Surgeon Dr. Banks' Private Hospital, East Orange.

War Service: Local Board.

----68 East 56th St., New York Barclay, Harold _____ 1st Medical, January 1, 1901 Elected 1902

M.D., Columbia, 1899.

Assistant Visiting Physician 4th Division Bellevuc Hospital, Consulting Gastro-Enterologist United Hospital, Portchester, N. Y., Northern Westchester Hospital,

Mt. Kisco, N. Y.

American Medical and American Gastro-Enterological Associations, New York

Academy of Medicine, New York State Medical Society.

War Service: Lieut.-Colonel, M.C., U.S.A. Consulting Medical Officer 42nd Division, Toul group of hospitals.

Barkhorn, Henry Charles _____ ---45 Johnson Ave., Newark, N.J. 4th Gynæcological, July 1, 1909 Elected 1910

M.D., Cornell, 1907.

Assistant Cranial Surgeon Ear Department and Laryngologist Newark Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chief of Staff Ear, Nose and Throat Department, Newark Beth lsrael Hospital.

American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Essex County Medical Societies, Academy of Medicine of Northern New Jersey.

War Service: Local Board, Newark.

Barr, David Preswick _____218 Central Ave., Flushing, N. Y. 2nd Medical, July 1, 1916. Elected 1921

A.B., Cornell, 1911, M.D., 1914.

Assistant Visiting Physician 2nd Division Bellevue Hospital.

American Medical Association, Society of Experimental Biology and Medicine. War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 2 (Presbyterian Hospital unit), Étretat, France.

A.B., Yale, 1908, M.D., Cornell, 1912.

Gynaecologist Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Gynaecologist Bellevue Hospital since 1916, Assistant Surgeon Manhattan Maternity since 1916, Attending Cynaecologist and Obstetrician Volunteer Hospital since 1916, Consulting Cysto-

scopist New Rochelle Hospital since 1917, Chief Gynaecological Clinic Cornell Dispensary.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Societies. War Service: Major, M.C., New York Guard, 1st Field Artillery, N.C.N.Y.

Benedict, Albert Newell _____169 Glenwood Ave., Yonkers, N.Y. 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1907 Elected 1908

M.D., Cornell, 1905.

Attending Surgeon St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers. American Medical Association, New York State and Westchester County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, M.C., U.S.A., 167th Infantry, 27th Division, 2nd American Army Corps, with B.E.F.

Bensel, Walter ---------8 East 68th St., New York 4th Surgical, October 1, 1891 Elected 1892

M.D., Columbia, 1890.

American Medical Association, New York State Society, Medical Association Greater New York.

Greater New York.

War Service: Lieutenant, Naval Militia, N. Y., Major, M.C., U.S.A., Lieut., Colonel. Lieutenant (l.d.o.), C.O., 2nd Division, 1st Battalion, N.M.N.Y., February-March, guarding Hell Gate Bridge, N. Y.; U.S.S. "Ohio", C.O., 2nd Division of ship, June-July, 1917. Major, M.C., Instructor in Military Tactics, M.O.T.C., Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Surgeon, 371st Infantry, September-November, Assistant Division Surgeon, Officer in charge of instruction of medical personnel, 81st Division, November, 1917-March, 1918, Lieut.-Colonel, M.C., C.O. 306th Sanitary Train, Camps Jackson and Sevier, March-July; C.O. Base Hospital 98, Camps Hancock and Merritt and France, September-December, 1918, Sanitary Advisor to Officer in charge of Civil Affairs in occupied zone, Germany, January-June, 1919, Chief Sanitary Officer for Civil Affairs, American Representative on Foods Committee of Rhineland Commission and Special Advisor to American Rhineland Commissioner, July, 1919-January, 1920. visor to American Rhineland Commissioner, July, 1919-January, 1920.

Betts, Harrison _____146 Elliott Ave., Yonkers, N. Y. 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1912 Elected 1913

A.B., Cornell, 1907, M.D., 1910,

Assistant Surgeon and Pathologist St. John's Riverside Hospital, Pathologist

Yonkers Homeopathic Hospital and Maternity.
New York State Medical Society, Practitioners' Club, Yonkers.

War Service: Major M.C., U.S.A Field Hospital 333, 84th Division, Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Ky. and A.E.F.

Biggs, George Patten _____133 West 71st St., New York 3rd Medical, April 1, 1891 Elected 1892

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1889. New York Academy of Medicine, New York Pathological Society.

War Service: Enrolled but not called.

Biggs, Hermann Michael _____39 West 56th St., 3rd Medical, October 1, 1884 Elected 1886

A.B., Cornell, 1882, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1883, LL.D., New York University, 1907, Rochester, 1917, Sc.D., hon., Harvard, 1920.

Commissioner of Health State of New York, Medical Director-General League of Red Cross Societies, Geneva, Switzerland, Consulting Physician Bellevue and St. Vincent's Hospitals.

American Medical, American Public Health, National Tuberculosis and National Child's Welfare Associations, Association of American Physicians (President, 1920), New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County, Practitioners and Clinical Societies.

War Service: Red Cross.

Bishop, Ernest Simons ______15 West 73rd St., New York 2nd Gynæcological, July 1, 1910 Elected 1910

A.B., Brown, 1899, M.D., Cornell, 1908.

Clinical Professor of Medicine New York Polyclinic, Visiting Physician St. Joseph's Home for Consumptives, Consulting Physician St. Mark's Hospital, New York.

American Medical and American Public Health Associations, American College of Physicians, Society of Medical Jurisprudence, American Association for Study of Internal Secretions, American Medical Editors' Association, British Society for Study of Inebriety, New York Academy of Medicine, Medico-Surgical and West Side Clinical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 3.

Blackmon, Roy Lee _____859 Seventh Ave., 4th Surgical, January 1, 1919 Elected 1922

M.D., Atlanta Mcdical College, 1914.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A, Evacuation Hospital 37, Toul, France.

Blackwell, Hugh Burke ------148 West 58th St., 1st Surgical, July 1, 1905 Elected 1907

M.D., University of Virginia, 1901.

Senior Assistant Aural Surgeon New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, Attending Aurist New York State Hospital for Care of Crippled Children, Haverstraw, N. Y. American Medical Association, American Otological, American Laryngological. Rhinological and Otological Societies, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County, Gotham Medical and Alunni Societies of New York Eye and Ear Infirmary and New York Lying-In Hospital.

War Service: Medical Advisory Boards 4 and 6.

Blakeslee, George Arthur _____163 West 91st St., 3rd Medical, January 1, 1903 Elected 1909

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1901.

Instructor in Neurology Columbia, Visiting Physician Department of Neurology Vanderbilt Clinic.

New York Neurological and West Side Clinical Societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Division Psychiatrist 82nd Division, A.E.F.

Blythe, Rowland Parker_____211 Miln St., Cranford, N. J. 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1917 Elected 1918

A.B., Cornell, 1912, M.D., 1915.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, February, 1919, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital I (Bellevue Unit), Vichy, France.

Bohrer, John Verne _____ll6 East 58th St., New York 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1916 Elected 1918

B.S., University of Ohio, M.D., Cornell, 1914.
Adjunct Assistant Visiting Surgeon Children's Service 4th Division Bellevue
Hospital, Senior Assistant Surgeon Knickerbocker Hospital, New York State and County Medical Societies.

Bowman, James Floyd40 Union Ave., Irvington, N. J. 4th Surgical, January 1, 1907 Elected 1907

A.B., Columbia, 1900, M.D., 1904. Assistant Surgeon (Aural) New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Essex County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., Division of Head Surgery.

Boyd, Frank Robertson _____21 West 130th St., New York 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1905 Elected 1909

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1902.

Attending Surgeon Philanthropin Hospital, New York, since 1918.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Memher Local Board 140.

Braunlich, Arthur Richard _____153 West 82nd St., 1st Medical, January 1, 1896 Elected 1896

Ph.G., New York College of Pharmacy, 1886, M.D., Columbia, 1894.
Acting Director Bureau of Hospitals, New York City Health Department, Visiting Physician Riverside Hospital, New York, since 1910, St. Francis Hospital since 1908.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical and West Side Clinical Societies, Society of Medical Jurisprudence.

A.B., Yale, 1865, M.D., Columbia, 1869. Emeritus Professor of Dermatology New York Polyclinic. New York Academy of Medicine.

Brown, Samuel Albertus _____ ___155 West 58th St., 2nd Medical, December 1, 1896 Elected 1897

M.D., New York University, 1894.

M.D., New York University, 1894.
Visiting Physician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital, Consulting Physician New Rochelle and New York State Hospital for Care of Crippled Children, Haverstraw, N. Y., Hackensack, N. J. Hospital. Professor of Therapeutics and Dcan of Medical Faculty, New York University.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical and Harvey Societies, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College, Phi Gamma Delta and Nu Sigma Nu.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A., Chairman Medical Advisory Board 9; Surgeon General's Office, Washington.

Bunzel, Ernest Everett _____447 West 59th St., New York 1st Medical, July 1, 1919 Elected 1921

Litt.B., Princeton, 1914, M.D., Columbia, 1918.

Resident Obstetrician and Gynaecologist Sloane Hospital for Women.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Not called.

----147 Lexington Ave.. Burke, Martin _____ 3rd Surgical, October 1, 1877 Elected 1893 A.M., hon., St. Francis Xavier, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1876. New York Academy of Medicine.

_____1851 84th St., Brooklyn Byington, Roderick _____ 1st Medical, January 1, 1903 Elected 1905

B.S., Princeton, 1896, M.D., Columbia, 1900.

American Medical and National Tuberculosis Associations, New York State and Kings County, Bay Ridge Medical and Brooklyn Pathological Societies, Associated Physicians of Long Island.

War Service: Local Board 59.

C

____8 East 68th St., New York Cahill, George Francis _____ 4th Surgical, January 1, 1915 Elected 1915

M.D., Yale, 1911.

Assistant Visiting Surgeon 4th Division Bellevue Hospital, Assistant Attending Urologist New York Post-Graduate Hospital.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies, Alumni Society Post-Graduate Hospital, New York Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, November, 1917, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 8, (Post-Graduate Hospital unit), A.E.F., Surgical Team 19; C.O., Base Hospital 119, December, 1918, A.E.F.

Caldwell, William Edgar _____58 West 55th St., 3rd Surgeial, January 1, 1907 Elected 1907

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1904.

Associate Professor Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Columbia, Associate Director Sloane Hospital for Women, Assistant Attending Surgeon Nursery and Child's Hospital.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York Obstetrical Society.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.

Carlisle, Robert James _____44 West 48th St., 66 3rd Medical, April 1, 1886 Elected 1886

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1884. Director Medical Service 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital, Assistant Professor of Medicine New York University. American Medical and American Public Health Associations, New York Academy of Medicine, Harvey Society, Alumni Association University Bellevue Hospital Medical College (President, 1919-1921).

War Service: Contract Surgeon, U.S.A. Cardio-Vascular Examiner and Recorder, S.C.D. Board, 30th Division, Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C.; Medical Advisory Board 9, New York.

Carlucci, Gaston Arthur _____159 East 65th St., New York 1st Surgical, January 1, 1911 Elected 1911

M.D., Columbia, 1908.

Adjunct Assistant Visiting Surgeon, Chief of Surgical Clinic 1st Division Belle-

vue Hospital, Adjunct Visiting Surgeon Volunteer Hospital.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies,
Alumni Association College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Local Board 137.

Carr, Charles Edmund _____249 West 102nd St., 1st Medical, July 1, 1915 Elected 1922

A.B., Indiana University, 1905, M.D., Columbia, 1913,

Physician Out-Patients, St. Luke's Hospital. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

66

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 14.

Carr, Frank Clyde ______159 East 56th St., 1st Surgical, January 1, 1916 Elected 1918

M.D., Columbia, 1913.

Acting Assistant Aural Surgeon New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. Surgeon Société Internationale Foresterie et Miniere du Congo, Ishikapa,

Belgian Congo, Africa, 1916-1917. New York Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A Base Hospital, Camp Meade, Md., Overseas orders, Camp Crane, Allentown, Pa.

Carter, William Wesley _____2 West 67th St., 2nd Medical, December 1, 1897 Elected 1898

A.B., Mercer University, 1891, A.M., 1895, M.D., New York University, 1895. Visiting Laryngologist and Otologist, Gouverneur Hospital, Consulting, South Side Hospital, Bahylon, N. Y.

American Medical and American Laryngological Associations, American College of Surgeons, American Academy of Ophthalmology and Oto-Laryngology, American Rhinological and Otological Society, New York State and County Medical Societies, New York Medical Union.

Cash, Stanmore Langford _____429 Park Ave., 4th Surgical, January 1, 1903 Elected 1903

A.B., Newhury College, S.C., 1893, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1899. Visiting Physician West Side Dispensary and Hospital, Chief in Gastro-Enrology West Side Clinic.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies,

New York Academy of Medicine, Gastro-Enterology Association.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, M.C., U.S.A Tuherculosis Examining Board: New York, August-October, 1917; Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., October, 1917-January, 1918; Forts Morgan, Barancas, Dade, Key West Barracks, January-March, 1918; Camp (?), March, 1918; Camp Forest, March-April, Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C., April, 1918-January, 1919. President Tuberculosis Examining Board, July, 1918-January, 1919. Chief Gastro-Intestinal Department, Otisville, N. Y., January-April 14, 1919.

Cassebeer, Henry Arthur _____152 West 58th St., New York 1st Medical, July 1, 1902 Elected 1903

A.B., Harvard, 1896, M.D., Columbia, 1900.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A. Field Hospital 16, Fort Benjamin Harrison. Captain and Adjutant 308th Sanitary Train 83rd Division; C.O., Camp Hospital 50, A.E.F.; Major, Assistant, Chief, 7th Army Corps; Assistant Division Surgeon, 90th Division, A.E.F.

Chaffee, Amasa Day _____218 West 59th St., 1st Medical, July 1, 1895 Elected 1898

A.B., Yale, 1890, M.D., Columbia, 1893. District Physician New York Dispensary.

Chetwood, Charles Howard ______29 Park Ave., 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1889 Elected 1893

M.D., Bellevuc Medical, 1887, LL.D., Fordham. Visiting Surgeon 4th Division Bellevue Hospital, Consulting Genito-Urinary Surgeon French, St. John's, Knickerbocker Hospitals, New York, St. Agnes, White Plains and Nassau Hospital, Mineola, N. Y.

American Medical, American and International Urological Associations, Amer-

(President 1916), New York Academy of Medicinc, New York State and County Medical Societies (President of latter, 1920).

War Service: Special work in Venercal Disease Control for Surgeon General's Office, U.S.A.; Home Unit, New York Polyclinic.

Chisholm, William Alexander _____68 West 55th St., 3rd Surgical, October 1, 1898 Elected 1906

A.B., St. Francis Xavier College, Antigonish, N. S., 1891, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1896.

American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societics.

Cleaveland, Trumbull Williams _____218 West 59th St., 2nd Medical, April 1, 1886 Elected 1886

M.D., New York University, 1884.

Attending Physician New York Dispensary since 1901, Physician-in-Chief since

War Service: Clinical work in training Naval Cadets, 1917-1918.

Coakley, Cornelius Godfrey _____53 West 56th St., 2nd Medical, October 1, 1888 Elected 1889

A.B., College of the City of New York, 1884, A.M., 1887, M.D., New York University, 1887.

Professor of Oto-Laryngology, Columbia, since 1914, Visiting Surgeon-in-Charge of Ear, Nose and Throat Service Bellevue Hospital, Consulting Oto-Laryngologist Presbyterian and Woman's Hospital, New York and Southampton, N. Y. Hospital. American Medical, American Laryngological and American Otological Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 2; Consulting Laryngologist, Gas Defense Division, Long Island City.

Physician to Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician 4th Division Bellevue Hospital, Physician-in-Charge Occupational Clinic New York City Health Department.

New York State and County Medical Societies, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Medical College, Riverside Post American Legion.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. 83rd Divison and Camp Hospital.

war sorrisor dapana, mon, orona tota prison and damp nospital

Coryell, Clarence Catlin _____560 West 180th St., 4th Medical, July 1, 1905 Elected 1907

M.D., Cornell, 1903.

Assistant Visiting Physician Lutheran Hospital, Assistant Gastro-Enterologist, Woman's Hospital.

New York State and County, Auduhon and Washington Heights Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain M.C., U.S.A. General Hospital 1. New York, General Mospital 25, Fort Benjamin Harrison, General Hospital 30, Plattsburg Barracks.

Cowett, Max Phillip ______103 East 84th St., "
3rd Medical, July 1, 1917 Elected 1919

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1915.

Assistant Physician Out-Patients 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital.

Association for Prevention and Relief of Heart Disease.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A New York University Ambulance Section, S.S.U. with French Army; 165th Infantry, 42nd Division, U.S.A.

Croix de Guerre, French Army, May 17, 1918. Distinguished Service Citation, U. S. Army, October 14, 1918.

Craig, Howard Reid ______132 West 81st St., 2nd Medical, July 1, 1921 Elected 1922

A.B., Wesleyan, 1914, A.M., 1915, M.D., Cornell, 1919. Interne Memorial Hospittal, N. Y., 1919, Resident Physician Babies' Hospital, New York, 1921-1922.

66

War Service: Served as substitute Contract Surgeon, October- November, 1918, Ithaca, N. Y.; enlisted M.R.C. and S.A.T.C.

Cramp, Walter Concemore _____369 West End Ave., "4th Surgical, July 1, 1906 Elected 1906

A.B., Colgate University, 1900, M.D., Columbia, 1904. Visiting Surgeon 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital, Willard Parker and Hospital

for Deformities and Joint Diseases, Assistant Visiting Surgeon St. Francis Hos-

American College of Surgeons, New York State and Bronx County Medical

4th Surgical, April 1, 1887 Flored 1999.

Consulting Dermatologist General Memorial, Nursery and Child's, Manhattan

New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical So-

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospitals, Colored Orphan Asylum.

Crowe, Edwin Raisbeck _____200 Alexander Ave., 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1908 Elected 1908

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 16.

cieties and Alumni Society Roosevelt Hospital.

Crary, George Waldo _____

M.D., Columbia, 1885,

nital.

Societies

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1905.
New York State and Bronx County Medical Societies. Welfare League Association, Board 1. War Service: Local Board 1. Cudmore, John Homer _____216 East 39th St., 2nd Medical, July 1, 1907 Elected 1907 M.D., Cornell, 1905. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies. War Service: Medical member Local Board 123. Had to resign new commission in M.O.R.C. and take Local Board appointment, because there were only two American born physicians in that district. Cutler, Condict Walker _____135 West 76th St., 1st Medical, June 1, 1884 Elected 1886 B.S., Rutgers 1879, M.S., 1882, M.D., Columbia, 1882. Trustee New York Dispensary. American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies, Hospital Graduates Club. D ----120 Broadway, New York Daley, Robert Morris ____ Elected 1898 4th Medical, July 1, 1898 M.D., Columbia, 1896. American Medical Association, Association of Life Insurance Medical Directors, New York State and County Medical Societies. M.D., Columbia, 1878. American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Neurological and New York Pathological Societies. 132

Dunham, Theodore ----48 East 63rd St., New York 4th Surgical, April 1, 1890 Elected 1893 A.B., Harvard, 1885, M.D., 1888. Visiting Surgeon Post-Graduate Hospital. American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Surgical Society. Dwyer, Henry Edward ----_261 Madison St., Passaic, N.J. 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1914 Elected 1917 M.D., University-Bellevue, 1914. Assistant Visiting Surgeon and Assistant Visiting Obstetrician St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic. American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Passaic County Medical Societies, Practitioners' Club, Passaic. War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. 303rd Engineers, 78th Division, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J. and A.E.F. F ----28 West 56th St., New York Edgar, James Clifton _____ 2nd Medical, April 1, 1887 Elected 1893 Ph.B., Lafayette, 1882, A.B., hon., 1885, M.D., New York University, 1885. Visiting Obstetrician Bellevue Hospital, Manhattan Maternity Hospital. American Medical Association, American Gynaecological Society, New Academy of Medicine, New York State and County and Clinical Societies. Edgerton, Francis Cruger _____57 West 58th St., 4th Surgical, July 1, 1900 Elected 1901 B.S., Trinity, M.D., Columbia, 1898. Visiting Surgeon St. Francis Hospital, New York, Genito-Urinary Surgeon St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken. American Association of Genito-Urinary Surgeons. 66 Eglee. Edward Percy _____ ____105 East 53rd St., 1st Medical, January 1, 1916 Elected 1920 A.B., University of Colorado, 1909, M.D., Columbia, 1913.

Assistant Physician Tuberculosis Service, Chief of Tuberculosis Service Out-Patients Bellevue Hospital. New York County Medical Society. War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A Tuberculosis Examiner and Instructor. Elmendorf, Ten Eyck _____427 Fort Washington Ave., 66 1st Medical, July 1, 1908 Elected 1922 A.B., Rutgers, 1902, A.M., 1906, M.D., Columbia, 1906.
Assistant Attending Physician Children's Service, City Hospital 1922.
American Medical Association. New York State and County, Audubon and Washington Heights Medical Scoieties, Alumni Society, St. John's Guild, Physicians' Mutual Aid Association.

War Service: Medical Member of Local Board 149.

Emerson, Haven ______120 East 62nd St., New York 4th Medical, July 1, 1901 Elected 1903

A.B., Harvard, 1896, A.M., Columbia, 1899, M.D., Columbia, 1899.
American Medical, National Tuberculosis, National Child Hygiene, American Social Hygiene and American Public Health Associations, Association for Clinical Investigation, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical and Harvey Societies, New York Tuberculosis Association, Association for Prevention and Relief of Heart Disease.

War Service: Major, Lieut.-Colonel, Colonel, M.C., U.S.A. Chief Surgeon's Office, A.E.F., February, 1918-June, 1919.

Mcdaille des Épidemies en Vermeille. March. 1919. Chevalier Légion d'Honneur, May, 1919.

Emory, George Bache _____33 Washington St., Newark, N.J. 4th Medical, January 1, 1908 Elected 1908

A.B., Harvard, 1902, M.D., Columbia, 1905. Attending Physician Newark Memorial Hospital since 1912, Assistant Attending St. Michael's since 1919, Board of Health Medical Dispensary since 1914.

American Medical Association, New Jersey State Medical, Anatomical and Pathological, Medical and Surgical Societies and Physicians' Club of Newark, Academy of Medicine of Northern New Jersey.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Tuherculosis Examining Board, Camp Upton, N. Y.

Erdmann, John Frederick _____60 West 52nd St., New York 3rd Surgical, October 1, 1888 Elected 1889

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1887.

Director of Surgery New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Consulting Surgeon Gouverneur Hospital, Greenwich, Conn., and Mt. Vernon, N. Y. General Hospitals, Nassau Hospital, Mineola, N. Y. and All Souls' Hospital, Morristown, N. J. American Medical and American Urological Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical and New York Surgical

Societies.

Erdwurm, Frank _____128 East 34th St., 1st Medical, January 1, 1906 Elected 1906 M.D., Columbia, 1903.

Erler, Eugene William _____119 North 5th St., Newark, N. J. 4th Gynæcological, January 1, 1909 Elected 1909

A.B., Rutgers, 1903. M.D., Columbia, 1907.

Assistant Surgeon Presbyterian Hospital, Newark, Assistant Physician St. Michael's Hospital, Associate Physician Newark City Hospital.

American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Essex County Medical Societies, Academy of Medicine of Northern New Jersey.

War Service: Local Board.

M.D., Columbia, 1895.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine.

F

Fleming, Mark Lance -----Bellevue Hospital, New York 2nd Medical, July 1, 1903 Elected 1913

M.D., Cornell, 1901.

First Assistant Medical Superintendent Bellevue Hospital since 1910. American Hospital Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Adjutant Base Hospital, Camp Mills, Mineola. N. Y. April 15-September 23, 1918, Psychiatrist, General Hospital 1. New York, September 24, 1918-January 4, 1919, Executive Officer, Officers' Pavilion, January 4-April 26, 1919.

3rd Medical, October 1, 1891 Fleeted 1892, Flint, Austin ____

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1899, A.M., hon., Princeton, 1894.

Consulting Obstetrician Bellevue Hospital since 1919, Consulting Surgeon Wanhattan Maternity and Dispensary since 1901, Attending Cynaecologist St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Consulting Gynaecologist Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, Consulting Surgeon Newport, R. I., Hospital, Professor of Obstetrics and Clinical Professor of Gynaecology, New York University.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical and New York Obstetrical Societies, Alumni Society Woman's Hospital, Physicians' Mutual Aid Association.

Aid Association.

Fornell, Carl Hernfrid ______104 East 40th St., 1st Surgical, January 1, 1917 Elected 1920

A.B., Harvard, 1910, M.D., 1914.

Harvard Medical Society of New York, New York County Medical Society. War Service: Lieutenant, senior grade, U.S.N.R.F. Navy Yard, Boston; U. S. Aviation Detachment, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston; U. S. Section Base, Machias, Me.: Orthopaedic Instructor, U. S. Naval Class, Harvard Medical School; U. S. Transport "Mongolia".

Fort, Jay Irving _____139 Roseville Ave., Newark, N.J. 4th Surgical, June 1, 1910 Elected 1910

A.B., Columbia, 1903, M.D., 1907.

Assistant Surgeon St. Michael's Hospital since 1912, Assistant Gynaecologist Newark City Hospital since 1915, Adjunct Attending Surgeon Presbyterian Hospital, Newark, since 1919.

American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Essex County Medical

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Local Board; Surgeon Base Hospital Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

_106 Central Park West, New York Foskett, Eben ______ 2nd Medical, June 1, 1897 Elected 1898

M.D., New York University, 1895.
Attending Gynaecologist Booth Memorial Hospital, New York.
American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical and New York Obstetrical Societies, Society of Medical Jurisprudence, West Side Medical Association.

Frederickson, Victor255	West 9	0th St.,	New 1	York
3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1904	Elected			
M.D., University-Bellevue, 1902.				
American Medical Association New York State a	ind County	Medical	Societies	3.

- A.B., Virginia Military Institute, 1880, M.D., New York University, 1882. American Medical Association, New York State Medical Society.
- Frink, Claude Augustine _____464 West 144th St., 1st Surgical, July 1, 1904 Elected 1906

A.B., Williams, 1898, M.D., Columbia, 1902. Visiting Surgeon Knickerbocker and New York Polyclinic Hospitals, Assistant

Surgeon Park Hospital, New York, Associate Surgeon, U.S.N.R.F. American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County and Washington Heights Medical Societies, Medical Association of Greater New York.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.N. Federal Rendezvous, April, 1917-June, 1918; U. S. Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, June, 1918-July, 1919.

Frink, Horace Westlake ______17 East 38th St., 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1907 Elected 1910 M.D., Cornell, 1905.

Assistant Professor of Neurology Cornell since 1914. American Neurological, American Psychopathological (Secretary), American Medico-Psychological and American Psychoanalytic Associations (Vice-President); New York Academy of Medicine, New York Neurological and New York Psychoanalytic Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 8, Essential medical teacher.

Frost, Albert Dalbey _____218 Second Ave., 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1922 Elected 1922 B.S., University of Pittshurgh, 1912, M.D., 1919. House Staff New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. American Medical Association.

War Service: Private in National Army and M.E.R.C., Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.

G Garmany, Jasper Jewett _____33 West 42nd St., New York 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1883 Elected 1894

A.B., Princeton, 1879, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1882. Fellow Royal College of Surgeons, England, 1885, New York Academy of Medicinc.

Getty, Samuel Emmet_____84 Ashburton Ave., Yonkers, N. Y. 1st Surgical, October 1, 1894 Elected 1894

M.D., New York University, 1893. Attending Surgeon St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers. Consulting Surgeon Tarrytown Hospital.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State Medical Society, New York Academy of Medicine, Yonkers Academy of Medicine, Yonkers Practitioners' and Westchester Surgeons Clubs, Medico-Surgical Society, New York.

War Service: Major, M.C., Lieut. Colonel, M.R.C., U.S.A. Organizer and Director of Hospital Unit B (St. John's Hospital Unit), amalgamated with Base Hospital 23. Chief of Surgical Service of B.H. 23, April-August, 1918, C.O., August-December, 1918.

Gibb, William Travis ______42 West 75th St., New York 2nd Medical, October 1, 1887 Elected 1918

B.S., College of the City of New York, 1883, M.D., New York University, 1886, Attending Surgeon Central and Neurological Hospital, Blackwell's Island.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical Societies, Society of Medical Jurisprudence.

War Service: Local Board 125.

Gillette, Curtenius _____111 East 64th St., 4th Medical, July 1, 1903 Elected 1904

A. B. Yale, 1897 M.D., Columbia, 1901. Consulting Physician Manhattan State Hospital. New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, Major, Lieut. Colonel, M.C., U.S.A 110th Engineers, 35th Division, Camp Doniphan, Fort Sill, Okla., 137th Infantry, 35th Division, A.E.F.,; Evacuation Hospital 16, France and Germany.

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1905.

Adjunct Attending Surgeon Memorial Hospital since 1919, Associate Surgeon Lincoln Hospital since 1918, Associate Attending Surgeon Union Hospital since 1918, Surgeon Urological Department New York Dispensary since 1917.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, Bronx County

and Bronx Borough Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 14.

Gorton, James Treat ______181 Park Ave., Yonkers, N. Y. 4th Medical, January 1, 1903 Elected 1903

B.S., New York University, 1898, M.D., Cornell, 1900.
Attending Surgeon St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers, since 1908, Consulting Surgeon State Orthopaedic Hospital and Neustadter Home.

American Medical Association, New York State and Westchester County Med-

ical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Local Board 2, Yonkers.

.____2 West 88th St., New York Guile, Hubert Vivian _____ 4th Medical, January 1, 1910 Elected 1910

B.S., Princeton, 1903, M.D., Columbia, 1907.
Assistant Visiting Physician 4th Division Bellevue Hospital since 1913, Visiting Physician St. Bartholomew's Hospital.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County and Riverside Practitioners' Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Medical Advisory Board 1; Base Hospital, Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.; Base Hospital, Camp Johnson, Jacksonville, Fla.

H

Hagerty, John Francis_____30 Wallace Pl., Newark, N. J. 1st Surgical, April 1, 1894 Elected 1895

M.D., New York University, 1892.

Medical Director and Attending Surgeon St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, At-

tending Surgeon Home for Crippled Children.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New Jersey
State and Essex County Medical, Society of Surgeons of New Jersey, Academy
of Medicine of Northern New Jersey (President), A.M.P.O. Society.

War Service: Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., and Fort Ontario, N. Y.

Hall, John Mead _____568 Park Ave., New York 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1906 Elected 1906

M.D., Cornell, 1904.

Assistant Surgeon Department of Otology New York Eye and Ear Infirmary since 1916.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A Base Hospital, Edgewood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md.

Halsted, Harbeck _____128 East 60th St., 1st Medical, January 1, 1914 Elected 1915

M.D., Columbia, 1911.

Assistant Attending Obstetrician and Gynaccologist Sloane Hospital for Women, Assistant Attending Obstetrician New York Nursery and Child's Hospital, Associate in Gynaccology New York Post-Graduate Hospital,
American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

Alumni Society of Sloane Hospital.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.N.R.F. U.S. Transport "Martha Washington", 1917-1919.

Hamlen, George Dempster _____158 West 58th St., 2nd Medical, October 1, 1892 Elected 1892

A.B., Wesleyan, 1888, A.M., 1891, M.D., New York University, 1890. American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; Camp Surgeon's Office, Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.

Hawkins, William Hall _____252 West 73rd St., 1st Surgical, January 1, 1914 Elected 1917

A.B., Central University of Kentucky, 1906, M.D., Johns Hopkins, 1911.
Assistant Visiting Surgeon and Chief of Obstetrical Service, Volunteer Hospital since 1917, Adjunct Visiting Surgeon New York Lying-In Hospital, Chief of Gynaecological Clinic Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, Obstetrician to Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Obstetrician, Bellevue Hospital.

New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Rockefeller Institute; Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., Fort Sheridan Base Hospital 103, A.E.F. B.H., 212 A.E.F. B.H. 57, Paris.

Hawks, Everett Merle ______11 East 48th St., New York 1st Surgical, July 1, 1907 Elected 1907

A.B., Columbia, 1900, M.D., 1903.
Assistant Obstetrician Nursery and Child's Hospital.
American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies. War Service: Medical Advisory Board 4, Instructor in Medical School.

Haynes, Irving Samuel ______107 West 85th St., 1st Surgical, October 1, 1888 Elected 1889

Ph.B., Wesleyan, 1885, M.D., New York University, 1887, Sc.D., hon., Wesleyan, 1915.

Director Gynaecological Service Harlem Hospital since 1917, Visiting Surgeon Park Hospital, New York, since 1909, Consulting Surgeon Physicians' Hospital, Plattsburg, eince 1912.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Harlem Medical, New York Surgical, Lenox Medical and Surgical Societies.

War Service: In charge of treatment of naval officers and sailors at Park Hospital, N. Y.

Heitlinger, John Anthony _____457 West 143rd St., 3rd Medical, January 1, 1906 Elected 1907

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1903.

Assistant Attending Physician Harlem Hospital since 1917. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical and Harlem Clinical Societies.

66 Hennessy, James Patrick ______123 East 30th St., 3rd Medical, July 1, 1916 Elected 1917

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1914.

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1914.
Assistant Attending Obstetrician Nursery and Child's and New York Foundling
Hospitals, Assistant Gynaecologist Out-Patients St. Vincent's Hospital since
1919, Associate in Gynaecology, Post-Graduate Hospital.
American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societics,
New York Academy of Medicine, Alumni Society Lying-In Hospital.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 106, Beau Desert,

Hermann, John Herbert......149 Centre St., Orange, N. J. 3rd Surgical, January 1, 1917 Elected 1920

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1914.

Assistant Attending Surgeon and Assistant Attending Obstetrician St. Mary's Hospital, Orange, since 1919, Physician, City Hospital, Orange.

American Medical Association, New Jersey State, Essex County and William

Pierson Medical Societies.

War Service: Local Board, East Orange, N. J.

Hinsdale, Ira Alfred _____218 Second Ave., New York 2nd Medical, January 1, 1921 Elected 1921

A.B., Syracuse, 1910, M.D., Cornell, 1919. House Staff New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. Nu Sigma Nu.

War Service: Student Army Training Corps.

Holcomb, Henry van Velsor----245 Fulton Ave., Hempstead, N. Y. 1st Surgical, January 1, 1906 Elected 1906

Phar. D., New York College of Pharmacy, 1889, M.D., Columbia, 1903.
Junior Attending Surgeon Nassau Hospital, Mineola, Member staff Mercy
Hospital, Hempstcad, N. Y.
American Medical Association, Alumni Societies Sloane Hospital for Women
and City Hospital, New York.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 138, Camp Crane, Allentown, Pa., at Armistice.

Holladay, Edwin Wilson _____62 West 55th St., New York 2nd Gynæcological, July 1, 1913 Elected 1915

A.B., University of Virginia, 1905, M.D., 1911.

Assistant Visiting Gynaecologist Bellevue Hospital since 1915, Assistant Visiting Obstetrician New York Nursery and Child's Hospital since 1915.

New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Evacuation Hospital 48, Camp Greenleaf, Fort Ogletborpe, Ga.

Hollister, Frank Canfield _____264 West 77th St., 4th Medical, October 1, 1892 Elected 1892

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1890.

Visiting Physician St. Elizabeth's and New York Throat and Lung Hospitals,

Visiting Physician St. Elizabeth's and New York Infoat and Lung Hospitals, Consulting Physician Good Samaritan Hospital, Suffern, N. Y. American Medical Association, American Congress of Internal Medicine, American Association for Advancement of Science, New York Academy of Medicine, New York County Medical Society, American Red Cross.

War Service: Local Board 125.

66

Hooker, Henry Lyman _____51 East 50th St., 1st Surgical, June 1, 1906 Elected 1906

M.D., Columbia, 1904. New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Offered service to the British and was stationed at London Hospital, Whitechapel Road, E.C. in 1918. Later in 1918 joined the Royal Air Force and was placed in charge of Anglo-Chilian Hospital, London, for that division of His Majesty's Service.

Hope, George Bevan ______156 West 73rd St., 4th Surgical, April 1, 1877 Elected 1893

A.B., Princeton, 1869, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1875.
Attending Surgeon and Medical Superintendent Metropolitan Throat Hospital,
Consulting Surgeon Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary. American Laryngological Association.

Horan, Joseph Carrigan _____55 East 76th St., 66 4th Surgical, January 1, 1918 Elected 1921

A.B., Sacred Heart College, Denver, 1911, A.M., 1913, M.D., Harvard, 1915. Attending Surgeon Out-Patients New York Hospital since 1919, Manhattan Medical and Harvard Medical Societies, New York.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A., U. S. Ambulance service Italy and France commanding five motor ambulance sections until November, 1918; Adjutant U. S. Army Ambulance Service Hospital till May, 1919. Italian War Cross, 1918.

Hoyt, Alpheus Whiting _____506 Main St., New Rochelle, N.Y. 1st Surgical, December 1, 1897 Elected 1909

A.B., Dartmouth, 1888, A.M., 1899, M.D., New York University, 1895. New York State and Westchester County Medical Societies.

Hubbard, William Norris ______180 West 59th St., New York 1st Medical, May 1, 1888 Elected 1888

A.B., Williams, 1883, A.M., 1886, M.D., Columbia, 1886, Assistant Surgeon Manhattan Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital. American Medical Association, American Academy of Medicine, New York Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Examiner of candidates for aviation, Manhattan Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital.

Humphreys, Gustavus Adolphus _____129 West 80th St., "
Ist Medical, January 1, 1897 Elected 1897

A.B., University of Arkansas, 1890, M.D., Columbia, 1895.
Clinical Assistant in Surgery New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital.
American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical, Polyclinic School and Hospital Clinical and West Side Clinical Societies, Medical Association Greater New York.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 3.

Hunt, James Peter ______4 East 48th St., 3rd Medical, July 1, 1907 Elected 1908

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1905.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. 5th Division, A.E.F.

J

Jarvis, Nathan Sturges....N. Y. Ath. Club, Central Pk. S., New York 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1886 Elected 1886

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1884.

American Medical Association, Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, New York State and County and Greater New York Medical Societies. New York Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A. Attending Surgeon, New York, attached to Department of the East. Had medical care of all troops stationed in New York City, all sick casuals from entire country excepting those en route to France or returning, and all civilian employees of army in New York City, and prophylactic treatment of all persons ordered abroad from this district. Examiner of all candidates for commissions from New York District.

Ph.B., Yale, 1904, M.D., Vanderbilt University, 1909.
Assistant Visiting Urologist Bellevue Hospital, Assistant Visiting Surgeon Memorial Hospital since 1918, Cystoscopist St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, since 1917.

American Urological Society, New York Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 8.

Jennings, David Dunlop ______48 Second Pl., Brooklyn 1st Surgical, October 1, 1887 Elected 1910

M.D., New York University, 1886.
Surgeon Police Department, New York City.
Corresponding Fellow Edinburgh Obstetrical Society, New York State and
Kings County Medical Societies, Associated Physicians of Long Island.

Johnson, Austin Baker Hurwitz Bldg., Cedarhurst, N. Y. 3rd Medical, January 1, 1921 Elected 1921 M.D., University-Bellevue, 1919.

Justin, Arthur William 548 Humboldt St., Union Hill, N. J. 4th Surgical, July 1, 1913 Elected 1914

M.D., Cornell. 1911. Auxiliary Staff North Hudson Hospital, Weehawken, N. J. American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Hudson County Medical

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital, Camp Bowie, San Antonio, Texas.

K

Katzenbach, William Henry _____139 West 78th St., New York 2nd Medical, April 1, 1872 Elected 1888

A.B., Princeton, 1867, A.M., 1870, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1871.
Professor of Clinical Medicine, New York Polyclinic Medical School and

Hospital.

American Medical and National Tuberculosis Associations, New York State and County, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Clinical and Physicians' Mutual Aid Association.

War Service: Chairman Medical Advisory Board 3, New York.

Keane, Arthur Gaetano ______33 West 90th St., New York 3rd Medical, July 1, 1902 Elected 1908

M.D., University Bellevue, 1900. Lecturer in Surgery New York University. New York County Medical Society.

Kearns, Thomas Joseph ______70 West 94th St., 2nd Medical, January 1st, 1909 Elected 1913

A.B., Manhattan College, 1902, M.D., Cornell, 1906. Assistant Surgeon St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn, since 1916, House Physician Demilt Dispensary since 1912.

Kellogg, Edward Leland ------48 West 51st St., 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1900 Elected 1900 66

M.D., Columbia, 1895.

Director of Surgery Couverneur Hospital since 1917, Attending Surgeon for Alimentary Diseases, St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Department of Gastro-Enterology West Side Dispensary and Hospital, Consulting Surgeon Home Hospital, New York, Professor of Gastro-Enterology New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County and Eastern Medical and Polyclinic Medical School Clinical Societies. Association for Study of Internal Secretions.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 3.

Kilroe, Edward Patrick _____143 West 85th St., New York 3rd Surgical, October 1, 1896 Elected 1920

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1894. New York State and County Medical Societies.

Kraus, Walter Max _____141 West 75th St., 4th Medical, January 1, 1916 Elected 1916

A.B., Harvard, 1910 M.D., Johns Hopkins, 1913, A.M., Columbia, 1914.
Adjunct Assistant Neurologist Bellevue Hospital since 1916, Clinical Assistant
Neurology, Cornell Dispensary since 1917, Neurological Institute since 1919,
Adjunct Neurologist Mt. Sinai Hospital, Associate Member American Neurological
Association; New York Academy of Medicine, New York Neurological Society,
New York State Medical Society.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Neurologist Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit), A.E.F., U. S. General Hospital 11, 1919.

4th Medical, January 1, 1914 Fleeted 1990. Krida, Arthur

M.D., Albany, 1911.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies. War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Casual Officer attached to 3rd Southern General Hospital, Oxford, England; Orthopacdic Service.

L

----43 East 72nd St., New York Lambert, Alexander _____ 4th Medical, October 1, 1889 Elected 1890

A.B., Yale, 1884, Ph.B., 1885, M.D., Columbia, 1888.
Visiting Physician 4th Division Bellevue Hospital since 1894.
American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Pathological and Medical and Surgical Societies Tberapeutic Club, Associate Member Société Interne des Hôpitaux, Paris.

War Service: Major, April 6, 1917, Lieut. Colonel, August 20, 1918, Colonel, October 23, 1918, M.C., U.S.A. Chief Surgeon, June, 1917-August, 1918, Medical Advisor American Red Cross in Europe, stationed at Paris, August December 27, 1918, Assistant to Chief Surgeon Port of Embarkation, New York, till May 3, 1919.

Citation from General Pershing, March 15, 1920. Médaille Reconnaissance Français, August 17, 1920.

Lambert, Samuel Waldron _____130 East 35th St., 1st Medical, December 1, 1886 Elected 1889

A.B., Yale, 1880, Ph.B., 1882, M.D., Columbia, 1885, A.M., hon., Yale, 1905.

Attending Physician St. Luke's Hospital since 1906.
American Medical and American Gastro-Enterological Associations, Association of American Physicians, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, New York, Medical and Surgical and Clinical Societies.

War Service: American Red Cross; New York State Council for National Defense.

Lancaster, Nathaniel Edgar _____130 West 123rd St., New York 3rd Gynæcological, July 1, 1906 Elected 1907

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1903.

Assistant Physician Tuberculosis Clinic Harlem Hospital, New York County and Harlem Medical Societies.

War Service: Local Board 170.

Lange, Louis Charles _____295 Summit Ave., West Hoboken, N. J. 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1910 Elected 1911

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1908.

M.D., University-Believue, 1906. Visiting Surgeon North Hudson Hospital, Weehawken, since 1916, Attending Surgeon, University-Bellevue Dispensary since 1919. American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Hudson County Medical Societies, New York Academy of Medicine and North Hudson Physicians' Club.

War Service: Local Board, Hoboken, Instructor American Red Cross Nursing Service, New Jersey, and to Medical Officers U.S. Army in Operative Surgery and Surgical Anatomy at University-Bellevue College.

Lauderdale, Major John Vance _____241 84th St., Brooklyn 2nd Surgical, April 1, 1864 Elected 1895

Geneseo. New York, Academy, 1857, M.D., New York University, 1862. Major, M.C., U.S.A., retired in 1896.

American Association for Advancement of Science, Ethnological Society, New York State Chapter of Sons of the Revolution, Life Member American Museum of Natural History.

M.D., Columbia, 1896.

Gynaccologist Hospital for Joint Diseases.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies,
Medical Association of Greater New York, Society for Advancement of Clinical Study.

66

War Service: Captain, M.O.R.C., U.S.A.

----160 West 87th St., Lewengood, Jacob _____ 3rd Medical, October 1, 1883 Elected 1911

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1882. Physician Hebrew Orphan Asylum.

Lewis, Murney Edward _____4241 Broadway, 1st Surgical, April 1, 1888 Elected 1915

M.D., Columbia, 1905. Audubon Medical Society.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Camp Lee, Petersburg. Va.

Lindsay, Gordon ______6 Rose St., Freeport, N Y.
1st Surgical, January 1, 1908 Elected 1908

M.D., Columbia, 1905.

Visiting Surgeon Mercy Hospital, Hempstead, since 1914, Associate Surgeon Nassau Hospital, Mineola, since 1919. New York Pathological Society.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

Lorenze, Edward Julius _____249 West 76th St., New York 2nd Medical, April 1, 1888 Elected 1915

M.D., New York University, 1886.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies. War Service: Chairman Emergency Relief Corps, East Harlem Home District.

Lowsley, Oswald Swinney -----32 East 65th St., 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1915 Elected 1915

A.B., Leland Stanford University, 1905, M.D., Johns Hopkins, 1912. Director Urological Department New York Hospital, Consulting Urologist Hos-

pital for Ruptured and Crippled.

American Medical and American Urological Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Eastern Medical Societies and Johns Hopkins Medical School Alumni Society of New York.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.N.R.F. U. S. Training Camp, Pelham Bay. Originator and Director of Urological Clinic, U.S.N.T.C., Pelham Bay.

Lowthian, Walter Edward 55 Court St., White Plains, N. Y. 2nd Medical, July 1, 1909 Elected 1909 M.D., Cornell, 1907.

War Service: Lieutenant, Junior Grade, M.C., U.S.N.R.F. Not called.

Lucus, Thomas D'Arcy ______155 West 85th St., New York 4th Gynæcological, January 1, 1906 Elected 1906

A.B., Colgate, 1898, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1904.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

Lusk, William Chittenden _____47 East 34th St., 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1895 Elected 1896

A.B., Yale, 1890, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1893.

Visiting Surgeon 4th Division Bellevue Hospital, Professor of Clinical Surgery New York University.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical and the New York Medical and Surgical Societies.

M

Mabey, J. Corwin____Claremont and Midland Aves., Montclair, N. J. 4th Surgical, July 1, 1907 Elected 1907

M.D., Columbia, 1905.

Attending Physician Mountainside Hospital, Montclair, since 1913.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New Jersey
State and Essex County Medical Societies, Associated Physicians of Montclair, Mountainside Hospital Clinical Society.

War Service: Local Board, Montclair.

MacKenzie, Luther Burns _____68 West 55th St., New York 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1906 Elected 1908

A.B., Dalhousie University, Halifax, 1900, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1904.

Assistant Visiting Physician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1912, Clinical Professor of Medicine New York University.

Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 9.

MacLeod, Douglas Murdoch _____204 East 105th St., New York 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1906 Elected 1919

M.D., Comell, 1903.

MacLeod, William Preston _____101 West 58th St., 4th Gynæcological, July 1, 1905 Elected 1906

A.B., Harvard, 1900, M.D., 1903. New York Academy of Medicine, New York County Medical and Harvard Medical Societies, Alumni Society New York Lying-in Hospital.

Marks, Henry Elsner ______114 East 54th St., 4th Medical, July 1, 1917 Elected 1919

B.S., Rochester. 1912, M.D., Syracuse, 1915.
Assistant in Medicine (Metaholism) Vanderbilt Clinic aince 1919.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. 23rd Infantry, 49th Infantry; Base Hospital, Camp Merritt, N. J.

A.B., Cornell 1916, M.D., 1920. Attending Physician Cornell Dispensary. Phi Cluh and Delta Chi Fraternity. War Service: Private in S.A.T.C., Cornell.

McAlpin, David Hunter _____3 East 54th St., 3rd Medical, April 1, 1890 Elected 1893

A.B., Princeton, 1885, A.M., 1888, M.D., Bellevue Medical. 1888.
American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York
Pathological Society.

War Service: Y.M.C.A National War Work Council.

McCarthy, Joseph Francis _____40 East 41st St., 1st Surgical, January 1, 1903 Elected 1908

Phar.D., New York College of Pharmacy, 1896, M.D., Columbia, 1901.
Associate Attending Genito-Urinary Surgeon, Presbyterian Hospital, Attending Genito-Urinary Surgeon Post-Graduate, Assistant Professor of Urology, Columbia, Professor of Urology, Post-Graduate Medical School.

66

American Medical and American Urological Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 7; Special Instructor Army Medical Groups, Columbia; Chairman Medical Advisory Board U.S.A. Gas Mask Corporation, Chemical Defense Service.

McGrath, John Francis ______119 East 30th St., New York 4th Gynæcological, July 1, 1910 Elected 1911

M.D., Cornell, 1908.

Chief of Gynaecological Clinic, St. Vincent's Hospital Out-Patients since 1915. American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical and New York Medical and Surgical Societies.

War Service: Local Board 120.

lst Medical, January 1, 1910 Elected 1913. McLean, Stafford _____

M.D., Columbia, 1908.

Assistant Pacdiatrist Attending and Chief of Clinics Babies' Hospital, Attending Paediatrist Orthopaedic Hospital, New York.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, Quiz Medical

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Chief of Medical Service, Base Hospital, Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.

McQuillan, Arthur Spaulding _____51 East 50th St., 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1918 Elected 1920

A.B., Cornell, 1913, M.D., 1916.

Surgeon to Out-Patients and Adjunct Assisting Visiting Surgeon 4th Division Bellevue Hospital since 1919, Attending Surgeon Cornell Dispensary since 1919. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

McSweeny, Edward Shearman _____132 East 36th St., 4th Surgical, January 1, 1900 Elected 1901

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1898. Consulting Physician St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, Visiting Physician St. John's, Long Island City and Sea View Hospital, Staten Island, Lecturer on Tuberculosis, New York University, Medical Director New York Telephone Com-

American Medical, National Tuberculosis, American Sanatorium (Secretary-Treasurer), American Public Health and Industrial Physicians and Surgeons Associations, New York State and County Medical and Benjamin Rush Medical Societies, New York Academy of Medicine, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 9.

Milbank, Samuel ______117 East 65th St., 2nd Medical, January 1, 1907 Elected 1907

M.D., Cornell, 1904.

Visiting Physician St. Joseph's Hospital since 1908. American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Local Board 159; M.O.T.C., Cardio-Vascular Examiner and Camp Infirmary, Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

66

Miller, John _____160 East 38th St., 2nd Medical, July 1, 1917 Elected 1919

A.B., Cornell, 1912, M.D., 1915.

Assistant Physician University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College Dispensary since 1919.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital, Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., 7th Division Hqrs., Field Hospital with combat unit.

Morris, John Harold _____128 West 77th St., New York 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1916 Elected 1920

A.B., Cornell, 1911, M.D., 1914.

Associate in Surgery New York Post-Graduate Hospital.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 8 (Post-Graduate Unit), and C.O. Surgical Team with 1st Division, A.E.F. one year, and of a surgical team with 6th French Army four months.

Morris, Myron Louis _____122 West 85th St., 3rd Gynæcological, July 1, 1915 Elected 1916

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1913.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

66

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 51, A.E.F.

Morris, Robert Tuttle _____616 Madison Ave., 4th Surgical, April 1, 1884 Elected 1887

M.D., Columbia, 1882, A.M., hon., Centre College, Danville, Ky., 1889. Visiting Surgeon Broad Street Hospital, Consulting Surgeon, Greenwich, Stam-

ford and Ossining Hospitals.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, American Association of Ohstetricians and Gynaecologists, American Therapeutic and Southern Surgical Societies, American Association for Advancement of Science, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, New York Surgical Society and Medical Union.

War Service: Major, M.O.R.C., U.S.A. Not called.

Morrow, Albert Sidney _____114 East 54th St., 4th Surgical, July 1, 1903 Elected 1904

A.B., Columbia, 1898, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1901.

Attending Surgeon Polyclinic Hospital since 1907, City Hospital since 1919, St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Consulting Surgeon Nassau Hospital, Mincola, N. Y.
American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York
Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical and New York
Surgical Societies.

War Service: Captain, April 24, Major, August 4, 1917, Lieut.-Colonel, November 11, 1918, M.C., U.S.A. Fort Benjamin Harrison, June 13, 1917; Chief Surgical Service, Evacuation Hospital 2, November, 1917-August, 1918, C.O., Evac. H. 2, till February, 1919.

N

Nagle, James Franklin _____52 East 54th St., New York Elected 1907 3rd Medical, July 1, 1905

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1903.

Assistant Visiting Physician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital, Attending Physician

Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled.

American Medical Association, American College of Physicians, American Congress Internal Medicine, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies, Metropolitan, Racquet and Tennis Cluhs.

War Service: Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit), Vichy, Camp Hospital 26, Consultant 41st Division, A.E.F.; Medical Director, Base Hospital, Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., 1919.

Nammack, Charles Halpin ______130 East 56th St., New York 1st Medical, January 1, 1915 Elected 1915

A.B., Cornell, 1909, M.D., 1912.

Assistant Visiting Physician 4th Division Bellevue Hospital, Physician-in-Charge Tuberculosis Clinic, New York Dispensary.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit), Vichy; Mobile Hospital 1, Captain, M.R.C., 1921.

Citation General Headquarters, 5th Army Corps, July 27, 1918. Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, November 18, 1918.

Newman, Leander Allison------Port Washington, N. Y. 4th Surgical, July 1, 1910 Elected 1911

M.D., Cornell, 1908.

Associate Attending Flushing and Nassau Hospitals.

American Medical Association, Associated Physicians of Long Island, Queens-Nassau Medical Association.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 23.

-----893 Park Ave., New York Niles, Walter Lindsay _____ 2nd Medical, July 1, 1904 Elected 1905

M.D., Cornell, 1902.

Visiting Physician 2nd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1915.

Consulting Physician Memorial Hospital New York, Southampton, N. Y.
Hospital, Dean of the Medical Faculty, Comell.

American Medical and American Climatological Associations, Society of Experimental Biology and Medicine, Harvey, Practitioners' and Practical Medicine
Societies, Hospital Graduates Club.

War Service: Medical Member Local Board 164; Medical Advisory Board 8.

____853 Seventh Ave., Nutt, John Joseph _____ 1st Surgical, December 1, 1899 Elected 1901

B.L., Dartmouth, 1894, M.D., New York University, 1897, Cornell, 1898. Surgeon-in-Chief New York State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children, Attending Surgeon University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College Dispensary,

Orthopaedic Surgeon Willard Parker Hospital.

American Medical and American Orthopaedic Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County

and West End Medical Societies.

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Oberndorf, Clarence Paul -------249 West 74th St., New York 2nd Medical, July 1, 1908 Elected 1910

A.B., Cornell, 1904, M.D., 1906. Adjunct Assistant Visiting Neurologist Bellevue and Mt. Sinai Hospitals, Chief of Neurological Clinic, Cornell.

American Medical, American Psychoananalytic and American Medico Psychological Associations, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Neurological Society.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 13.

Overton, Edward Milton _____60 West 58th St., New York 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1917 Elected 1918

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1915.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

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Paddock, Royce ______149 West 72nd St., New York 1st Medical, January 1, 1917 Elected 1921

A.B., Columbia, 1910, M.D., 1914.

Assistant Physician Out-Patients, 1st Division Bellevue Hospital since 1920. American Medical Association.

War Service: Lieutenant, November 16, 1917, Captain, February, 1919, M.C., U.S.A. Evacuation Hospital 4, A.E.F.; also attached American Red Cross Hospital 21, Paignton, England, Norfolk, War Hospital, Thorpe, Notwich, one month, Medical Officer, Anson Battalion, R.N.D., B.E.F., one month, F. A., 148, R.N.D., B.E.F., one month.

Palmer, Douglas _____130 East 56th St., 2nd Gynæcological, January 1, 1918 Elected 1921

A.B., Williams, 1909, M.D., Cornell, 1915. Resident Surgeon St. Bartholomew's Hospital, 1919-1922.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. 108th Infantry, 27th Division, A.E.F.

Pappenheimer, Alwyn Max _____435 West 59th St., 1st Medical, January 1, 1905 Elected 1905

A.B., Harvard, 1898, M.D., Columbia, 1902.

Associate Professor of Pathology, Columbia, Associate Visiting Pathologist

Presbyterian Hospital.

American Medical Association, American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists, American Association for Advancement of Science, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Pathological Society, Society of Experimental Biology and Medicine.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. May, 1917-February, 1919; Base Hospital 2, (Presbyterian Unit), Étretat: American Trench Fever Commission and Chemical Warfare Service.

Citation by General Pershing for work with Trench Fever Commission, March, 1918.

Parker, Ransom Joseph _____40 East 41st St., 4th Surgical, April 1, 1895 Elected 1906

A.B., College of City of New York, 1890, M.D., Columbia, 1893. American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

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Pearson, Henry _____40 East 54th St., 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1905 Elected 1906

B.S., University of Alabama, 1899, M.D., Cornell, 1903. American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Registered: not called. Visiting Physician to St. Thomas's Home for Soldiers and Sailors, 1917-1919.

Pelton, Henry Hubbard _____324 West 85th St., New York 1st Medical, January 1, 1901 Elected 1901

A.B., Trinity, 1893, A.M., 1896, M.D., Columbia, 1898.

Physician to Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician 2nd Division Bellevue Hospital.

Quiz Medical, New York West End and Riverside Practitioners' Societies.

War Service: Contract Surgeon, U.S.A. Attached S.A.T.C., Cornell Medical College.

Phelps, Alfred Edward _____244 Carlton Ave., Brooklyn 2nd Gynæcological, July 1, 1917 Elected 1921

A.B., Amherst, 1911, M.D., Cornell, 1915. Attending Anaesthetist St. Bartholomew's Hospital, New York, since 1920.

Phillips, Bruce Gretton ______204 West 86th St., New York 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1901 Elected 1906

Ph.B., New York University, 1896, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1899. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies. Hospital 82, Toul, France.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A Base Hospital, Fort Riley, Kan.; Base

Pilcher, James Taft _____121 Gates Ave., Brooklyn 4th Medical, July 1, 1906 Elected 1910

A.B., University of Michigan, 1902, M.D., Columbia, 1904.

Attending Surgeon New York State Hospital Commission since 1919, Consulting Surgeon Greenport and Eastern Long Island Hospital, Peck Memorial and St. Bartholomew's Hospitals.

American Medical and American Gastro-Enterological Associations, New York State Medical, Brooklyn Medical, Brooklyn Pathological, Brooklyn Urological and Mayo Alumni Societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. 108th Field Hospital, 27th Division, A.E.F. Developed quino-formol solution to combat gas gangrene.

Porter, William Evelyn -----41 West 73rd St., New York 4th Medical, October 1, 1890 Elected 1890

M.D., Columbia, 1888. Mcdical Director Mutual Life Insurance Company, New York. American Medical Association, Association of Life Insurance Medical Directors of America, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State Medical Society.

Potter, James Harry _____546 West 142nd St., 4th Surgical, July 1, 1902 Elected 1903

A.B., Central College, Mo., 1898, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1900. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical and Washington Heights Medical Societies.

War Service: Local Board 145.

Probasco, Norman Hayes _____621 Park Ave., Plainfield, N. J. 4th Medical, July 1, 1900 Elected 1901

M.D., Columbia, 1898.

Visiting Physician and Paediatrician Muhlenberg Hospital, Plainfield, since 1901.

American Medical Association. New Jersey State Medical, New Jersey Paediatric, Plainfield Clinical, Plainfield Medical Societies, New York Academy of Medicine, Alumni Associations of College of Physicians and Surgeons and New York Infant Asylum.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Assistant Medical Chief, Base Hospital, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J.

Proctor, Jewell Beauchamp _____445 Park Ave., New York 1st Medical, July 1, 1914 Elected 1921

B.S., Vanderbilt University, 1909, M.D., University of Pennsylvania, 1912. War Scrvice: Surgeon to Hôpital d'Annel, Longueil-Annel, France.

Pulley, William Joseph _____ -----945 Madison Ave., 3rd Medical, October 1, 1892 Elected 1892

M.D., Bellevuc Medical, 1891.

Assistant Visiting Physician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1920, Visiting Physician Riverside Hospital since 1910, Chief of Clinic Department of Medicine University-Bellevue Dispensary.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical and Lenox Medical and Surgical Societies, Almoni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

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Ray, Edgar Thomas _____410 West 148th St., New York 4th Surgical, July 1, 1908 Elected 1910

A.B., College of City of New York, 1902, M.D., Columbia, 1906. Medical Officer Fire Department New York City.

American Medical and American Urological Associations, New York State and County Medical and New York Pathological Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Attached to Health Department, Panama Canal Zone. Organized and built the "Clinica de Profilaxis de Colon" at Colon, C.Z., a work supported by the Republic of Panama and the United States jointly, during the war, for the treatment and prophylactic control of venereal disease.

Read, Clarence Arthur____23 Rochelle Pl., New Rochelle, N. Y. 2nd Medical, July 1, 1912 Elected 1920

M.D., Cornell, 1910.

Attending Physician New Rochelle Hospital. American Medical Association, New York State and Westchester County and New Rochelle Medical Societies.

War Scrvice: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. June, 1917 June, 1919. 3rd Corps Artillery Park, 1st Army, A.E.F. In one major offensive in the Argonne.

Rice, Frederick Walter _____158 West 58th St., New York 4th Medical, January 1, 1909 Elected 1909

M.D., Holy Cross College, 1902, Columbia, 1906. Visiting Obstetrician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital, Assistant Attending Surgeon Manhattan Maternity Hospital.

American Medical Association, New York Obstetrical Society.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. General Hospital 6, Fort McPherson, Atlanta; Surgeon General's Office for three months.

Richards, John Harold _____34 West 83rd St., New York 4th Gynæcological, Jan, 1, 1907 Elected 1907

M.D., Cornell, 1905.

Assistant Visiting Physician 2nd Division Bellevue Hospital, Clinical Pathologist, Cornell Medical College.

American Medical Association, Society of American Bacteriologists, New York State and County Medical and Harvey Societies.

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War Service: Medical Advisory Board 8.

Rimer, Edward Sherrard _____13 East 65th St., 3rd Medical, July 1, 1906 Elected 1907

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1904.

Assistant Attending Paediatrician Out-Patients New York Nursery and Child's Hospital since 1919, Attending Paediatrician University-Bellevue Dispensary, Visiting Physician Home for Seamen's Children, Staten Island, Consulting Paediatrician Staten Island and St. Vincent's Hospitals, Staten Island.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and Richmond County Medical Societies, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Medicine (New York Academy of Medicine).

Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

War Scrvice: Captain, October, 1917-March, 1918, Major, March, 1918-July, 1919, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital, Camp Merritt, N. J., Chief of Medical Service from opening of hospital, January 9, 1918, till July 26, 1919.

Roberts, Dudley _____270 Park Ave., 1st Medical, July 1, 1900 Elected 1901

M.D., Columbia, 1898.

Attending Gastro-Enterologist Woman's and Fifth Avenue Hospitals, Consulting Gastro-Enterologist King's Park and Coney Island Hospitals.

American Medical and American Gastro-Enterological Associations, New York

Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Fort Benjamin Harrison; Chief of Medical Service, Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, O., and U. S. General Hospital 1, New York.

Robertson, William D.____142 So. Third Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 3rd Surgical, January 1, 1900 Elected 1902

A.B., Princeton, 1895, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1898. Visiting Surgeon Mt. Vernon Hospital since 1908. American Medical Association New York State and Westchester County, Mt. Vernon and Jenkins Medical Societies.

Robins, Bernard Leo ______103 East 84th St., New York 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1918 Elected 1918

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1915.

Assistant Physician Out-Patients 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1919. New York County Medical Society, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 1, (Bellevue Unit), Vichy.

Rohde, Max Spencer _____853 Seventh Ave., 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1916 Elected 1917

B.S., University of Chicago, 1908, M.D., Johns Hopkins, 1912.

Assistant Surgeon, Chief of Genito-Urinary Clinic, Cornell, Deputy Surgeon

Genito-Urinary Department New York Hospital.

American Medical and American Urological Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County and Eastern Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 4.

Russell, Eugene Fairchild _____32 Nassau St., New York 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1911 Elected 1912

A.B., New York University, 1906, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1909. Visiting Physician Tarrytown Hospital, Medical Inspector Mutual Life Insurance Company, Medical Director Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association. American Medical Association, Association of Life Insurance Medical Directors. New York State and Westchester County Medical Societies.

War Service: Examiner for American Red Cross.

Russell, Herman Cady _____11 East 48th St., 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1914 Elected 1918

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1912.

Surgeon Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Surgeon 3rd Division Bellewe Hospital since 1919, Chief of Surgical Clinic University-Bellevue Dispensary, New York State and County Medical Societies, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

War Scrvice: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. 107th Ambulance Company, 27th Division, A.E.F.

Citation by General O'Ryan. C.O. 27th Division, January, 1919.

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Satchwell, Harry Herbert ____640 Stuyvesant Ave., Irvington, N. J. 3rd Medical, January 1, 1906 Elected 1907

M.D., University Bellevue, 1904.

New Jersey State and Essex County Medical Societies, Academy of Medicine of Northern New Jersey.

War Service: Local Board, Newark,

Sawhill, John Elden _____603 Madison Ave., New York 3rd Medical, November 15, 1918 Elected 1920

A.B., University of Kansas, 1912, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1918. Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College, Nu Sigma Nu. War Service: Licutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Not called.

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----14 West 48th St., Sayre, Reginald Hall _____ 3rd Medical, October 1, 1885 Elected 1886

A.B., Columbia, 1881, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1884.

Assistant Visiting Surgeon 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1910, Consulting Surgeon St. Vincent's Hospital since 1910, Hackensack, N. J., Hospital since 1891, Hospital for Crippled Children since 1897, Mountainside Hospital, Montclair, since 1898, New York State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children, Haverstraw, since 1900, Englewood, N. J., since 1901, Hospital for Deformitics since 1908, Flushing Hospital, since 1914.

American Medical and American Orthopaedic Associations (President, 1904), American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine (Vice-President, 1919), New York Pathological Society (Vice-President, 1893), New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: In charge of Orthopaedic Instruction, New York University.

Schaaf, Royal Albert.......211 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J. 3rd Surgical, January 1, 1915 Elected 1916

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1913.

Associate Visiting Surgeon Presbyterian Hospital, Newark, since 1919, Associate Visiting Gynaecologist St. James Hospital since 1919, Assistant Visiting Physician Newark City Hospital.

New Jersey State and Essex County Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. General Hospital 1, Williamsbridge, New York City.

Schmitt, Alexander Hunter _____30 West 70th St., New York 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1910 Elected 1910

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1907.

Attending Obstetrician Misericordia Hospital.

Washington Heights Medical Society.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A Base Hospital, Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.

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Seabrook, Harry Hartshorne _____118 East 72nd St., 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1883 Elected 1890

M.D., Columbia, 1881.

American Medical Association, American Association for Advancement of Science, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical and Lenox Medical and Surgical Societies, Sons of the Revolution, National Geographic Society, Machinery Club, President Nason Manufacturing Company. This company received Certificate of Merit for distinguished service in the World War.

Sellenings, Albert Eugene _____132 East 36th St., 4th Surgical, January 1, 1902 Elected 1902

Ph.B., Ohio State University, 1396, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1899. Director of Surgery Gouverneur Hospital.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical, Benjamin Rush Medical Societies, Medical Association Greater New York. Hospital Graduates Club.

War Service: Local Board 154.

Sengstacken, Royal Francis......3 Mansfield Ave., Suffern, N. Y. 1st Medical, July 1, 1918 Elected 1921

A.B. Syracuse, 1913, M.D., Cornell, 1916. Visiting Surgeon Good Samaritan Hospital, Suffern, N. Y. New York State and Rockland County Medical Societies.

Shapiro, Louis Lawrence ______955 Park Ave., New York 3rd Medical, January 1, 1918 Elected 1918

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1915.

Assistant Physician Out-Patients 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1919. Cardiac Clinic Bellevue Hospital,

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Fort Schuyler, Fort Totten, N. Y., Lakewood, N. J., Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala., Syracuse, and Dansville, N. Y.

Shea, Robert Joseph ______12 West 92nd St., New York 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1917 Elected 1921

A.B., Manhattan College, 1909, A.M., 1910, M.D., Cornell, 1914. Attending Surgeon and Urologist Northern Dispensary, Attending Surgeon St. Elizaheth's Hospital.

Cornell Medical Society.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Ship Surgeon "City of Memphis"; Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Evacuation Hospital 37, Toul; Marssur-Allier, University of Nancy. Diploma from the University of Nancy (Dermatology, Urology, Surgery).

Shearer, Leander Howard _____445 Park Ave., 1st Medical, July 1, 1903 Elected 1903

A.B., Princeton, 1897, M.D., Columbia, 1901.

Visiting Physician Lincoln Hospital, Medical Director since 1920.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York
State and County Medical, Practical Medicine, Gotham Medical and Quiz Medical Societies and Omega Cluh of College of Physicians and Surgeons.

War Service: Contract Surgeon, U.S.A.; Chairman Medical Advisory Board 14, N. Y.; Captain and C.O., 3rd Ambulance Company, Federal Service on Mexican Border, July-August, 1917.

Silver, Henry Mann ______111 East 39th St., 3rd Surgical, October 1, 1876 Elected 1893

A.B., Dartmouth. 1872, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1875, A.M., Dartmouth, 1881. Consulting Surgeon Gouverneur Hospital since 1916, New York Skin and Cancer since 1914, New York Infirmary for Women and Children since 1886. American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, American Society

for Control of Cancer, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State end County Medical Societies, Medical Association Greater New York, New York Medical Union.

War Service: M.O.R.C. Not called.

Silver, Lewis Mann _____ -----103 West 72nd St., 3rd Medical, April 1, 1887 Elected 1893

A.B., Yale, 1882, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1885.

Attending Physician Diseases of Children Vanderbilt Clinic.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York

State and County Medical, West End Medical Societies, Medical Association Greater New York.

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War Service: Local Board 129.

Simmons, Albert Van der Veer__720 Prospect St., Maplewood, N. J. 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1909 Elected 1910

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1907.

M.D., Christophy Benerica, 1991.
Junior Staff Orange Memorial Hospital since 1918.
American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Essex County Medical,

Orange Practitioners' Societies, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; Hoboken; Camp Crane, Allentown, Pa.

Siris, Irwin Edward _____346 New York Ave., Brooklyn 3rd Surgical, January 1, 1918 Elected 1920

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1915.
Surgeon Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Surgeon 4th Division Bellevue Hospital since 1919, Assistant Attending Surgeon Williamsburgh Hospital, N. Y. since 1919, Adjunct Attending Surgeon Beth Moses Hospital, Brooklyn. American Medical Association, New York State and Kings County Medical, Eastern Medical and Williamsburgh Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Attached to British Expeditionary Force in England and France in Base Regiment and Field Ambulance and one year with Casualty Clearing Stations. After the Armistice with 1st Division, A.E.F., in Germany.

Slade, Charles Blount _____245 West 74th St., New York 3rd Medical, January 1, 1899 Elected 1899

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1896,

Visiting Physician Otisville, N. Y. Sanitorium since 1906.

American Medical and American Sanitorium Associations, National Association for Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: M.O.R.C. Examiner of candidates for aviation service.

Slattery, George Norbert _____47 East 57th St., 3rd Medical, July 1, 1911 Elected 1913

A.B., Knox, 1903, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1909. Physician Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician 4th Division Bellevue Hospital. New York State and County Medical and Manhattan Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. General Hospital 22, Richmond, Va.

Smith, Leroy James ______129 West 69th St., 1st Medical, July 1, 1905 Elected 1907

M.D., Columbia, 1903. Gotbam Medical Society.

Smith, Thomas Allison _____57 West 75th St., 4th Surgical, May 1, 1897 Elected 1897

M.D., Columbia, 1895.

Visiting Surgeon 4th Division Bellevue Hospital since 1896, Director of Service:

Visiting Surgeon 4th Division Believue Hospital since 1890, Director of Service: Visiting Surgeon Willard Parker Hospital since 1920, Clinical Professor of Surgery New York University.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical, New York Academy of Medicine, West End Medical, Riverside Practitioners' Societies.

Sovak, Francis Washington _____44 East 72nd St., 3rd Gynæcological, July 1, 1913 Elected 1922

B.S., 1908, M.D., 1911, New York University.

Gynaecologist to Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Gynaecologist, Bellevue Hospital since 1919, Instructor in Gynaecology New York University. American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical Societies. New York Academy of Medicine.

Spetnagel, John Madeira _____460 East 138th St., New York 4th Surgical, July 1, 1903 Elected 1908

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1901. Bronx Medical Association.

War Service: Medical Member Local Board 4.

- Stamatiades, Philip Emanuel _____122 East 29th St.,
 1st Surgical, January 1, 1921 Elected 1921

 B.S., Dartmouth, 1916, M.D., Columbia, 1919.
 Instructor in Surgery, Columbia.
- Stearns, Henry Schermerhorn _____32 East 64th St.,
 1st Surgical, October 1, 1885 Elected 1890

 M.D., New York University, 1884.

Visiting Gynaecologist City Hospital, Blackwell's Island.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York
State and County Medical, New York Obstetrical Societies, Society of Alumni
of Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled.

Steele, Harold Joseph ______421 East 136th St., 3rd Surgical, January 1, 1910 Elected 1910

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1907. American Medical and Bronx Medical Associations, New York State and Bronx County Medical Societies.

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War Service: Local Board 1.

Stern, Abram Richard ______44 West 87th St., 1st Medical, July 1, 1901 Elected 1902

M.D., Columbia, 1899.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Metropolitan Medical, New York Gastro-Enterological Societies.

War Service: Local Board 129.

Stern, Emanuel ______1131 Lexington Ave., "
3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1918 Elected 1919

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1916.
Assistant Surgeon Out-Patients Urological Service Bellevue Hospital.
War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. General Hospital 14, Fort Oglethorpe,
Ga. General Hospital 3, Colonia, N. J.

Steurer, John Adam ______78 West 47th St., 1st Medical, October 1, 1874 Elected 1893

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1873. American Medical Association, Association for Advancement of Science, New York State and County Medical Societies, National Geographic Society.

Stewart, George David _____417 Park Ave., New York 3rd Surgical, October 1, 1890 Elected 1890

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1889, LL.D., New York University, 1920.
Director and Visiting Surgeon 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital, Visiting Surgeon St. Vincent's Hospital, Consulting Surgeon St. Joseph's, Yonkers, St. Mary's, South Orange, N. J., South Side, Babylon, N. Y., and Englewood, N. J., Hospitals, Professor of Surgery New York University.

American Medical and American Surgical Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine (President, since 1918), New York State and County Medical Societies.

State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Headquarters Council for Defense New York State Medical Division: Medical Advisory Board 9.

Stillwell, John Edwin _____9 West 49th St., 2nd Surgical, April 1, 1877 Elected 1894

M.D., Columbia, 1875.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine.

Stokes, Charles Francis_____8 West 77th St., 4th Surgical, October 1, 1885 Elected 1886

M.D., Columbia, 1884, Sc.D., 1911, LL.D., Jefferson, 1911, A.M. hon., Harvard 1912.

Surgeon General and Rear Admiral, U.S.N., retired 1914.

American Medical and American Surgical Associations, American College of Surgeons (Original member Board of Regents, 1913), New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Alumni Society of Gouverneur Hospital and College of Physicians and Surgeons. Hon. member Associated Physicians of Long Island.

War Service: Chairman Committee for drilling registrants, National Security League, and of Committee on Narcotic Addiction National Council of Defense; Special Work. Emergency Fleet Corporation, Special Investigator, Mayor's Committee, New York.

Stokes, Horace Sheldon _____14 East 58th St., 1st Medical, January 1, 1895 Elected 1898

A.B., Yale, 1889, M.D., Columbia, 1892. New York Academy of Medicine.

Stone, William Fletcher _____400 West End Ave., 1st Surgical, October 1, 1891 Elected 1901

M.D., New York University, 1890. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies, Medical Association Greater New York.

A.B., Williams, 1894, M.D., New York University, 1897. Chief of Medical Staff Flushing Hospital. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 23.

Strong, Cyrus John .____160 West 95th St., New York 4th Medical, October 1, 1893 Elected 1894

A.B., Wesleyan, 1886, A.M., 1889, M.D., Columbia, 1891, Consulting Physician Bellevue Hospital since 1915. American Medical Association.

War Service: Returned to duty as Visiting Physician 4th Division Bellevue Hospital for the period of the war.

Studdiford, William Emery _____124 East 36th St., 3rd Medical, January 1, 1893 Elected 1894

A.B., Princeton, 1888, A.M., 1891, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1891. Director of Sloane Hospital for Women since 1919, Professor of Obstetrics and

Gynaecology, Columbia.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, American
Gynaecological, New York Obstetrical and New York State and County Medical Societies.

Sturtevant, Mills ______955 Park Ave., 1st Medical, July 1, 1910 Elected 1912

A.B., Dartmouth, 1904, M.D., Columbia, 1908. Physician Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital.

American Medical Association, American Congress on Internal Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Harvey and Quiz Medical Societies.

War Service: Contract Surgeon, U.S.A. University Heights, N. Y.

Swift, Samuel _____55 East 61st St., 4th Gynæcological, January 1, 1916 Elected 1917

A.B., Yale, 1903, M.D., Columbia, 1913.
Associate Obstetrician Fifth Avenue Hospital, Assistant Attending Obstetrician Gouverneur Hospital.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical Societies, Alumni Society Sloane Hospital for Women.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Discharge for physical disability. Local Board 121.

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Symonds, Brandreth _____32 Nassau St., 4th Medical, April 1, 1886 Elected 1890

A.B., Hobart, 1881, A.M., 1885, M.D., Columbia, 1884.
American Society for Control of Cancer. Association for Control of Cardiac Disease, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

Syms, Parker _____361 Park Ave., 2nd Surgical, April 1, 1883 Elected 1887

M.D., New York University, 1882.

Visiting Surgeon City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, since 1913, Attending Sur-

geon Lebanon Hospital since 1895.

American Medical and American Urological Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, New York Surgical, Medico-Surgical and Harvey Societies, Medical Association Greater New York, Hospital Graduates Club.

War Service: American Red Cross to France and assigned rank as Captain attached to Evacuation Hospital 114, Toul, later E. H. 110 in Argonne, 1918.

T

Teeter, Charles Edwin _____418 Orange St., Newark, N. J. 3rd Medical, April 1, 1895 Elected 1897

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1893.

Visiting Physician St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, since 1896, Presbyterian since 1915, Newark Maternity since 1919, Newark City since 1920; Consulting Physician Stumpf Memorial Hospital since 1918, Overbrook Hospital for Insane since 1915.

American Medical Association, American College of Physicians, Academy of Medicine of Northern New Jersey, New Jersey State and Essex County Medical Societies, Society of Internal Medicine, Practitioners' Club, Newark.

War Service: Chairman Medical Advisory Board 2, Newark.

Teeter, John Nelson -----Englewood, N. J. er, John Nelson Engl 3rd Medical, April 1, 1894 Elected 1897

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1892.

Visiting Physician Englewood Hospital.

New Jersey State and Bergen County Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, Major, Lieut. Colonel. M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J.; B.H. 103, A.E.F., Dijon, France.

Thacher, Henry Clarke ______20 West 50th St., New York 4th Medical, July 1, 1908 Elected 1910

A.B., Yale, 1902, M.S., 1904, M.D., Johns Hopkins, 1906, Chief of Medical Clinic, Vanderbilt Clinic since 1914, Assistant Attending Physician Roosevelt Hospital since 1914, Attending Physician Sloane Hospital for Women and Lincoln Hospital, Assistant Professor of Medicine. Columbia,
American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York

State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A. Cardio-Vascular and Tuberculosis Examiner, August 1-November 20, 1917; Captain, Chief of Medical Service, Base Hospital 101, St. Nazaire, France, June, 1918-July, 1919.

Thacher, John Seymour _____20 West 50th St., 3rd Medical, April 1, 1883 Elected 1893

A.B., Yale, 1877, M.D., Columbia, 1880.

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A.B., Yale, 1877, M.D., Columbia, 1880.
Consulting Physician Roosevelt Hospital, N. Y., and Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
American Medical Association, Association of American Physicians, Associations for Study of Internal Secretions and for Prevention and Relief of Heart Disease, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, New York Pathological, Practitioners', Clinical, Medical and Surgical, Society of Internal Medicine, Alumni Societies of Presbyterian and Roosevelt Hospitals.

Thorburn, Grant _____40 East 41st St., 4th Medical, July 1, 1915 Elected 1916

A.B., Princeton, 1909, M.D., Columhia, 1913.

Assistant Visiting Physician and Chief Tuberculosis Clinic Bellevue Hospital.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Novemher, 1917-August, 1919, Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., Camp Cody, Deming, N. M., Camp MacArthur, Waco, Tex., U. S. General Hospital 8, Otisville, N. Y.

Timm, Alexander Berthold _____600 West 116th St., New York 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1917 Elected 1918

A.B., Yale, 1910, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1915.
Attending Gynaecologist University-Bellevue Dispensary since 1917, Instructor in Gynaecology New York University.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit), Vichy; 20th Engineers, A.E.F.

Citation, General Headquarters, April 19, 1919.

____1917 Andrews Ave.. Trask, Miller Edward _____. 3rd Gynæcological, July 1, 1911 Elected 1918

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1909.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.O.R.C., Discharge for physical disability.

Tweddell, FrancisMiddle Neck Rd., Great Neck, N. Y. 1st Medical, January 1, 1909 Elected 1909 P.S.C., Royal Staff College, England, 1893, M.D., Columbia, 1907.

American Medical Association New York State and Queens-Nassau County Medical Societics.

Tyson, Cornelius John11 East 48th St., New York 3rd Medical, July 1, 1914 Elected 1914

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1912.

Physician Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1915, Assistant Visiting Physician St. Vincent's Hospital

since 1919, Lecturer in Medicine, New York University.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Societies, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College (Secretary since 1919).

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A., Adjutant and Registrar Base Hospital 1 (Bellevuc Unit), Vichy from organization till September, 1918, then Assistant Sanitary Inspector. Office of Chief Surgeon, 2nd Army, A.E.F., Toul.

\mathbf{v}

Vanderhoff, Irving Masten ______9 Clinton St., Newark, N.J. 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1907 Elected 1907

B.S., New York University, 1902, M.D., University-Bellevuc, 1905, A.M., N.Y.U., 1910, LL.B., New Jersey Law School, 1913.

Associate Surgeon Preshyterian Hospital, Newark, since 1912.

American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Essex County Medical Societies, Academy of Medicine of Northern New Jersey.

War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, March 25, 1918, Major, February 28, 1919, M.C., U.S.A. 113th Infantry (1st Infantry, N. J. Guard), 116th Ambulance Company, 29th Division, Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala., March 25, 1917-February 9, 1918; 115th Infantry till June, 1919, 29th Division, A.E.F.

Van Kleeck, Louis Ashley 356 East Turnpike, Manhasset, N. Y. 4th Medical, January 1, 1912 Elected 1917

M.D., Cornell, 1909. Attending Surgeon Nassau Hospital, Mineola, since 1918.

American Medical Association. New York State and Queens-Nassau County, Glen Cove and North Hempstead Medical Societies.

War Service: Local Board 2, Mineola.

Van Loan, James Casper Plimpton 351 West 46th St., New York 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1893 Elected 1893

M.D., Columbia, 1891.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies, Medical Association Greater New York.

War Service: Local Board 115.

Vosburgh, Theron James _____23 West 43rd St., 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1911 Elected 1914

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1908. Acting Assistant Surgeon U. S. Public Health Service, New York.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Debarkation Hospital 1, Ellis Island; General Hospital 1, Williamsbridge, New York City.

Waterman, James Sears ------676 St. Marks Ave., Brooklyn 1st Medical, April 1, 1891 Elected 1893

M.D., Columbia, 1889.

M.D., Columbia, 1889.

Senior Physician St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn, Attending Physician and Member Board of Trustees Hospital of the Holy Family, Brooklyn.

American Medical and American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Associations, American College of Internal Medicine, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and Kings County Medical Societies, Alumni Society Sloane Hospital for Women.

War Service: Member of the District Board for the City of New York (all boroughs).

Whitney, Chester Field Smith ______697 West End Ave., New York 3rd Medical, July 1, 1901 Elected 1903

A.B., New York University, 1896, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1899
Associate Medical Director Home Life Insurance Company, New York.
American Medical Association, Association of Life Insurance Medical Directors, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A., April, 1917, Captain, Major, Lieut.-Colonel, U. S. Ambulance Service with the French Army. Twenty months in France.

French decoration for Field Service.

Williams, Percy Herbert _____429 Park Ave., Elected 1904 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1904

A.B., Princeton, 1897 M.D., Columbia, 1901. Associate Gynaecologist Lenox Hill Hospital, Associate Gynaecologist and Obstetrician Lincoln Hospital.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical and New York Obstetrical Societies, Alumni Societies Lenox Hill and Lincoln Hospitals.

War Service: Lieut.-Colonel, M.C., U.S.A. Fort Slocum, N. Y., April, 1917-May, 1918, Fort Des Moines, May-July, Camp Custer, Battle Creck, Mich., July-August, Evacuation Hospital 21, France, September, 1918-January, 1919.

Williamson, Hervey Clock ______480 Park Ave., New York 3rd Medical, January 1, 1911 Elected 1912

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1908.

Adjunct Assistant Obstetrician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1916, Manhattan Maternity since 1918, Assistant in Gynaecology Memorial Hospital since 1918.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical and New York Obstetrical Societies.

Willis, Benedict Patrick_____23 Park Ave., Rutherford, N. J. 3rd Gynæcological, July 1, 1914 Elected 1915

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1912.

Visiting Surgeon St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic, Associate Visiting Surgeon Passaic General Hospital.

American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Bergen County Medical Societies, Practitioners' Club, Passaic.

Wilson, John Albert _____36 East 70th St., New York 4th Medical, January 1, 1919 Elected 1920

B.S., Columbia, 1915, M.D., 1917.

Assistant Physician Out-Patients 4th Division Bellevue Hospital, Physician-in-Charge Trinity Dispensary.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies.

66

Wilson, Robert Justice _____Willard Parker Hospital 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1892 Elected 1892

B.S., Oregon Agricultural College, 1886, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1890.
Director of the Bureau of Hospitals Department of Health, City of New York,
Associate Professor of Bacteriology and Hygiene New York University.

Associate Professor of Bacteriology and Hygiene New York University.

American Medical, American Hospital and American Public Health Associations,
American Society of Bacteriologists, New York Academy of Medicine, New
York State and County Medical, New York Pathological and Harvey Societies,
Hospital Conference of New York, Hospital Graduates Club, Alumni Association
University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College (Vice-President, 1919-1921).

Woodruff, Isaac Ogden _____130 East 71st St., 1st Medical, July 1, 1906 Elected 1907

A.B., College of the City of New York, 1900, M.D., Columbia, 1904.
Assistant Visiting Physician 1st Division Bellevue Hospital.
National Tuherculosis Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York
State and County Medical, Quiz Medical, Lenox Medical and Surgical Societies.

War Service: Local Board 159.

Wyckoff, John _____8 East 41st St., 3rd Medical, January 1, 1910 Elected 1910

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1907, A.M., hon., Rutgers, 1920.
Assistant Visiting Physician 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1919. Clinical Professor of Medicine and Secretary of Medical Faculty, New York University.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies, Association or Prevention and Relief of Heart Disease, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

War Service: Captain, Major, November 17, 1918, M.C., U.S.A Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit) Hospital Centre, Vichy, France.

Citation hy General Pershing "for distinguished and meritorious service at Vichy," April, 1919.

Wylie, Robert Hawthorne _____72 West 52nd St., New York 4th Surgical, April 1, 1886 Elected 1886

Ph.B., Yale, 1883, M.D., New York University, 1885. Consulting Gynaecologist Bellevue Hospital since 1907.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Ohstetrical Society.

66

Wylie, Walker Gill _____ ____28 West 40th St., 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1872 Elected 1892

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1871.

Consulting Gynaecologist Bellevue Hospital since 1907.

American Medical Association, American Gynaecological, New York Obstetrical,
New York Pathological Societies, New York Academy of Medicine, Alumni Society Woman's Hospital.

Emeritus Professor Gynaecology New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital.

Y

Young, John Joseph ____ .____149 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn 1st Medical, January 1, 1918 Elected 1920

A.B., St. Francis, 1911, M.D., Columbia, 1915.

Physician Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician 1st Division Bellevue Hospital.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 91, Commercy, Meuse, France.

Z

Zehnder, Anthony Charles 180 Fairmont Ave., Newark, N. J. 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1909 Elected 1909

M.D., Cornell, 1907.

Assistant Ophthalmologist Newark Eye and Ear Infirmary and St. James Hospital, Newark, Assistant in Cranial Service, Newark City Hospital, Assistant

Attending Physician, St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, N. J.
American Medical Association, American Academy of Ophthalmology and
Oto-Laryngology, Academy of Medicine of Northern New Jersey, New Jersey
State, Essex County Medical, Newark Pathological Societies, Practitioners' and
Doctors' Clubs of Newark.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Flight Surgeon, Air Service, Taliaferro Field, Fort Worth, Texas.

Zerega di Zerega, Louis Augustus____616 Madison Ave., New York 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1891 Elected 1891

A.B., College of City of New York, 1886, M.D., Columbia, 1889. Alumni Society Sloane Hospital for Women.

NON-RESIDENT ACTIVE MEMBERS

(Thirty miles beyond Columbus Circle).

A

Aikman, John _____184 Alexander St., Rochester, N. Y. 3rd Medical, July 1, 1910 Elected 1910

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1908.

Junior Attending Paediatrician Rochester General Hospital, Attending Physician, Rochester Infant Summer Hospital.

American Medical and Rochester Medical Associations, New York State and Monroe County Medical, Rochester Pathological and Hospital Medical Societies. Rochester Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Secretary Auxiliary Committee for National Defense; Medical Advisory Board 41, Rochester; General Hospital 2. Fort McHenry, Md.

Allen, Walter Charles -----1011 N. Goodman St., Rochester, N. Y. 4th Surgical, July 1, 1917 Elected 1919

Sc.B., University of Rochester, 1911, M.D., Harvard, 1915.

Assistant Out-Patients Rochester General Hospital, Chief Surgeon Rochester

Works of General Electric Company.

American Medical and Rochester Medical Associations, New York State and Monroe County Medical and Rochester Pathological Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, Assistant U. S. Public Health Service, U. S. Marine Hospital, Chicago, July, 1917-October, 1919.

B

Baird, Raleigh William _____3802 Maplewood Ave., Dallas, Tex. 3rd Medical, January 1, 1898 Elected 1921

A.B., Southwestern University, 1893, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1896.
Visiting Physician Baylor University Hospital and Parkland City Hospital,
Dallas, Professor of Clinical Medicine Baylor University.

American Medical Association, Texas State and Dallas County Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board. Dallas.

Baker, Davis ____ _307 Glen St., Glens Falls, N. Y. 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1912 Elected 1912

M.D., Cornell, 1909.

Visiting Surgeon Glens Falls Hospital since 1916.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and Warren County Medical Societies.

War Service: Acting Assistant Surgeon U. S. Public Health Service, 1918.

Behan, William Aloysius _____91 Front St., Binghamton, N. Y. 3rd Gynæcological, July 1, 1912 Elected 1917

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1910.

Attending Surgeon Binghamton City Hospital since 1915.

American Medical Association, New York State and Broome County Medical Societies, Binghamton Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A., Medical Advisory Board 47, Binghamton; General Hospital 3, Colonia, N. J.

Beveridge, William W. _____ 1000 Grand Ave., Asbury Park, N. J. 3rd Medical, January 1, 1900 Elected 1906

A.B., Princeton, 1895, M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1898. American Medical Association, New Jersey State and Monmouth County Medical, Ashury Park Medical Societies, Practitioners' Society of Eastern Monmouth. War Service: Chairman Medical Advisory Board.

Bradley, John Ruskin _____ 331 Glenwood Ave., Rochester, N. Y. 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1910 Elected 1910

M.D., Cornell, 1907.

Attending Physician Out-Patients, Rochester General Hospital. New York State and Monroe County Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A. Evacuation Hospital 4; Organized Evacuation Hospital 8 at Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., January 1st,

Citations: Two to the Unit as a whole, November, 1918,

Brennan, Joseph Patrick _____123 Oxford Ave., Buffalo, N. Y. 4th Surgical, January 1, 1912 Elected 1921

M.D., University of Buffalo, 1908.

Consulting Surgeon State Hospital and St. Mary's Infant Asylum, Associate Surgeon City Hospital, Attending Surgeon Emergency Hospital since 1915. New York State Medical Society, Buffalo Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Captain M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 23 (Buffalo Unit), Vittel, Vosges, France; Head of Operating Teams in various Field Hospitals, May-November, 1918.

Brooks, Paul Bellows State Dept. of Health, Albany, N. Y. 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1905 Elected 1906

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1903.

American Medical and American Public Health Associations, New York State and Chenango County Medical Societies.

War Service: Health Department, State of New York.

Bunker, Lt.-Com. Chas. Waite Orville____U.S.N., Washington, D. C. 4th Gynæcological, July 1, 1907 Elected 1907

Sc.B., University of Nebraska, 1901, M.D., Cornell. 1905. Instructor in Clinical Chemistry U. S. Naval Medical School, Washington,

D. C., since April, 1920.

American Medical Association, Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, Southern Medical Society.

War Service: Lieutenant-Commander, M.C., U.S.N., U. S. Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, April-October, 1917; Senior Surgeon, U.S.S. "Mercury," October, 1917-September, 1918; Senior Medical Officer, U. S. Naval Aviation Forces in Italy, September-November, 1918.

Award: Navy Victory Medal with one bronze star.

C

Christian, Frank Lamar ____State Reformatory, Elmira, N. Y. 1st Surgical, January 1, 1901 Elected 1904

M.D., New York University, 1898, Cornell, 1899.
General Superintendent New York State Reformatorics: State Reformatory,
Elmira and Eastern New York Reformatory, Napanoch, Ulster County, N. Y.
American Prison Association, Association of Clinical Criminology, Society of
Medical Jurisprudence, Eugenics Research and Lake Keuka Medical Associations, Elmira Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Post Hospital, Fort Jay, Governor's Island, Eastern Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Jay, N. Y.; U. S. Disciplinary Barracks Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Clark, Francis Charles_____58 West Bridge St., Oswego, N. Y. 4th Surgical, July 1, 1909 Elected 1909

M.D., Medical College of State of South Carolina, 1903.
American Medical Association, New York State and Oswego County Medical Societies, Oswego Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Lieutenant, Junior Grade, M.C., U.S.N.R.F. Recruiting service and special detail, Port of New York.

Coleman, Robert Milligan _____449 West 3rd St., Lexington, Ky. 4th Gynæcological, January 1, 1905 Elected 1911

A.B., University of Kentucky, 1898, M.D., University of Virginia, 1901. Visiting Surgeon Good Samaritan and St. Joseph's Hospitals, Lexington, Ky. American Medical Association, Kentucky State and Fayette County Medical

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 40 and B. H. 33 (Albany Unit), Southampton and Portsmouth, England and Brest, France,

Comstock, Carl Rodney 542 Broadway, Saratoga Springs, N. Y. 4th Medical, January I, 1915 Elected 1921

A.B., Harvard, 1908. M.D., Columbia, 1912. Paediatrician Saratoga Hospital since 1915, Physician since 1919. American Medical Association. New York State and Saratoga County Medical and Medical Society of Saratoga Springs.

War Service: Lieutenant. Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A., Base Hospital, Camp Pike, Little Rock, Arkansas.

Conley, Dudley Steele _____Guitar Bldg., Columbia, Missouri 1st Surgical, January 1, 1909 Elected 1911

B.L., University of Missouri, 1900, M.D., Columbia, 1906. Chief of Surgical Service Parker Memorial Hospital, Columbia, Mo.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, Missouri State, Boone County and Quiz Medical (New York) societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Local Board 120 New York. Base Hospital 99, Hyères, France.

Cooke, Almon Havens _____411 Ashland Ave., Buffalo, N. Y. 4th Surgical, April 1, 1894 Elected 1895

M.D., New York University, 1892.
Consulting Physician Woman's Hospital, Buffalo.
American Medical Association, New York State and Eric County Medical Societies, Buffalo Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Home Guards, Buffalo, N. Y.

Coombs, George Holden ____State Health Dept., Augusta, Me. 1st Surgical, April 1, 1888 Elected 1899

M.D., New York University, 1886.
Director Division of Social Hygiene, State of Maine Department of Health,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S.P.H.S.

American Medical Association, Maine State and Knox County Medical Societies. War Service: Local Board, Augusta, Me.

Cuddeback, Edgar Gordon _____44 Sussex St., Port Jervis, N.Y. 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1908 Elected 1910

A.B., Cornell, 1904, M.D., 1906.

Visiting Surgeon St. Francis Hospital, Port Jervis, Surgeon Eric and Ontario & Western Railroads, U. S. Compensation Commission. New York State and Orange County Medical societies.

D

Danforth, Edward ____. Bainbridge, N. Y. 4th Medical, January 1, 1905 Elected 1906

M.D., Columbia, 1902.

Attending Physician Norwich, N. Y., Hospital.

New York State, Chenango County and Susquehanna Valley Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.R.C., U.S.A. Local Draft Board, Chenango County; Fort Benjamin Harrison, three months, Ambulance Company 336, Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, three months.

Denton, John Fletcher _____724 Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1906 Elected 1908

A.B., Emory College, 1889, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1903.

Assistant Gynaecologist Grady Hospital, Chief of Gynaecology Grady Clinic, Atlanta Medical College, Visiting Surgeon MacVicar Hospital.

American Medical Association, Georgia State and Fulton County Medical So-

cieties.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A., U.S. General Hospital 6; Base Hospital 126. (In U.S. at Armistice.)

____250 Delaware Ave., Buffalo, N.Y. Donovan, Timothy Francis __ 1st Surgical, July 1, 1909 Elected 1921

M.D., Columbia, 1909.

Instructor in Surgery, University of Buffalo.

Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, New York State and Erie County Medical Societies, Buffalo Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 23 (Buffalo Unit), Operating Train 13. A.E.F.

Dowdle, Edward _____1241 Hamilton Blvd., Detroit, Mich. 4th Gynæcological, January 1, 1911 Elected 1917

M.D., Cornell, 1909.

M.D., Cornell, 1909. Surgeon Out-Patients St. Mary's Hospital, Detroit. Michigan State and Wayne County Medical Societies.

War Service: Major M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 54, France.

Drury, John Nelson _____9 Central St., Lowell, Mass. 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1906 Elected 1906

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1904.

Physician, Tuberculosis Department Board of Health, Lowell.

American Medical Association, Massachusetts State and Middlesex North District Medical Societies.

E

Enders, Thomas Burnham __Noank, Conn. Elected 1893 4th Surgical, April 1, 1893

A.B., Yale 1888, M.D., Columbia, 1891. American Medical Association, Connecticut State, Hartford County and Hartford Medical Societies.

Etter, Harry Blaine _____19 North Earl St., Shippensburg, Pa. 3rd Surgical, July 1, 1909 Elected 1915

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1907.

Graduate of Army Medical School, Washington, Licutenant, M.R.C., 1910. Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A., 1910-1913.

American Medical Association, Pennsylvania State and Cumberland County Medical Societies.

War Service: Chairman Cumberland County Defense Committee of Pennsylvania.

F

Finch, Edward Bronson ____Orchard St., Greenfield, Mass. 4th Medical, April 1, 1896 Elected 1896

A.B., Trinity, 1891, A.M., 1891, M.D., Columbia, 1894. Attending Physician Franklin County Public Hospital, Greenfield, since 1919. American Medical Association, Massachusetts State and Franklin County Medical Societies, Hospital Graduates Club.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A In charge of medical wards Post Hospital, Fort Myer, Va.; Base Hospital, Camp Crane, Allentown, Pa.

Flanders, Alton Leroy _____1996 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass. 1st Surgical, November 1, 1895 Elected 1896

M.D., New York University, 1893.

Gallivan, William Francis _____250 Delaware Ave., Buffalo, N. Y. 4th Gynæcological, July 1, 1911 Elected 1921

M.D., University of Buffalo, 1909.

Associate Surgeon Buffalo City Hospital. American Medical Association. New York State and Eric County Medical Societies, Buffalo Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Not called.

Gardner, Clarence Howard _____43 Keene St., Providence, R. I. 1st Surgical, October 1, 1886 Elected 1893

M.D., New York University, 1885.

Gardner, James Augustus......504 Electric Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y. 4th Medical, January 1, 1897 Elected 1921

M.D., Columbia, 1895.

Attending Urologist Memorial Hospital. Buffalo, since 1905, Consulting Urologist Columbus Hospital. Buffalo, since 1915.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, American Urological Association, Buffalo Academy of Medicine, Erie County Medical

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 43, Buffalo.

Gardner, Murray MacGregor ____202 Paddock St., Watertown, N.Y. 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1915 Elected 1917

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1912. Attending Surgeon City Hospital, Watertown. American Medical Association, New York State, Jefferson County and Watertown Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A.; B.E.F., Somme and Flanders: A.E.F., Argonne.

2nd Surgical, July 1, 1909 Elected 1921

A.B., Yale, 1904, M.D., Cornell, 1907.
Assistant Visiting Surgeon and Gynaecologist Out-Patients Rochester General Hospital, Gynaecologist Baden Street Dispensary.
American Medical Association. New York State and Monroe County, Rochester

Pathological and Hospital Medical Societies, Rochester Academy of Medicine and Rochester Medical Association.

Gibson, Walter Campbell _____258 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y. 2nd Medical, October 1, 1893 Elected 1909

M.D., New York University, 1891, A.B., Hamilton, 1898. Visiting Physician St. Luke's Hospital since 1900.

American Medical Association, New York State and Oneida County Medical

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 35, Utica, N. Y.

Goldberger, Joseph _____U. S. Public Health Service, Wash., D. C. 3rd Medical, January 1, 1895 Elected 1920

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1895. Surgeon U. S. Public Health Service, commissioned 1895. American Medical and American Public Health Associations, American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists, Medical Society of the District of Columbia

War Service: Surgeon, U.S.P.H.S., U. S. Hygicnic Laboratory, Washington.

Goodman, Albert Rotild ____Cinco de Mayo 6, Mexico City, Mexico 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1897 Elected 1911

M.D., Columbia, 1895, National School of Medicine, Mexico, 1901, Colombia, S. A., 1916.

Visiting Surgeon American Hospital and English Hospital, City of Mexico. War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Post Surgeon, Governor's Island, N. Y. and Ellington Field, Houston, Tex.; Medical Attaché, U. S. Embassy, Mexico.

Graefe, Henry _____1316 Columbus Ave., Sandusky, Ohio 3rd Surgical, January 1, 1911 Elected 1911

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1908. Ohio State and Eric County, (O.) Medical Societies.

War Service: Licutenant, Captain, M.C., U.S.A., Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit), Vichy, France.

H

Hackett, James Hugh _____120 Wisconsin St., Milwaukee, Wis. 1st Surgical, July 1, 1896 Elected 1911

M.D., New York University, 1894. Visiting Surgeon St. Mary's Hospital, Milwaukee, since 1899. American Medical Association, Wisconsin State and Milwaukee County Medical, Wisconsin Surgical, Milwaukee Medical and Brainard Medical Societies.

War Service: Chairman and Medical Examiner District Board 13, Milwaukee.

Harbeck, Charles John____1501 So. Figueroa St., Los Angeles, Cal. 1st Medical, January 1, 1906 Elected 1907

A.B., Harvard, 1900, M.D., Columbia, 1905.

American Medical Association, California State and Los Angeles County Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A., Major, 1918. Post Hospital, Fort Rosecrans, Calif., Surgeon 15th U. S. Cavalry, 1917, School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, St. Louis, Chief of Surgical Service U. S. General Hospital 16, Overseas with Base Hospital 62, August, 1918, later with B.H. 88, Savenay, France, Army of Occupation, Coblenz, with U. S. Military Mission, Berlin, March-June, 1919, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., August 5, 1919.

Hardenbergh, Daniel Bailey 7 Orchard St., Middletown, N. Y. 4th Medical, April 1, 1893 Elected 1908

A.B., Yale, 1888, M.D., Columbia, 1891. Visiting Physician Thrall Hospital since 1896, Member Board of Directors Elizabeth A. Horton Memorial Hospital since 1919.

American Medical Association, New York State and Orange County Medical and Middletown Physicians' Club.

War Service: Local Board 3. Orange County and Medical Advisory Board 48. Middletown.

-----Camp Travis, Texas Herrick, John Rutherford -----2nd Gynæcological, January 1, 1908 Elected 1910

M.D., Cornell, 1905.

War Service: Captain. M.C., U.S.A (Emer.)

Hofmann, John William,

705 Indianapolis Pythias Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind. 3rd Medical, January 1, 1913 Elected 1916

M.D., University-Bellevue. 1910.

Attending Gynaecologist Indiana University Dispensary since 1920. American Medical Association, Indianapolis Medical and Indiana Medical College Seminar Societies.

War Service: Captain M.C., U.S.A., Camp Hospital 15, A.E.F.

Hotchkiss, Lucius Wales _____Santa Barbara, California 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1886 Elected 1886

A.B., Columbia, 1881, M.D., 1884,

Consulting Surgeon Bellevue Hospital since 1916, Knickerbocker Hospital, New York, Greenwich Hospital, Conn., St. John's, Riverside, and St. Joseph's, Yonkers, Attending Surgeon Roosevelt Hospital since 1905.

American Medical and American Surgical Associations, American College of Surgeons, Société Internationale de Chirurgie, Society of Clinical Surgery, California State Medical, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Surgical and Clinical Societies.

War Service: Major, M.R.C., U.S.A. Not called.

Howell, John Taylor_____205 Grand St., Newburgh, N. Y. 2nd Surgical, December 1, 1886 Elected 1894

M.D., Columbia, 1885. Senior Surgeon St. Luke's Hospital, Newburgh, Consulting Surgeon Highland Hospital, Beacon, N. Y.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State, First District Branch, Orange County and Newburgh Bay Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 49, Newburgh.

J

Jackson, Charles Warren _______ Elected 1890 .____Watertown, Conn.

M.D., New York University, 1987. Proprietor of "On-the-Hill" Health Resort, Watertown, Conn. Litchfield County Medical and Waterbury Medical Association. War Service: Lieutenant, M.R.C., U.S.A. Not called.

Joy, Homer Thrall _____ Redlands, California 1st Medical, January 1, 1900 Elected 1901 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1901

A.B., Yale, 1893. M.D., Columbia, 1896.

Attending Physician Redlands Hospital.

Attending Physician Redlands Hospital.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, California

State, San Bernardino County, Southern California, New York State and New Mexico State Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 1, San Bernardino County.

K

Kellogg, Arthur Bartlett ____Auditorium Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal. 1st Surgical. December 1, 1896 Elected 1917

M.D., N. Y. Hom Med. Col.; New York University, 1894. In practice in Hartford, Conn. till 1907, then in husiness in Atlanta, Ga.; now associated in special practice (Ear, Nosc and Throat).

War Service: Examining recruits at Hartford and later at Atlanta, Ga.

Kempf, Frederick Martin_____250 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y. 3rd Medical, January 1, 1908 Elected 1910

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1905.

Attending Surgeon St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Utica.

American Medical Association, New York State and Oneida County and Utica
Medical Library Societies, Utica Medical Club.

Kinnaird, Thomas Hayes _____191 North Upper St., Lexington, Ky. 4th Surgical, April 1, 1883 Elected 1888

A.B., Kentucky (Transylvania) University, 1877, M.D., New York University.

1881, LL.D., Transylvania, 1916.
Consulting Physician Good Samaritan Hospital, Lexington, since 1911, St. Joseph's Hospital since 1919.

American Medical Association, Kentucky State and Fayette County Medical Societies.

Klingon, Louis Eichee_____271 Barnum Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1913 Elected 1921

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1910.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Port of Embarkation, Newport News, Va.

Knight, Charles Asher____ ____1028 Main St., Peekskill, N. Y. 2nd Medical, April 1, 1892 Elected 1894

A.B., Yale, 1887, M.D., New York University, 1890. Visiting Physician St. Joseph's and St. Germain's Homes, Peekskill Hospital

and Peekskill Military Academy. American Medical Association, American Academy of Medicine, New York State and Westchester County Medical Societics.

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Love, Alfred Wanzer _____209 Elmwood Ave., Providence, R. I. 3rd Surgical, January 1, 1903 Elected 1905

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1901.

Rhode Island State and Providence County Medical Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, Junior Grade, M.C., U.S.N.R.F. Not called.

M

Macdonald, Robert Stevenson_47 Cumberland Ave., Plattsburg, N. Y. 4th Surgical, July 1, 1904 Elected 1916

A.B., Cornell, 1899, M.D., 1902,

Attending Surgeon Champlain Valley Hospital, Consulting Surgeon Alice Hyde Memorial, Saranac Lake General and Clinton Prison Tuherculosis Hospitals. American College of Surgeons, New York State Medical Society.

War Service: Local Board 1, Plattshurg.

MacKenzie, David Wallace ___ 624 Sherbrooke St. W., Montreal, Can. 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1907 Elected 1907

A. B., Dalhousie University, Honors in Pure and Applied Mathematics, 1900.

M.D., Cornell, 1904.
Urologist-in-Chief, Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal.
American College of Surgeons, American Association of Genito-Urinary Surgeons, American Urological and Canadian Medical Associations, New York Academy of Medicine, Medico-Chirurgical Society.

War Service: Canadian Home Service, Genito-Urinary,

MacLaren, William Stevenson 35 Boudinot St., Princeton, N. J. 4th Medical, April 1, 1891 Elected 1894

A.B., Princeton, 1886, A.M., 1889, M.D., Columbia, 1889. Visiting Physician Princeton Hospital. American Medical Association, American Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Contract Surgeon, U.S.A., S.A.T.C., Princeton.

Macnab, Daniel Stewart, 209-12 Herald Bldg., Calgary, Alberta, Canada 3rd Medical, July 1, 1909 Elected 1911

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1907.

On the staffs of Holy Cross and Calgary General Hospitals. Canadian Medical and Alherta Medical Associations, American College of Surgeons, Calgary Medical Society.

Magill, William Henry _____221 Thayer St., Providence, R.I. 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1905 Elected 1906

Ph.B., Brown, 1893, M.D., Cornell, 1903.

Attending Surgeon and Gynaecologist Rhode Island Hospital, Providence, Associate Surgeon and Gynaecologist St. Joseph's Hospital, Consultant St. Vincent de Paul Infant Asylum, Medical Examiner, State of Rhode Island.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, Rhode Island Medico-Legal, Rhode Island Medical, Providence Medical Societies.

War Service: Local Board 1, Providence.

McEvitt, Joseph Leo _____1376 Goodyear Ave., Akron, Ohio. 4th Surgical, July 1, 1916 Elected 1918

A.B., Yale, 1912, M.D., 1914.

Attending Surgeon Children's, City and Peoples' Hospitals, Akron. American Medical Association, Snmmit County Medical Society.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit), Vichy, France.

Miller, Frederick Mason_____143 Court St., Binghamton, N. Y. 1st Surgical, June 1, 1898 Elected 1905

M.D., New York University, 1896. Surgeon-in-Chief Binghamton City Hospital and Moore-Overton Hospital, Consulting Surgeon New York State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Chil-dren, West Haverstraw, N. Y.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and Broome County Medical Societies, Binghamton Academy of Medicine. War Service: Chairman Medical Advisory Board 47, Binghamton, 6th New York State Division.

Mills, Theodore Denton____60 West Main St., Middletown, N. Y. 1st Surgical, October 1, 1877 Elected 1919

A.B., Rutgers, 1874, A.M., 1877, M.D., Columbia, 1876. Attending Surgeon Thrall Hospital, Middletown, since 1892, President Board of Directors Elizabeth A. Horton Memorial Hospital; to construct new hospital.

American Mcdical Association, New York State and Orange County Mcdical Societies, New York and New England Association of Railroad Surgeons, Middletown Physicians' Club.

War Service: Chairman Medical Advisory Board 48, Middletown.

Mitchell, Lucien Bayard _____404 Seventh Ave., Tampa, Fla. 3rd Gynæcological, July 1, 1908 Elected 1909

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1906.

Surgeon Gordon Keller Hospital and Old People's Home, Tampa.

American Medical Association, Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, Florida State and Hillshorough County Medical Societies,

War Service: Captain, Major, M.C., U.S.A., December 17, 1917, Surgeon 54th Infantry, 6th Division, July 3, 1917-December 30, 1918. Vosges Mountains, Field service Meuse-Argonne. Graduate of Army Sanitary School, Langres, France.

Mullins, Samuel Frederick _____116 Main St., Danbury, Conn. 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1909 Elected 1909

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1906.

Attending Surgeon Danhury Hospital.

American Medical Association, Connecticut State, Fairfield County and Danbury Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board, Danhury.

N

3rd Surgical, April 1, 1893 Elected 1895 M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1891.

O

Olds, Frank Williams Glen and Main Sts., Williamstown, Mass. 4th Surgical, April 1, 1882 Elected 1897

A.B., Williams, 1876, M.D., Columbia, 1880. Attending Physician Williams College Infirmary. American Medical Association, Massachusetts State and Berkshire County Medical Societies, New York Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Williams College Unit. S.A.T.C.

Owsley, Henry Farrer_____49 Market St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y. 2nd Surgical, January 1, 1899 Elected 1899

M.D., Columbia, 1896. Ophthalmologist Samuel W. Bowne Memorial (Tuherculosis) Hospital), Mansion Square General Hospital, Poughkeepsie.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine.

P

Peck, Morton Roberts___P. O. Box 40, Cornwall-on-Hudson, N. Y. 4th Surgical, October 1, 1890 Elected 1890 M.D., Columbia, 1889.

3rd Surgical, July 1, 1899 Elected 1904

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1897.

Visiting Physician House of Good Samaritan, Watertown, American Medical Association, New York State and Jefferson County Medical

War Service: M.O.R.C., U.S.A. Rejected for active service for physical disability.

Pilgrim, Charles Winfield Central Valley, N. Y. 2nd Medical, April 1, 1882 Elected 1888

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1881. New York State Hospital Commissioner since 1916, President State Commission in Lunacy.

American Medico-Psychological Association (President, 1910), New York Academy of Medicine, Poughkeepsie Academy of Medicine, New York State and Dutchess County Medical Societies.

Pinkerton, Samuel Hunter_Bransford Apts., Salt Lake City, Utah 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1885 Elected 1886

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1883.

American Medical Association, Utah State and Salt Lake County Medical Societies.

Pomeroy, Nelson Asa ______96 Hillside Ave., Waterbury, Conn. Elected 1901 4th Surgical, July 1, 1899

M.D., Columbia, 1896.

Attending Surgeon Waterhury Hospital since 1902, St. Mary's Hospital since 1908, Visiting Surgeon and Chief of Staff Waterhury Dispensary since 1917.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, Connecticut State and New Haven County and Waterbury Medical Societies. War Service: Local Board 2. Waterbury.

Pooley, Thomas Reckett, Jr. _____26 Trinity St., Newton, N. J. 2nd Medical, January 1, 1910 Elected 1910

M.D., Cornell, 1907.

Assistant in Eye Department New York Post-Graduate Medical School and

American Ophthalmological, Tri-County and Sussex County, N. J. Medical Societics, Clinical Society New York Post-Graduate Medical School.

War Service: Local Board 1, Sussex County, N. J.

Preston, Albert Ward....... 3 Orchard St., Middletown, N. Y. 4th Surgical, July 1, 1898 Elected 1902

A.B., Amherst, 1889, M.D., Columbia, 1896. American Medical Association, New York State and Orange County Medical Societies, Middletown Physicians' Club.

War Service: Local Board 3, Middletown.

R

Richards, Ralph Taylor

1111-17 Walker Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah

4th Surgical, January 1, 1906 Elected 1908 M.D., University-Bellevue, 1903.

Visiting Surgeon Latter Day Saints Hospital.

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons., Utah State and Salt Lake County Medical Societies.

Rogers, Lester Brooks_____800 Arlington Bldg., Washington, D. C. 3rd Surgical, January 1, 1908 Elected 1909

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1905.
Assistant Medical Advisor Bureau of War Risk Insurance, Washington, D. C. War Service: Major. M.C., U.S.A., Liaison Officer, British War Office, London; Surgeon 64th Infantry, U.S.A.; Assistant Division Surgeon 7th Division; Secretary Advisory Committee Inter-Allied Games, Paris; U.S. Liquidation Commission, Paris.

Order of the Red Cross. Serbia, 1915, of St. Sava, Serbia. 1915, of the White Eagle. Serbia, 1919. of the Crown of Italy, 1919. Star of Roumania, 1919.

Scott, John William ______164 Market St., Lexington, Ky. 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1898 Elected 1904

A.B., Centre College, Danville, Ky., 1893, M.D., Columbia, 1896.
Attending Physician Good Samaritan and St. Joseph's Hospitals, Lexington,
Chairman Medical Advisory Board of Blue Grass Sanitorium (Tuberculosis), Lexington, Ky.

American Medical, Southern Medical and National Tuberculosis Associations. American College of Surgeons, Kentucky State and Fayette County Medical Societies.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A., Chief of medical service and Consultant in Tuberculosis, Base Hospital, Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Shea, John Joseph____Exchange Bldg., Memphis, Tenn. 3rd Medical, January 1, 1914 Elected 1920

A.B., Christian Brothers College, Memphis, Tenn., 1906, A.M., 1914, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1911.

Visiting Oto-Rhinologist St. Joseph's Hospital, Memphis.

American Medical Association, American Academy of Ophthalmology and Oto-Laryngology, Southern Medical, Tennessee State, Shelby County and Memphis Medical Societies, Memphis Society of Ophthalmology and Oto-Laryngology.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A., Medical Director Aviation Examining Board, August 24, 1917, Base Hospital, Camp Meade, Maryland, February 23, 1918; Captain, April 6, Fort Oglethorpe, Camp Greenleaf, April 11-July 21, Oversea August 15 in England; Base Hospital 57, Paris, Chief Department of Head Surgery, August 22, 1918-June 9, 1919; Major, February 17, 1919; Camp Dix, N. J., June 19, 1919.

Stillman, Charles Kirtland ___Mystic, Conn. Elected 1907 4th Medical, January 1, 1907

Ph.B., Brown, 1900, M.D., Columbia, 1904. Associate Attending Home Memorial Hospital, New London, Conn., New Lon-

don County Post Surgeon since 1918.
Connecticut State and New London County and Mystic Medical Societies, New York Pathological Society.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A., Assistant Chief of medical service Base Hospital, Camp Wheeler, Macon Ga., and Surgical Consultant to Army Nurse Corps, Physician Nurses' Training school Red Cross; General Hospital 1, Williamsbridge, N. Y., Tuberculosis Ward and Officers' Pavilion.

T

Terriberry, Lieut.-Col. Wm. Stoutenborough.

1810 Mass Ave., Wash., D. C. Elected 1898 4th Surgical, December 1, 1897

A.B., Yale, 1893, M.D., Columbia, 1896. Senior Surgeon (Lieut.-Colonel) Reserve, U. S. Public Health Service, Acting Chief General Inspection Service since 1919.

War Service: Colonel, M.C., U.S.A. (Col., M.C., National Guard, 1917, National Army, 1918, U.S.A., 1919). C.O. Embarkation Hospital, Newport News, Va. Post Surgeon, Newport News.

Towlerton, Charles Howland _____ 28 William St., Lyons, N. Y. 2nd Medical, October 1, 1891 Elected 1899

M.D., New York University, 1889. Owner and Manager Lyons Hospital.

American Medical Association, New York State and Wayne County Medical Societies.

Townsend, Charles Emerson _____231 Liberty St., Newburgh, N. Y. 4th Medical, October 1, 1893 Elected 1894

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1892.

Visiting Surgeon St. Luke's Hospital, Newhurgh, Consulting Surgeon Highland Hospital, Beacon, N. Y., President Board of Managers, Odell Memorial Tuberculosis Sanitorium, Newburgh.

American Medical Association, New York State and Orange County Medical,

Newburgh Bay Medical Societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., N. Y. Guard. Chief Medical Officer, 1st Provisional Regiment guarding New York City Aqueduct; Medical Advisory Board 49, Newburgh.

____1107 Bull St., Savannah, Ga. Train, John Kirk_____ 1st Surgical, January 1, 1903 Elected 1903

M.D., University of Virginia, 1899, University-Bellevue, 1900. Visiting Surgeon St. Joseph's Hospital, Georgia Infirmary, Savannah, Associato

Surgeon Telfair Hospital.

American Medical Association, Georgia State and Chatham County Medical Societies, Medical Association of Georgia.

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 104, Beau Desert, Bordeaux, France.

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Vose, Royden Mandeville_____112 E. Seneca St., Ithaca, N. Y. 2nd Surgical, July 1, 1904 Elected 1910

M.D., Cornell, 1902.

American Medical Association, Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, New York State and Tompkins County Medical Societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Surgeon 306th Infantry, 77th Division; Director of Field Hospitals, 77th Division, 1918; Surgeon Operating Team, Mobile Hospital 5, Les Placys; Camp Surgeon and C.O., Camp Hospital 70, St. Florent. Department of Cher. December-February, 1918, 1919.

W

Waring, Thomas Pinckney-----------10 Taylor St., Savannah, Ga.
1st Medical, June 1, 1894 Elected 1905

A.B., Yale, 1889, M.D., Columbia, 1892,

Surgeon and Owner Oglethorpe Sanitorium, Savannah.
American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, Georgia State
and Chatham County Medical, Southern Medical, Southern Surgical Societies.
Medical Association of Georgia, New York Externe Club.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board, Savannah.

Warr, Otis Sumter _____583 South McLean St., Memphis, Tenn. Elected 1911 4th Medical, July 1, 1910

M.D., University of Nashville, 1907.

Visiting Physician Memphis General Hospital, Professor of Clinical Medicine University of Tennessee.

American Medical Association, American College of Physicians, American

Congress of Internal Medicine, Tennessee State, Shelby County and Memphis Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board, Memphis.

Waterman, Julius Louis_____35 Chestnut St., Rochester, N. Y. 4th Surgical, January 1, 1914 Elected 1921

M.D., Cornell, 1911.

Urologist and Director Venereal Clinic Highland Hospital, Rochester, Chief of Urological Clinic Social Settlement of Rochester Dispensary since 1919.

Battalion Surgeon 3rd Batt, N. Y. Brigade, U.S.N.R.F.

American Medical and American Urological Associations, New York State
and Monroe County Medical, Rochester Pathological Societies, Rochester Academy of Medicine.

War Service: Lieutenant, junior grade, Lieutenant, March 28, 1918, U.S.N.R.F. Medical Officer U. S. Naval Training Station, Charlotte, N. Y.; Supervisor Civilian Hospitals 3rd Naval District; Medical Officer U.S.S. "America."

Williams, David Hitt_____613 Walnut St., Knoxville, Tenn. 3rd Medical, October 1, 1889 Elected 1896

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1888. Member Advisory Board Knoxville General Hospital.

American Medical Association, Tennessee State and Knox County Medical Societies, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College, (Life Member), National Geographic Society (Life).

War Service: Member Council National Defense; Medical Advisory Board 12, Tennessee.

Elected 1887 3rd Surgical, April 1, 1884

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1882.

American Medical Association, Rhode Island State and Providence District Medical Societies.

War Service: Appointed Food Admin., 7th Ward; no work done.

Williams, Rodney Ralph,

Hudson River State Hosp., Poughkeepsie, N.Y. 3rd Gynæcological, January 1, 1921 Elected 1921

M.D., Cornell, 1908.

First Assistant Physician Hudson River State Hospital, Poughkeepsie, since 1920.

New York State and Dutchess County Medical Societies.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 47, Binghamton, N. Y.

Wooldridge, James Clements Murrah Bldg., Columbus, Ga. Elected 1909 4th Medical, January 1, 1909

A.B., Emory College, Oxford, Ga., 1898, M.D., Columbia, 1906.

Visiting Obstetrician City Hospital, Columbus, Ga. American Medical Association, Association of Southern Railway Surgeons, Georgia State and Muscogee County Medical and Chattahooche Valley Medical and Surgical Societies, Alumni Societies Sloane Hospital for Women and Mt. Sinai Hospitals, New York.

____North Platte, Neb.

3rd Surgical, January 1, 1909	Elected 1914
M.D., University-Bellevue, 1906. American Medical Association, Nebraska Stat Societies.	e and Lincoln County Medical
War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Instructor Aid, U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N.	

Wurtele, Fred Josiah ____

Wynkoop, Henry John_____ 1st Surgical, July 1, 1900 Elected 1906 ____Bath, N. Y. M.D., New York University, 1898, Cornell, 1899. Co-proprietor private hospital, Bath, N. Y. American Medical Association, New York State and Steuben County Medical

Societies.

PERMANENT ASSOCIATE MEMBERS

Bandler, Clarence Garfield _____ 8 East 48th St., New York 1st Surgical, July, 1904—July, 1905 Elected 1908

A.B., Columbia, 1901, M.D., 1904.

Assistant Attending Urologist Presbyterian Hospital, Associate Professor of Urology, Columbia and Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital. American Medical and American Urological Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, Society for Advancement of Clinical Study, New York State and County Medical and Post-Graduate Medical School Clinical Society.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 7; full time instructor, S.A.T.C., Columbia.

Brannan, John Winters _____48 West 51st St., Visiting Physician, 4th Division, 1893 Elected 1895 1st Division, 1896

A.B., Harvard, 1874, M.D., 1878.
President Board of Trustees of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals since 1902,
Consulting Physician Bellevue Hospital since 1902, Willard Parker, Italian and Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled.

American Medical and American Climatological Associations, Association of American Physicians, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Harvard Medical, New York Practitioners' Societies.

War Service: Private in line, 1st Provisional Regiment 9th Coast Artillery (drilled as infantry) Camp at City Island, N. Y., later guarding New York Aqueduct, April, 1917-December, 1918; Captain, M.C., New York Guard, January, 1919-April, 1920; in Reserve but on active duty examining recruits till October,

_____58 West 55th St., Coleman, Warren Visiting Physician, 2nd Division, 1908 Elected 1914

A.B., Transylvania, 1888, M.D., New York University, 1891, A.M., hon., Transylvania, 1899.

Visiting Physician Bellevue Hospital, 3rd Division, since 1918.

American Medical and National Tuberculosis Associations, Association of American Physicians, Society of Experimental Biology and Medicine, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Harvey and New York Pathological Societies, Association for Study of Internal Secretions.

War Service: Local Board 158.

D'Alton, Clarence Joseph _____203 West 81st St., Elected 1916 1st Medical, 1911-1912

M.D., Medical College of Virginia, 1910.

Assistant Physician Neurological Institute, N. Y.

American Medical and American Medico-Psychological Associations, New York State and County Medical Societies.

Dermanent Associate Wembers

War Service: Captain, M.C., U.S.A Division Psychiatrist 34th Division, Camp Cody, Deming, N. M., Headquarters, 35th Division, Camp Doniphan, Fort Sill, Okla., Hd. Northeastern Department, Boston; 35th and 90th Divisions, A.E.F.

Fisher, Edward Dix _____46 East 52nd St., New York Visiting Alienist, 1893 Elected 1895

A.B., College of City of New York, 1875, M.D., New York University, 1878. Consulting Alienist and Neurologist, Bellevue, St. Vincent's and Flushing Hospitals, Consulting Neurologist Manhattan State Hospital, Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases, New York University.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 9.

Fitch, Allen _____ -----987 Madison Ave., Visiting Alienist, 1886 Elected 1894

M.D., Albany, 1879, New York University, 1880. New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, New York Neurological Societies.

Freed, Frederick Clarence _____252 West 73rd St., 1st Surgical, July, 1913-July, 1914 Elected 1917

M.D., Jefferson, 1913.

Assistant Visiting Obstetrician Bellevue Hospital since 1919, Adjunct Assistant Surgeon Manhattan Maternity and Dispensary.

War Service: Captain, M.C., C.S.A. Base Hopsital 116, A.E.F., Bazoilles, Vosges, seventeen months.

Hartwell, John Augustus _____27 East 63rd St., Visiting Surgeon, 2nd Division, 1908 Elected 1915

Ph.B., Yale, 1889, M.D., 1892. Director of Surgery 2nd Division Bellevue Hospital, Consulting Surgeon Lincoln, United and Lawrence Hospitals, Assistant Professor of Surgery and Clinical Surgery, Cornell.

American Medical and American Surgical Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Surgical and Clinical Surgical Societies.

War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A., Chairman Medical Advisory Board 8, and A.E.F.

Hoag, Ward Bryant _____ ----- 126 West 81st St., Externe, 3rd Division, 1892-1893 Elected 1908

M.D., Bellevue, Medical, 1892.

Attending Paediatrician and Professor of Paediatrics, New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital since 1904, Attending Out-Patients St. Mary's Free

Hospital for Children since 1905.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, West End Medical, Medical and Surgical, Benjamin Rush Medical Societies, New York Medical Union, Alumni Association University-Bellevue Hospital Medical College, Dutchess County Society of City of New York.

Jackson, Henry Wirt _____114 East 66th St., 2nd Medical, July, 1912-July, 1913 Elected 1917

M.D., University of Virginia, 1910. Obstetrician Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Obstetrician Bellevue

Permanent Associate Members

Hospital since 1919, Adjunct Assistant Surgeon Manhattan, Maternity and Dispensary, Assistant Visiting Obstetrician Nursery and Child's Hospital. American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies. War Service: Major, M.C., U.S.A. Fort Benjamin Harrison, M.O.T.C., Base Hospital, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., B.H. 78, A.E.F., Toul, France.

Keyes, Edward Loughborough, Jr.___109 East 34th St., New York Elected 1919 Visiting Surgeon, 2nd Division, 1910

A.B., 1892, Georgetown, M.D., Columbia, 1895, Ph.B., Georgetown, 1901. Visiting Surgeon-in-Charge of Urological Service Bellevue Hospital, Visiting Urologist St. Vincent's Hospital, Professor of Urology, Cornell.

American Medical, American Urological Associations, American College of Surgeons, American Association of Genito-Urinary Surgeons, Interican College of Surgical and Urological Association, French Urological and Dermatological Society, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies, Alumni Society of New York Hospital.

War Service: Major, Lieut.-Colonel, Colonel, M.C., U.S.A., Part Organizer and Director Bellevue Unit; Medical and Surgical Consulting Board, Neufchâteax, Vosges, France.

_____ 44 West 92nd St. Koles, Henry Mark _____ Elected 1907 Externe, 3rd Division, 1892-1893

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1892. Chief of Genito-Urinary Clinic Out-Patients, Mt. Sinai Hospital. American Medical Association, New York State and County and Metropolitan Medical Societies.

MacRobert, Russell Galbraith _____20 West 50th St., 1st Division, July, 1912-July, 1913 Elected 1917

M.D., Western University, London, Ont., 1912, M.B., Toronto University, 1916.

Associate Attending Physician New York Neurological Institute since 1916.

American Medical Association, College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, New York State and County Medical, New York Neurological Societies, Association for Research in Nervous and Mental Diseases.

War Service: Medical Advisory Board 4.

Visiting Physician, 4th Division, 1897 Elected 1900

M.D., Bellevue Medical, 1881, Ph.B., St. Francis Xavier, 1895, LL.D., Fordham

University, 1908.

Medical Director 4th Division Bellevuc Hospital since 1917, Visiting Physician St. Vincent's Hospital since 1909, Consulting Physician St. Joseph's Hospital,

Yonkers, since 1911.

New York State and County Medical Societies, New York Association for Medical Education, Physicians' Mutual Aid Association, Society for Relief of

Widows and Orphans of Medical Men.

Packer, Flavius _____West Hill, Riverdale, Psychopathic Ward, 1902 Elected 1907 M.D., Albany, 1893.

Physician-in-Charge Riverside Sanitarium, West Hill, Riverdale, N. Y. American Medical, American Medico-Psychological Associations, New York State and Bronx County Medical, New York Neurological and New York Psychiatrical Societies, Society of Medical Jurisprudence.

Dermanent Associate Wembers

Reich, Arthur Mitchell _____141 West 77th St., New York 3rd Division, July, 1910-January, 1912 Elected 1916

M.D., Long Island College Hospital, 1910.

Obstetrician Out-Patients and Adjunct Assistant Visiting Obstetrician Bellevue Hospital, Visiting Gynaecologist and Obstetrician Booth Memorial Hospital, Adjunct Assistant Obstetrician Mauhattan Maternity Hospital, Instructor in

Obstetrics, New York University.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies. War Service: Lieutenant, Captain, M.C., U.S.A. Base Hospital 1 (Bellevue Unit), Vichy, France.

66

Robertson, Frank Wade _____412 West End Ave., Psychopathic Ward, 1896 Elected 1898

M.D., Columbia, 1895.

Consulting Physician Manhattan State Hospital, Medical Director Givens Sanatarium, Stamford, Conn.

American Medico-Psychological, New York Eugenics Research Associations, Society of Medical Jurisprudence, West End Medical Society.

War Service: Contract Surgeon, U.S.A., Neuro-psychiatric Examiner City Armories, Van Cortlandt Park, Pelham Bay Park and Camp Mills, Mincola, N. Y.

Rogers, John 177 East 71st St., Visiting Surgeon, 2nd Division, 1910 Elected 1915

A.B., Yale, 1887, Ph.B., 1888, M.D., Columbia, 1891.
Visiting Surgeon 2nd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1910, St. Francis Hospital since 1906, Booth Memorial since 1919, Professor Clinical Surgery, Cornell.
American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State
and County Medical, New York Surgical Societies, New York Academy of Medicine.

Schroeder, Louis Clausen _____39 East 61st St., 1st Medical, 1911-1913 Elected 1916

M.D., Columbia, 1911.

Assistant Attending Physician, Chief Out-Patients Department Nursery and Child's Hospital.

American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical Societies.

War Service: Local Board 158.

Stetson, Rufus Edwin _____132 East 61st St., 1st Medical, January, 1912-July, 1913 Elected 1917

A.B., Bowdoin, 1908, M.D., Columbia, 1911. Assistant Visiting Physician Paediatric Service Bellevue Hospital. American Medical Association, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, Washington Heights Medical Societies.

Thompson, William Gilman ---- 142 East 62nd St., Visiting Physician, 2nd Division, 1896 Elected 1906

Ph.B., Yale, 1877, M.D., Columbia, 1881.

Consulting Physician Bellevue Hospital since 1916, Woman's Hospital, Lawrence Hospital, New York, Nassau Hospital, New York State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children, Emeritus Professor of Medicine, Cornell.

Permanent Associate Members

American Medical Association, Association of American Physicians, American Association for Advancement of Science, New York State and County and New Hampshire State Medical Societies, Tri-County Medical Society of New Jersey, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Clinical, Practitioners's, Medical and Surgical, Alumni Societies Presbyterian and New York Hospitals, War Service: U. S. Public Health, Draft Board, Council of National Defense.

Urquhart, Howard Donald _____201 West 55th St., New York 3rd Medical, April, 1906-July, 1907 Elected 1909

A.B., Dalhousie University, Halifax, 1903, M.D., University-Bellevue, 1906.

Assistant Visiting Surgeon New York State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children, West Haverstraw, St. Luke's Hospital Orthopaedic Service.

American Medical Association, New York State and County Medical Societies. War Service: Medical Advisory Board 1.

Walker, John Baldwin ______ 51 East 50th St., Visiting Surgeon, 1st Division, 1900 Elected 190 Elected 1904

Attending Surgeon Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, Visiting Surgeon

Bellevue Hospital, Manhattan State Hospital.

American Medical and American Surgical Associations, American College of Surgeons, Société Internationale de Chirurgie, New York Academy of Medicine, New York Surgical Society.

War Service: Colonel, M.C., U.S.A. Assistant Surgeon U.S.N.R.F. January 23, 1914-April, 1917; Surgeon General's Office, U.S.A., September-December, 1917, organizing first base hospital for special injuries (fractures); in England and France as observer in hospitals, January-March, 1918; Chief of Surgical Service
Base Hospital 116, Bazoilles. Vosges, April June, 1918, C.O., B.H. 116, July,
1918-January, 1919; Surgical Consultant, S.G.O., Washington, February-June,
1919; Delegate from S.G.O. to Allied Surgical Conference, Paris, June-September, 1920.

Wildman, Henry Valentine _____108 West 94th St., Physician Psychopathic Ward, 1882 Elected 1889

Globe House Academy, London, England, 1873, M.D., University of Michigan, 1880.

Consulting Surgeon Neuro-Psychiatric Department, U. S. Public Health Service, New York, U.S.P.H.S. Reservc. American Medical Association, Medical Association Greater New York.

Woolsey, George _____117 East 36th St., Visiting Surgeon, 1st Division, 1890 Elected 1909

A.B., Yale, 1881, M.D., Columbia, 1885.
Visiting Surgeon 1st Division (now 2nd) Bellevue Hospital since 1890, Consulting Surgeon Memorial Hospital, St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers, Professor of Clinical Surgery, Cornell.

American Medical and American Surgical Associations, American College of Surgeons, New York Academy of Medicine, New York State and County Medical, New York Surgical, New York Clinical Societies, Society of Clinical Surgery.

War Service: Major, M.R.C., U.S.A. Medical Advisory Board.

Wright, Arthur Mullin _____417 Park Ave., Visiting Surgeon, 3rd Division, 1920 Elected 1922

A.B., Cornell, 1903, M.D., 1905. Visiting Surgeon 3rd Division Bellevue Hospital since 1920, Assistant Visiting Surgeon St. Vincent's Hospital.

Dermanent Associate Members

American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, New York State and County Medical Society, New York Academy of Medicine.

War Service: See page 57. Citation by General Pershing.

NON-RESIDENT PERMANENT ASSOCIATE MEMBERS

Jennings, Walter Barry _____Middletown, Conn. Externe, 1st Division, 1898-1899 Elected 1904

Ph.B., Yale, 1895, M.D., New York University, 1898.
Physician Stamford Hall Sanitorium, Stamford, Conn.
American Medical Association, New York State and Chenango County Medical Societics.
War Service: Lieutenant, junior grade, U.S.N.R.F.

Von Wedel, Curt Otto, 735 American Bank Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla. 4th Surgical, 1908 Elected 1911

M.D., University-Bellevue, 1907.
Visiting Surgeon St. Anthony's Hospital and Oklahoma State Baptist Hospital.
American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons, Southern Medical Association, Medical Association of the Southwest, Oklahoma State and County Medical and Central Societies.

War Service: Lieutenant, M.C., U.S.A. Camp Bowie, San Antonio, Texas.

ASSOCIATE MEMBERS

1915

From January till July

Charles Edmund Carr, 1st MedicalNew York City
Benjamin Francis Weems, Jr., 2nd MedicalWashington, D. C.
Joseph Wright Leist, 3rd MedicalColumbus, O.
Grant Thorburn, 4th MedicalNew York City
Howard Wentworth Wellington, 1st SurgicalU. S. Navy
Norman Harris Williams, 2nd SurgicalLos Angeles, Cal.
*Robert Samuel Topping, 3rd SurgicalSee page 74
Leslie St. Clair Hays, 4th SurgicalClinton, S. C.
Howard Sheffield Jeck, 2nd GynæcolgoicalNew York City
Myron Louis Morris, 3rd GynæcologicalNew York City
*Clarence Sanford Faulkner, 4th Gynæcological, Died Oct. 17, 1918

From July till January

Edward Percy Eglee, 1st MedicalNew York City
Franklin Clark Wagenhals, 2nd MedicalColumbus, O.
Henry Youngs, 3rd MedicalGoshen, N. Y.
Walter Max Kraus, 4th MedicalNew York City
Frank Clyde Carr, 1st SurgicalNew York City
Max Spencer Rohde, 2nd SurgicalNew York City
J. Louis Preston, 3rd SurgicalSalamanca, N. Y.
George Ellis Taylor, 4th SurgicalHornell, N. Y.
William Douglas Cruickshank, 2nd Gynæcological, Hamilton, Ont.
John Andrew Cahill, 3rd GynæcologicalAddress unknown
Samuel Swift, 4th GynæcologicalNew York City

Associate Members

1916

From	January	till	July
1 10111	January	CITI	July

Raymond Confer Hall, 1st MedicalAnaconda, Mont. David Preswick Barr, 2nd MedicalFlushing, N. Y.
James Patrick Hennessy, 3rd MedicalNew York City
James Griffin Corneille, 4th MedicalNew York City
Sylvian Beer Wolff, 1st SurgicalOpelousas, La.
John Verne Bohrer, 2nd SurgicalNew York City
Henry Edward Dwyer, 3rd SurgicalPassaic, N. J.
Edmund Bernard Sullivan, 4th SurgicalMount Vernon, N. Y.
Joseph Leo McEvitt, 4th GynæcologicalAkron, O.
*Joseph Sweet Martin, 4th Gynæcological, Died October 28, 1918

From July till January

Royce Paddock, 1st Medical	New York City
Joseph Edward Connery, 3rd Medical	New York City
Sidney Trattner, 4th Medical	Richmond, Va.
Carl Henfrid Fornell, 1st Surgical	New York City
Ralph Moore L. Dodson, 2nd Surgical	Portland, Ore.
John Herbert Hermann, 3rd Surgical	Orange, N. J.
Dixon Lawrence Austin, (?) 4th Surgical	New York City
Roy Lee Blackmon, 4th Surgical	New York City
Alexander Berthold Timm, Gynæcological	New York City

1917

From January till July

Preston Alexander McLendon, 1st MedicalWashington, D. C.
John Miller, 2nd MedicalNew York City
Max Phillip Cowett, 3rd MedicalNew York City
Henry Elsner Marks, 4th MedicalNew York City
Edward Raymond Easton, 1st SurgicalU.S.A., Ancon, C.Z.
Rowland Parker Blythe, 2nd SurgicalCranford, N. J.
Edward Milton Overton, 3rd SurgicalNew York City
Dixon Lawrence Austin, 4th SurgicalNew York City
Walter Charles Allen, 4th SurgicalRochester, N. Y.

From July till January

John Joseph Young, 1st Medical	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Louis Lawrence Shapiro, 3rd Medical	New York City
Edward Barrett Wilson, 4th Medical, Mil. leave .	
Clarence Stiles McKee, 1st Surgical, Mil. leave	
*Harold Sydney Morgan, 2nd Surgical, Mil. leave	
Irwin Edward Siris, 3rd Surgical	
Joseph Carrigan Horan, 4th Surgical	
Bernard Leo Robins, Gynæcological	
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Associate Members

1918

From January till July

Royal Francis Sengstacken, 1st Medical	Suffern, N. Y.
Warren Watson Bell, 3rd Medical	Address unknown
Arthur Spaulding McQuillan, 2nd Surgical	New York City
Maurice Jacob Strauss, 4th Surgical, Mil. leave	_New Haven, Conn.
Harold Robert Brown, 4th Surgical	New York City
Joseph Mayeroff, Gynæcological	New York City
James Roxland Reinberger, 4th Surgical	Address unknown

From July till January

Lawrence Henry Cotter, 1st MedicalNew York City
John Elden Sawhill, 3rd MedicalNew York City
Henry Aaron Solomon, 4th Medical, Mil. leaveNew York City
Harold Joseph Isaacs, 1st SurgicalNew York City
Frank Hamer Russell, 2nd SurgicalNew York City
Abraham A. Goldstein, 4th SurgicalRichmond Hill, N. Y.
Joseph Mayerhoff, Gynæcological Mil. leaveNew York City

1919

From January till July

Ernest Everett Bunzel, 1st Medical	New York City
Morris Greenberg, 1st Medical	New York City
Henry Haywood, Jr., 2nd Medical	_Springfield, Mass.
Benjamin Breakstone, 3rd Medical	New York Ctiy
Arnold Koffler, 4th Medical	New York City
Abraham Braunstein, 3rd Medical	New York City
Roy Jones Holmes, 2nd Surgical	Savannah, Ga.
John Shaw, 2nd Surgical	Address unknown
Harry Leonard Hermes, 3rd Surgical	New York City
Harry Markow, 4th Surgical	Brooklyn, N. Y.
George H. Bonnefond, Gynæcological	Hancock, N. Y.

From July till January

Morris Dinnerstein, 1st Medical	New York City
Morton Ryder, 2nd Medical	New York City
Maurice Timothy Root, 2nd Medical	lthaca, N. Y.
Albert Harvey Casey, 3rd Medical	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Arnold Koffler, 4th Medical	New York City
Morris Herman Levine, 1st Surgical	Address unknown
Edward Cuy Campbell, 2nd Surgical	Memphis, Tenn.
George Y. Char. 2nd Surgical	Address unknown
Carl Clifford Harvey, 3rd Surgical	Middletown, Conn.
Harry Markow, 4th Surgical	Brooklyn, N. Y.
M. Abramson, Gynæcological	Address unknown

Associate Members

1920

From January till July

Vincent de Paul Butler, 1st MedicalJersey City, N. J.
Harry Hayward Hamilton, 1st MedicalBrooklyn, N. Y.
Henry Kelso Cunningham, 3rd MedicalKnoxville, Tenn.
Emanuel Applebaum, 4th MedicalNew York Ctiy
Philip Emanuel Stamatiades, 1st SurgicalNew York City
Edward Meakin Livingston, 3rd SurgicalNew York City
David Winternitz, 4th SurgicalAddress unknown

From July till January

Morton Seldowitz, 1st Medical	Address unknown
Kenneth C. Forsyth, 1st Medical	
Arthur McGrath Stokes, 2nd Medical	Address unknown
Ira Alfred Hinsdale, 2nd Medical	New York City
Austin Baker Johnson, 3rd Medical	Cedarhurst, N. Y.
Frederick Alfred Wurzbach, Jr., 4th Medical _	Address unknown
Philip Emanuel Stamatiades, 1st Surgical	New York City
Ammie Thomas Sikes, 4th Surgical	Address unknown
William Wallace Morrison, 4th Surgical	New York City

1921

From January till July.

Frank Gastineau, 1st Medical	Indianapolis, Ind.
Benjamin Siegel, 1st Medical	Brooklyn
Max Palinsky, 1st Surgical	Brooklyn
Howard Reid Craig, 2nd Medical	New York
William Randolph Smith, 2nd Surgical	Brooklyn
Evan Williams McLave, 3rd Medical	Hastings, N. Y.
Anthony Stanley Bogatko, 3rd Surgical	Elizabeth, N. J.
Edward Murray Blair, Gynæcological	New York
Winfield Scott Gehrett, 4th Medical	Toledo, O.
Leonard Wilfred Pritchett, 4th Surgical	London, Ont.

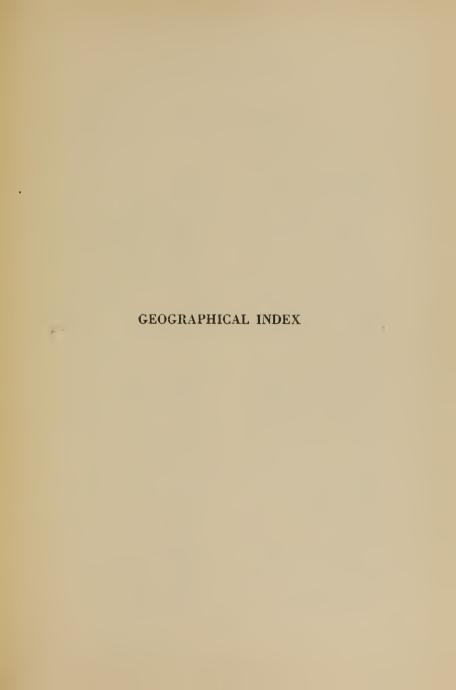
July till January, 1922

Jesse Belford Shelmire, 1st Medical	Dallas, Tex.
David Chapman Bull, 1st Surgical, Resident	Bellevue
Harold Edwin Himwich, 2nd Medical, Resident	Bellevue
Arturo Martinez, 2nd Medical	New York
Albert Dalbey Frost, 2nd Surgical	Pittsburgh, Pa.
Beverly Woodfin Cobbs, 3rd Medical	Montgomery, Ala.
Israel Lurier, 3rd Surgical	New York
John Stephen Malone, 4th Surgical, Anæsthetist-	Bellevue
James Banister Stone, 4th Surgical, Resident	Bellevue

SUMMARY

Honorary Members	3
Emeritus Members	10
Resident Active Members	252
Non-Resident Active Members	90
Permanent Associate Members	28
Associate Members	
Total	402





GEOGRAPHICAL INDEX

(Outside of New York City)

CALIFORNIA	MAINE
Los Angeles,	Augusta,
Harbeck, Charles J.	Coombs, George H.
Kellogg, Arthur B.	
Redlands.	MASSACHUSETTS
Joy, Homer T.	Boston,
Santa Barbara,	Councilman, William T.
Hotchkiss, Lucius W.	Flanders, Alton L.
	Greenfield.
CONNECTICUT	Finch, Edward B.
Bridgeport,	Lowell.
Klingon, Louis E.	Drury, John N.
Danbury,	Williamstown,
Mullins, Samuel T.	Olds, Frank W.
Middletown,	0100, 1101111
Jennings, Walter B.	MICHIGAN
Mystic,	Detroit.
Stillman, Charles K.	Dowdle, Edward
Noank,	Dowale, Edward
Enders, Thomas B.	MINNESOTA
Waterbury,	Rochester.
Pomeroy, Nelson A.	Mayo, Charles H.
Watertown,	Mayo, William J.
Jackson, Charles W.	, .,
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	MISSOURI
Washington,	Columbia,
Bunker, LieutCom., C.W.O.	Conley, Dudley S.
Goldberger, Joseph, U.S.P.H.S.	Kansas City,
Rogers, Lester B.	Griffith, Jefferson D.
Terriberry, LtCol. Wm. S.	
201100117, 201 0011 1121 01	NEBRASKA
FLORIDA	North Platte,
Tampa,	Wurtele, Fred J.
Mitchell, Lucien B.	
	NEW JERSEY
GEORGIA	Asbury Park,
Atlanta,	Beveridge, William W.
Denton, John F.	Cranford,
Columbus,	Blythe, Rowland B.
Wooldridge, James C.	East Orange,
Savannah	Banks, Charles W.
Train, John K.	Englewood,
Waring, Thomas P.	Teeter, John N.
INDIANA	Irvington, Bowman, James F.
	Satchwell, Harry H.
Indianapolis, Hofmann, John W.	Maplewood,
radinanu, jonn w.	Simmons, Albert V.
KENTUCKY	Montclair,
Lexington.	Mabey, J. Corwin
	Newark,
Coleman, Robert M. Kinnaird, Thomas H.	Barkhorn, Henry C.
Scott, John W.	Emory, George B.
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Geographical Index

Erler, Eugene W.	Lyons,
Fort, Jay I.	Towlerton, Charles H.
Hagerty, John F. Schaaf, Royal A. Teeter, Charles E.	Manhassett,
Schaaf, Royal A.	Van Kleeck, Louis A.
Teeter, Charles E.	Middletown,
Vanderhoff, Irving M.	Hardenburgh, Daniel B.
Zebnder, Anthony C. Newton,	Mills, Theodore D.
Pooley, Thomas R., Jr.	Preston, Albert W.
Orange,	Mount Vernon,
Hermann, John H.	Robertson, William D. Newburgh,
Passaic,	Howell, John T.
Dwyer, Henry E.	Townsend, Charles E.
Princeton.	New Rochelle,
MacLaren, William S.	Hoyt, Alpheus W.
Plainfield,	Read. Clarence A.
Probasco, Norman H.	Oswego,
Rutherford,	Clark. Francis C.
Willis, Benedict P.	Peekskill,
South Orange.	Knight, Charles A.
Chandler, William J.	Plattsburg,
Stanhope,	Macdonald, Robert S.
Nelden, Harry H. Union Hill,	Port Jervis,
Justin, Arthur W.	Cuddeback, Edgar G.
West Hoboken,	Port Washington,
Lange, Louis C.	Newman, Leander A.
Dange, Doule C.	Poughkeepsie, Owsley, Henry F.
NEW YORK	Williams, Rodney R.
Albany,	Rochester,
Brooks, Paul B.	Aikman, John
Bainbridge,	Allen, Walter C.
Danforth, Edward.	Bradley, John R.
Bath,	Bradley, John R. Gelser, George M.
Wynkoop, Henry J.	Waterman, Julius L.
Binghamton.	Saratoga Springs,
Behan, William A. Miller. Frederick M.	Comstock, Carl R.
	Suffern,
Buffalo,	Sengstacken, Royal F.
Brennan, Joseph P.	Utica, Gibson, Walter C.
Cooke, Almon H.	Kempf, Frederick M.
Donovan, Timothy F. Gallivan, William F.	Watertown
Gardner, James A.	Gardner, Murray M. Pierce, Charles E.
	Pierce, Charles E.
Cedarhurst,	White Plains,
Johnson, Austin B. Central Valley,	Lowthian, Walter E.
Pilgrim, Charles W.	Yonkers,
Cornwall-on-Hudson,	Benedict, Albert N.
Peck, Morton R.	Betts, Harrison. Getty, Samuel E.
Elmira,	Getty, Samuel E.
Christian, Frank L.	Gorton, James T.
Freeport,	
Lindsay, Gordon.	ОНІО
Glens Falls,	Akron,
Baker, Davis.	McEvitt, Joseph L.
Great Neck,	Sandusky, Graefe, Henry.
Tweddell, Francis.	Graefe, Henry.
Hempstead,	0.007 1.330341
Holcomb, Henry V.	OKLAHOMA
Ithaca,	Oklahoma,
Vose, Royden M.	Von Wedel, Curt O.

Geographical Index

PENNSYLVANIA Shippensburg, Etter, Harry B.

RHODE ISLAND
Providence,
Gardner, Clarence H.
Keefe, John W.
Love, Alfred W.
Magill, William H.
Williams, Horace N.

TENNESSEE
Knoxville,
Williams, David H.
Memphis,
Shea, John J.
Warr, Otis S.

TEXAS
Camp Travis,
Herrick, Capt. John R.
Dallas,
Baird, Raleigh W.

UTAH
Salt Lake City,
Pinkerton, Samuel H.
Richards, Ralph T.

VIRGINIA Norfolk, Gwathmey, Lomax

WISCONSIN
Milwaukee,
Hackett, James H.

CANADA
Calgary, Alta.
Macnab, Daniel S.
Montreal,
MacKenzie, David W.

MEXICO Mexico City, Goodman, Albert B.



DEATH ROLL

Willis Walton French, A.B., M.D.

Fourth Surgical Division, 1885.

Died in New York, March 11, 1888, aged 31 years.

James Dickie Galt, M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1856. Died in Norfolk, Va., September 10, 1888, aged 57 years.

Benjamin Joseph Harlan, A.B., M.D.Second Surgical Division, 1875.Died in New York, May 25, 1889, aged 41 years.

Joseph William Howe, M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1867.

Died at sea, June 7, 1890, aged 47 years.

Edmund Rhett Walker A.B., M.D.

Fourth Medical Division, 1859.

Died in Baltimore, Md., September 30, 1891, aged 55 years.

Washington Freeman Peck, A.M., M.D.

First Surgical Division, 1863.

Died in Davenport, Iowa, December 12, 1891, aged 50 years.

Rutson Maury, B.S., M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1888.

Died in New York, May 5, 1892, aged 27 years.

Elijah Clark Kinney, M.D.Fourth Medical Division, 1859.Died in Norwich, Conn., October 19, 1892, aged 63 years.

Robert Warren Greene, A.B., A.M., M.D.
Third Medical Division, 1889.
Died in New York, October 29, 1892, aged 32 years.

James Halsey Hunt, M.D.

First Surgical Division, 1874.

Died in Salt Lake City, Utah, December 20, 1892, aged 43 years.

William Coolidge Stone, M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1882.

Died in Lakewood, N. J., February 5, 1893, aged 36 years.

William Lee, M.D.

First Medical Division, 1864.

Died in Washington, D. C., March 2, 1893, aged 52 years.

William Rice Ballou, M.D.

Fourth Surgical Division, 1888.

Died in Thomasville, Ga., March 8, 1893, aged 28 years.

Clarence Glisan, A.B., M.D.

Second Surgical Division, 1892.

Died in Portland, Ore., August 20, 1893, aged 25 years.

Reuben Aleshire Vance, M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1868.

Died in Cleveland, Ohio, March 19, 1894, aged 49 years.

Henry Goldthwaite, A.B., M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1876.

Died in New York, January 4, 1895, aged 53 years.

Matthew Dickinson Field, A.B., M.D.

First Surgical Division, 1880.

Died in New York, March 8, 1895, aged 42 years.

Alexander Barnett Pope, M.D.

First Medical Division, 1886.

Died in New York, June 12, 1895, aged 35 years.

Richard C. Van Wyck, M.D.

Second Surgical Division, 1869.

Died at Mitchell Station, Va., January 28, 1896, aged 52 years.

Thomas Herring Burchard, A.B., A.M., M.D.

Second Surgical Division, 1873.

Died in New York, November 14, 1896, aged 48 years.

Clark Wright, Ph.B., M.D. First Medical Division, 1888. Died in New York, March 16, 1897, aged 37 years.

John Blair Gibbs, A.B., M.D., U.S.N.First Surgical Division, 1883.Killed at Guantanamo, Cuba, June 12, 1898, aged 40 years.

Richard Channing Moore Page, M.D.
Third Medical Division, 1869.
Died in New York, June 19, 1898, aged 57 years.

Albert Henry Leyton, A.B., M.D.
Second Surgical Division, 1888.
Died in New York, January 2, 1899, aged 36 years.

Julius Augustus Roth, A.B., M.D.First Medical Division, 1883.Died in New York, January 15, 1899, aged 40 years.

John Richard Conway, M.D.Fourth Surgical Division, 1884.Died in New York, April 22, 1899, aged 36 years.

John Alexander McCreery, A.B., A.M., M.D., M.R.C.S. First Medical Division, 1872. Died in New York, November 10, 1899, aged 50 years.

Jesse William Lazear, A.B., M.D., U.S.A.

First Medical Division, 1893.

Died in Quemados, Cuba, September 28, 1900, aged 34 years.

Leroy Justus Brooks, M.D.

First Surgical Division, 1874.

Died in Norwich, N. Y., December 11, 1900, aged 50 years.

Edward Farrell, A.B., M.D.

Second Surgical Division, 1866.

Died in Halifax, N. S., January 1, 1901, aged 57 years.

William Henry Draper, A.B., A.M., M.D.Second Medical Division, 1856.Died in New York, April 26, 1901, aged 70 years.

Calvin Terriberry, M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1874.

Died in Paterson, N. J., June 9, 1901, aged 51 years.

David Magie Cory, M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1867.

Died in Rye, N. Y., August 19, 1901, aged 58 years.

William Malcolm James, M.D.

First Medical Division, 1863.

Died in Whitesboro, N. Y., August 26, 1901, aged 62 years.

Charles George Sproull, A.B., M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1895.

Died in New York, January 24, 1902, aged 34 years.

Henry Rutgers Baldwin, A.B., A.M., M.D., LL.D.

First Medical Division, 1854.

Died in New Brunswick, N. J., February 3, 1902, aged 73 years.

William Waring Johnston, M.D.

First Surgical Division, 1866.

Died in Atlantic City, N. J., March 21, 1902, aged 59 years.

Maurice Baring Early, M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1873.

Died in New York, June 20, 1902, aged 54 years.

Nathaniel P. Washburn, Ph.B., M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1893.

Died in San Antonio, Texas, June 22, 1903.

Phanett Coe Barker, A.M., (hon.), M.D.

First Medical Division, 1861.

Died in Morristown, N. J., August 21, 1903, aged 68 years.

David Franklin, M.D.

Fourth Medical Division, 1879.

Died in New York, October 5, 1903, aged 48 years.

James Francis Ferguson, M.D.

Surgical Division, 1861.

Died in Central Valley, N. Y., January 7, 1904, aged 65 years.

Henry Lyle Smith, M.D.

Second Medical and Surgical Divisions, 1866.

Died in Hudson, N. Y., February 11, 1904, aged 60 years.

David Lynde Wallace, M.D.

First Surgical Division, 1876.

Died in Newark, N. J., February 29, 1904, aged 48 years.

John Metcalf Polk, M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1903.

Died in New York, March 29, 1904, aged 28 years.

Arthur Maxwell Line, M.D.

Second Surgical Division, 1901.

Died in Wilmington, Del., May 29, 1904, aged 33 years.

Edward Wilberforce Lambert, A.B., A.M., M.D.

First Medical Division, 1858.

Died in New York, July 18, 1904, aged 73 years.

Robert Milbank, M.D.

First Medical Division, 1880.

Died in Greenwich, Conn., August 4, 1904, aged 66 years.

William Rice Pryor, M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1882.

Died in New York, August 26, 1904, aged 46 years.

William Hammet Martin, A.B., A.M., M.D.

First Medical Division, 1862.

Died in New York, September 3, 1904, aged 64 years.

George Seymour Conant, M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1879.

Died in New York, September 23, 1904, aged 51 years.

Henry Munson Lyman, A.B., A.M., M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1862.

Died in Evanston, Illinois, November 21, 1904, aged 68 years.

Francis Daniels Edgerton, A.B., A.M., M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1866.

Died in Middletown, Conn., January 19, 1905, aged 67 years.

John Robinson Buist, A.B., M.D., M.R.M.S., Edin.
First Medical Division, 1858.
Died in Nashville, Tenn., October 24, 1905, aged 71 years.

Isaac Jacob Senior, A.B., A.M., M.D.Medical Division, 1851.Died in Curacoa, D. W. I., January 1, 1906, aged 78 years.

Adolph William Berle, B.S., M.D. Second Medical Division, 1886. Died in New York, March 26, 1906, aged 45 years.

Charles Page, M.D., Asst. Surgeon-General, U.S.A. Surgical Division, 1851. Died in Baltimore, Md., September 15, 1906, aged 78 years.

Glover Crane Arnold, M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1874.

Died in New York, November 20, 1906. aged 57 years.

James Clarke Thomas, A.B., A.M., M.D.Second Medical Division, 1868.Died in Los Angeles, Cal., February 20, 1907, aged 63 years.

Sollace Mitchell, A.B., M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1886.

Died in Readville, Maine, May 15, 1907, aged 48 years.

Guy Davenport Lombard, M.D.

Third Gynæcological Division, 1898.

Died in New York City, May 22, 1907, aged 35 years.

Seneca Daniel Powell, M.D.
Second Medical Division, 1871.
Died in New York, August 24, 1907, aged 59 years.

Samuel Lewengood, M.D.

Fourth Surgical Division, 1883.

Died in New York, September 9, 1907, aged 46 years.

Henry Patterson Loomis, A.B., M.D.
Second Medical Division, 1884.
Died in New York, December 22, 1907, aged 48 years.

Dudley Dunn Saunders, A.B., M.D.Third Medical Division, 1857.Died in Memphis, Tenn., February 23, 1908, aged 73 years.

Robert Watts, Jr., M.D. Second Surgical Division, 1895. Died in New York, June 8, 1908, aged 41 years.

Walter Robarts Gillette, A.B., A.M., M.D.Second Medical Division, 1864.Died in New York, November 7, 1908, aged 68 years.

William Tillinghast Bull, A.B., A.M., M.D.
First Surgical Division, 1873.
Died in Wymberly, Ga., February 22, 1909, aged 59 years.

Robert Alexander Murray, B.S., M.D. Second Medical Division, 1875. Died in New York, February 27, 1909, aged 57 years.

James Stafford, M.D.Fourth Medical Division, 1888.Died in Perth Amboy, N. J., August 3, 1909, aged 48 years.

James Brown Burnett, A.B., A.M., M.D.First Medical Division, 1868.Died in Newark, N. J., September 7, 1909, aged 66 years.

James Oakley Pingry, A.B., A.M., M.D.
 Third Surgical Division, 1870.
 Died in Millbrook, N. Y., April 10, 1910, aged 66 years.

Henry Granger Piffard, A.B., A.M., M.D.
Second Surgical Division, 1865.
Died in New York, June 8, 1910, aged 67 years.

Abram Brothers, B.S., M.D.

First Medical Division, 1885.

Died in New York, October 13, 1910, aged 48 years.

John Edwin Allen, M.D.
Fourth Medical Division, 1876.
Died in New York, October 25, 1910, aged 63 years.

Frederick Holme Wiggin, M.D.
Third Surgical Division, 1878.
Died in Flushing, N. Y., October 28, 1910, aged 57 years.

Samuel Alexander, A.B., A.M., M.D. Fourth Medical Division, 1883. Died in New York, November 27, 1910, aged 52 years.

Edward Strong Bogert, M.D., Med. Dir., U.S.N.
Third Surgical Division, 1861.
Died in New York, February 16, 1911, aged 74 years.

Isaiah Winds Condict, M.D.Medical Division, 1850.Died in Dover, N. J., July 4, 1911, aged 93 years.

Mason Thomson, A.B., A.M., M.D.
Third Surgical Division, 1878.
Died in New York, July 6, 1911, aged 50 years.

Stephen Pierson, A.M., M.D.First Medical Division, 1870.Died in Morristown, N. J., August 10, 1911, aged 67 years.

Starling Loving, M.D., LL.D.
Surgical Division, 1850.
Died in Columbus, Ohio, September 2, 1911, aged 83 years.

William Sanderson Cheesman, A.B., A.M., M.D.Fourth Medical Division, 1880.Died in Auburn, N. Y., May 5, 1912, aged 59 years.

Henry Elijah Owen, A.B., M.D.First Surgical Division, 1869.Died in New York, October 12, 1912, aged 67 years.

Joseph Coddington Young, M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1874.

Died in Newark, N. J., March 26, 1913, aged 62 years.

Frank Hartley, A.B., M.D.

Second Surgical Division, 1882.

Died in New York, June 19, 1913, aged 57 years.

Robert Little Brodie, A.B., M.D.

Medical Division, 1852.

Died in Charleston, S. C., October 2, 1913, aged 84 years.

Charles McBurney, A.B., A.M., M.D.Second Surgical Division, 1870.Died in Brookline, Mass., November 7, 1913, aged 68 years.

Charles Phelps, A.B., A.M., M.D.

Second and Third Surgical Divisions, 1859.

Died in New York, December 30, 1913, aged 79 years.

James Joseph Burns, M.D.Third Surgical Division, 1903.Died in New York, February 19, 1914, aged 35 years.

Egbert LeFevre, A.B., A.M., M.D., ScD., LL.D.Second Medical Division, 1885.Died in New York, March 30, 1914, aged 55 years.

Joseph Decatur Bryant, M.D., LL.D.First Surgical Division, 1871.Died in New York, April 7, 1914, aged 69 years.

Herman Canfield, A.B., A.M., M.D.

Fourth Medical Division, 1878.

Died in Saint George, Fla., April 9, 1914, aged 60 years.

Maus Rosa Vedder, M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1862.

Died in Caldwell, N. J., June 13, 1914, aged 79 years.

William Joseph O'Byrne, A.B., A.M., M.D.Second Surgical Division, 1871.Died in New York, July 19, 1914, aged 69 years.

Hezekiah Seymour Houghton, B.S., A.M., M.D.Third Surgical Division, 1887.Died in New York, September 11, 1914, aged 52 years.

Lemuel Bolton Bangs, M.D.
Second Medical Division, 1873.
Died in New York, October 4, 1914, aged 72 years.

Waldron Burritt Vanderpoel, A.B., M.D.Fourth Surgical Division, 1881.Died in Summit, N. J., March 9, 1915, aged 60 years.

Abram Alexander Smith, A.B., A.M., M.D., LL.D. Third Medical Division, 1872. Died in New York, December 13, 1915, aged 69 years.

Charles Clifford Barrows, M.D.

Fourth Medical Division, 1881.

Died in New York, January 2, 1916, aged 58 years.

Wisner Robinson Townsend, A.B., A.M., M.D. Second Surgical Division, 1881. Died in New York, March 12, 1916, aged 59 years.

Solomon Carrington Minor, A.B., M.D.First Surgical Division, 1893.Died in New York, June 16, 1916, aged 66 years.

Julius Hayden Woodward, B.S., M.D. Second Surgical Division, 1884. Died in New York, July 2, 1916, aged 58 years.

Henry Selden Norris, M.D.Second Medical Division, 1877.Died in New York, November 19, 1916, aged 69 years.

Thomas Joseph Dunn, A.B., M.D.
Second Medical Division, 1889.
Died in New York, November 23, 1916, aged 52 years.

Fred Miller Corwin, M.D.
Third Medical Division, 1882.
Died in Bayonne, N. J., January 16, 1917, aged 60 years.

William Bancroft Anderton, M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1881.

Died in New York, February 23, 1917, aged 60 years.

Herbert Jones, A.B., M.D., Major, C.A.M.C.

Fourth Medical Division, 1911.

Died at No. 42 Casualty Clearing Station, Aubigny, France,
March 5, 1917, aged 42 years.

John M. Farrington, M.D.Second Surgical Division, 1858.Died in Binghamton, N. Y., April 19, 1917, aged 84 years.

Augustus Abraham Rosenbloom, M.D.
 Second Medical Division, 1905.
 Died in New York, June 28, 1917, aged 37 years.

Charles Young, A.B., A.M., M.D.Third Medical Division, 1868.Died in Newark, N. J., July 14, 1917, aged 75 years.

Henry Freeman Walker, A.B., A.M., M.D.Second Medical Division, 1867.Died in Pittsford, Vt., August 12, 1917, aged 79 years.

William Conner Shaw, A.B., A.M., M.D.
Second Surgical Division, 1874.
Died in Pittsburgh, Pa., September 18, 1917, aged 71 years.

Ami Jacques Magnin, B.S., A.B., M.D.
 Second Surgical Division, 1882.
 Died in Paris, France, October 25, 1917, aged 59 years.

Harold Sydney Morgan, A.B., M.D., Lieut., M.C., U.S.A., Mil. Cr. (Brit.)
Second Surgical Division 1918 (on leave).
Killed in action near Wulverghem, Flanders, April 12, 1918, aged 28 years.

William Mecklenburg Polk, M.D., LL.D.Third Medical Division, 1870.Died in Atlantic City, N. J., June 23, 1918, aged 73 years.

David Everett Wheeler, A.B., M.D., Lieut., M.C., U.S.A., C. de G. Second Surgical Division, 1900.

Killed at Missy, near Soissons, France, July 19, 1918, aged 45 years.

John Warren, M.D. First Medical Division, 1882. Died at Lake George, N. Y., August 2, 1918, aged 62 years.

Louis Hermann August Schneider, M.D.

First Medical Division, 1891.

Died in New York, August 22, 1918, aged 49 years.

Robert Goldthwaite, Jr., M.D., Capt., M.C., U.S.A.

Fourth Surgical Division, 1894.

Died in Base Hospital No. 26, Allery, France, September 30, 1918, aged 46 years.

John Edwin Ray, Jr., A.B., M.D., Capt., M.C., U.S.A., D. S. C., Mil. Cr. (Brit.)

Second Surgical Division, 1914.

Wounded in Bellicourt area and died in a British Base Hospital, Tourville, France, October 5, 1918, aged 30 years.

Robert Samuel Topping, M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1915.

Died in Newark, N. J., October 11, 1918, aged 35 years.

George William Thomson, M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1893.

Died in Montego Bay, Jamaica, B. W. I., October 16, 1918, aged 51 years.

Theodore Fletcher Mead, A.B., M.D., Capt., M.C., U.S.A., Mil. Cr. (N. Y.)

Second Medical Division, 1914.

Wounded at Brabant-sur-Meuse, and died in Evacuation Hospital 15, Glorieux-Meuse, October 29, 1918, aged 33 years.

Timothy Matlock Cheesman, A.B., A.M., M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1879.

Died in Garrison, N. Y., February 25, 1919, aged 66 years.

John Waite Mitchell, M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1872.

Died in Providence, R. I., February 27, 1919, aged 70 years.

Richard Ewell Brown, M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1896.

Died in New York, June 14, 1919, aged 49 years.

Floyd Milford Crandall, M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1885.

Died in New York, October 19, 1919, aged 61 years.

Robert Williams Carter, A.B., M.D.

First Surgical Division, 1907.

Died in New York, November 21, 1919, aged 41 years.

Oliver Thompson Hyde, A.B., M.D.

First Medical Division, 1903.

Died in Albuquerque, N. M., February 2, 1920, aged 44 years.

Daniel Russell Phillips, A.B., M.D.

Fourth Surgical Division, 1889.

Died in Topeka, Kan., March 5, 1920, aged 56 years.

John William Severin Gouley, M.D.

First Medical Division, 1854.

Died in Brooklyn, N. Y., April 26, 1920, aged 88 years.

William Crawford Gorgas, M.D., Sc.D., LL.D., Maj.-Gen., M.C., U.S.A., D.S.M., K.C.M.G.

Second Surgical Division, 1880.

Died in London, Eng., July 4, 1920, aged 65 years.

Robert Coleman James, M.D.

Second Medical Division, 1895.

Died near Lexington, Ky., November 13, 1920, aged 55 years.

Silas Pierson Leveridge, M.D.

Second Surgical Division, 1880.

Died in New York, March 16, 1921, aged 64 years.

Harry Mitchell Sherman, A.B., A.M., M.D.

Third Surgical Division, 1881.

Died in San Francisco, Cal., May 15, 1921, aged 66 years.

Richard Kalish, M.D.

Fourth Surgical Division, 1877.

Died in New York, June 20, 1921, aged 67 years.

Henry Herman, A.B., M.D.

Third Medical Division, 1885.

Died in West End, N. J., July 12, 1921, aged 61 years.

Charles Elihu Quimby, A.B., A.M., M.D.

Second Surgical Division, 1879.

Died in New York, November 6, 1921, aged 68 years.

HONORARY MEMBERS

John Manuel Byron, M.D.University of Naples, 1877.Died in New York, May 8, 1895, aged 33 years.

Stuart Eldridge, M.D., U.S.M.H.S. Died in Yokohoma, Japan, 1901.

Sir William Osler, Bt., M.D., F.R.S., F.R.C.P. Died in Oxford, Eng., December 29, 1919, aged 70 years.

PERMANENT ASSOCIATE MEMBERS

Stuart Douglas, M.D.
Resident Physician, Insane Pavilion, 1887-94.
Died in New York, October 14, 1894, aged 33 years.

George Bingham Fowler, M.D.

Visiting Physician Fourth Medical Division, 1886-1904.

Died in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 6, 1907, aged 59 years.

(Enrolled in 1913 and 1914 Year Books as George Ryerson Fowler in error.)

Joseph Bidleman Bissell, Ph.B., M.D., Maj., M.C., U.S.A. Visiting Surgeon, Director Surgical Service, Fourth Division. Died in New York, December 2, 1918, aged 60 years.

Frank Watson Jackson, M.D.
Visiting Physician, First Division.
Died in New York, January 8, 1919, aged 62 years.



FOUNDERS AND FORMER OFFICERS

FOUNDERS OF THE SOCIETY

HERMANN MICHAEL BIGGS ROBERT JAMES CARLISLE TRUMBULL W. CLEAVELAND *JOHN RICHARD CONWAY *FLOYD MILFORD CRANDALL CONDICT WALKER CUTLER *WILLIS WALTON FRENCH FRED WALKER GWYER *HENRY HERMAN LUCIUS WALES HOTCHKISS GARRY DE NEUVILLE HOUGH LEROY WATKINS HUBBARD NATHAN STURGES JARVIS *EGBERT LEFEVRE SAMUEL HUNTER PINKERTON *ALEXANDER BARNETT POPE REGINALD HALL SAYRE CHARLES FRANCIS STOKES ROBERT HAWTHORNE WYLIE

^{*} Deceased.

FORMER OFFICERS

PRESIDENTS

Henry Herman	1880-1887
Hermann Michael Biggs	1887-1889
*Richard Kalish	1889-1890
*Charles Phelps	1890-1891
*Egbert Le Fevre	1891-1892
*Wisner Robinson Townsend	1892-1893
*Frederick Holme Wiggin	1893-1894
*Charles Clifford Barrows	1894-1895
Parker Syms	1895-1896
Lucius Wales Hotchkiss	1896-1897
Robert James Carlisle	1897-1898
*Samuel Alexander	1898-1899
*Charles Elihu Quimby	1899-1900
Nathan Edwin Brill	1900-1901
Alexander Lambert	1901-1902
Robert Tuttle Morris	1902-1903
John Frederick Erdmann	1903-1904
William Jessup Chandler	1904-1905
George Bevan Hope	1905-1907
Henry Schermerhorn Stearns	1907-1908
*Julius Hayden Woodward	1908-1909
Reginald Hall Sayre	1909-1910
*Floyd Milford Crandall	1910-1911
*Hezekiah Seymour Houghton	1911-1912
Henry Mann Silver	1913
George David Stewart	1914
James Sears Waterman	1915
Robert Justice Wilson	1916
Samuel Albertus Brown	1917
Albert Eugene Sellenings	1918
William Emery Studdiford	1919
Charles Blount Slade	1920
Fhen Foskett	1921

former Officers

VICE-PRESIDENTS

*Alexander Barnett Pope	1886,1887
Le Roy Watkins Hubbard	1887 1889
Darker Cume	1880.1800
Parker Syms	1009-1090
Fred Walker Gwyer	1001-1091
*Wisner Robinson Townsend	
*Frederick Holme Wiggin	
*Charles Clifford Barrows	_1893-1894
Parker Syms	_1894-1895
Lucius Wales Hotchkiss	_1895-1896
Robert James Carlisle	_1896-1897
*Samuel Alexander	_1897-1898
*Charles Elihu Quimby	
Nathan Edwin Brill	
Alexander Lambert	
Robert Tuttle Morris	
John Frederick Erdmann	
William Jessup Chandler	
George Bevan Hope Horace Sheldon Stokes	1005 1006
William Chantanhamanh Tamihaman	1905-1900
William Stoutenborough Terriberry	1900-1907
*Julius Hayden Woodward	_1907-1908
John Adam Steurer	_1908-1909
*Floyd Milford Crandall	1909-1910
*Hezekiah Seymour Houghton	_1910-1911
James Clifton Edgar	_1911-1912
George David Stewart	†1913
James Sears Waterman	_1914
Robert Justice Wilson	_1915
Nathan Sturges Jarvis	_1916
Albert Eugene Sellenings	1917
William Norris Hubbard	1918
Charles Blount Slade	1010
Robert Morris Daley	1020
Edward Shearman McSweeny	1021
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SECRETARIES

Fred Walker Gwyer	1886-1889
William Norris Hubbard	1889-1895
George Dempster Hamlen	1895-1897
Louis Augustus Zerega di Zerega	1897,1901
William Stoutenborough Terriberry	1901-1906
Edward Shearman McSweeny (Resigned December	r 5) 1905
William Wesley Carter(Elected December 5)	1905-1907
John Joseph Nutt	1907-1911
Claude Augustine Frink	1911-1912

former Officers

Hugh Burke Blackwell Frank Roderick Holbrook Hugh Burke Blackwell George Norbert Slattery James Treat Gorton	(Resigned April) 1915 (Elected May) 1915-1917	
Treasurers		
Robert James Carlisle *Floyd Milford Crandall Horace Sheldon Stokes Haven Emerson Robert Justice Wilson **Inches Control of the Control of th	1895-1903 1903-1905 1905-1910 1910-1914	
Robert Morris DaleyOswald Swinney Lowsley	1914-1920	

HISTORIAN Robert James Carlisle

†In 1912 year changed to conform to calendar year.

^{*}Deceased.

OFFICERS AND STANDING COMMITTEES

For the Year 1922

President
EDWARD S. McSWEENY

Vice-President Chester F. S. Whitney

Secretary
JAMES T. GORTON
181 Park Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.

Treasurer Oswald S. Lowsley

Historian Robert J. Carlisle

Committee on Science Edward S. McSweeny, Ex-Officio
CHARLES B. SLADE

EBEN FOSKETT

Committee on Entertainment Chester F. S. Whitney, Ex-Officio
Louis C. Schroeder

WALTER P. ANDERTON

Committee on New Members
Mark L. Fleming, Chairman
CORNELIUS J. TYSON
GEORGE F. CAHILL
DAVID P. BARR

EDWARD P. EGLEE

CONSTITUTION AND

BY-LAWS

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.

Name and Objects of the Society.

Section 1. The name of this Society shall be: The Society of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital.

SECTION 2. The object of the Society shall be:

First. The cultivation and advancement of medicine and surgery.

Second. The promotion of social intercourse among its members.

ARTICLE II.

Members of the Society.

SECTION 1. The Society shall be composed of five classes of members, to be designated (1) active members; (2) associate members; (3) emeritus members; (4) permanent associate members, and (5) honorary members.

Section 2. The active members shall be selected from ex-house physicians, surgeons and gynæcologists of Bellevue Hospital who have served at least eighteen months, each of whom shall have received a full-term diploma from the Medical Board of the hospital. But this shall not apply to those who received such a diploma dated 1917, 1918, 1919 or 1920, when because of war requirements the term was reduced to twelve months. They shall be designated

Constitution

as resident active members and non-resident active members, the latter residing more than thirty miles from Columbus Circle in the city of New York.

Section 3. The associate members shall consist of the house physician and surgeon of each division of the house staff, on active duty at Bellevue Hospital.

Section 4. The emeritus members shall be selected from members of the society who have served as active members for twenty or more years. Proposal and election to emeritus membership shall take the course prescribed in Article II, Section 2 of the By-Laws for election to active membership. Emeritus members shall have all the privileges of active members and they shall be exempt from the payment of dues.

Section 5. The permanent associate members shall be selected from members of the Medical Board of Bellevue Hospital who have served in this capacity for at least five years, but who have not served on the House Staff provided that if said member of the Medical Board has served as Assisting Visiting to Bellevue Hospital, the time so spent may be counted toward the required five years' service. The permanent associate members may also be selected from the Psychopathic and the Pathological services provided the applicant has served five years. They shall have all the privileges of active members except the right to vote.

SECTION 6. The honorary members shall be selected from physicians or surgeons of eminence, who have not served on the staff at Bellevue Hospital, but are or have been identified with hospital work in other states or coun-

Constitution

tries. Honorary members shall have all privileges of active members, except the right to vote, and they shall be exempt from the payment of dues.

ARTICLE III.

Officers and Committees.

Section 1. The officers of the Society shall be a President, a Vice-President, a Secretary, a Treasurer and a Historian. These officers shall serve for one year.

Section 2. The committees shall be: three standing committees and a general council.

SECTION 3. The standing committees shall be: a committee on new members; a committee on science; and a committee on entertainment. These committees shall serve for one year.

Section 4. The special committees shall be: a committee on nominations, and such other committees as may be required for the investigation of scientific and other questions.

SECTION 5. The general council shall be composed of the titular officers and of the three standing committees.

Section 6. The Historian shall compile for the Year-Book of each year, a record of such events of the society as may be of general interest; he shall prepare for publication in the Year Book a biography of those members who may have died during any current year; and shall perform such other similar duties as may be designated by the Society.

He shall employ such paid assistant as he may require.

Constitution

ARTICLE IV.

Amendments to the Constitution.

Section 1. No part of this constitution shall be amended or altered, and no addition shall be made thereto, except at a stated meeting of the Society, after due notice of such amendments, alterations, or additions shall have been given in writing by an active member at a preceding stated meeting, and then only by a vote of two-thirds of the active members present.

ARTICLE V.

Enactment of the Constitution.

SECTION 1. All sections or parts of sections of the prior constitution and by-laws, and all declarations or resolutions not in harmony with this amended constitution, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 2. This constitution shall go into effect immediately.

BY-LAWS

ARTICLE I.

Meetings of the Society.

Section 1. Stated meetings shall be held on the first Wednesday of each month, except the months of June, July, August and September. The hour of meeting shall be 8.30 P. M., and the place of meeting shall be selected by the joint action of the three standing committees, subject to the approval of the Society.

SECTION 2. Special meetings shall be called by the President at the written request of five active members, who shall state distinctly the object or objects of such meetings, at which, however, in each case, no business other than that indicated in the announcement shall be transacted.

SECTION 3. Each stated meeting shall consist of a scientific session, an executive session and a social session.

Section 4. Fifteen active members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business in the executive session of a stated meeting.

Section 5. Roberts' Rules of Order shall be the guide for parliamentary procedure in this Society.

ARTICLE II.

Proposal and Election of Members.

Section 1. Proposal for active, permanent associate, emeritus or honorary membership shall be made at no other than a stated meeting, in writing, and signed by two—and in the case of honorary membership by three—active members. The candidate for active, associate, or permanent associate membership shall be introduced in person to at least one member of the Committee on New Members, before being reported on, to the Society.

SECTION 2. All names proposed for active and permanent associate membership shall be referred to the committee on new members. At a subsequent meeting, the committee shall report the names of candidates which it recommends for election and they shall be elected by ballot. If five votes be cast against a candidate, he shall be declared not elected.

SECTION 3. Honorary members shall be elected by ballot on the same conditions as other members, except that their proposal shall be signed by three active members, that they shall be unanimously recommended by the committee on new members, and that they shall be exempt from the payment of dues.

ARTICLE III.

Nomination and Election of Officers and Committees.

Section 1. A nominating committee of five active members shall be elected by the Society during the executive session of the stated meeting in November. It shall be the

duty of this committee to make up a ticket of the names of such active members as it recommends to fill the several offices and standing committees, and forward it, at least ten days before the next meeting, to the Secretary, who shall send a copy to each member.

Section 2. The election of officers and standing committees shall be held at the December stated meeting. The names of all candidates recommended by the Nominating Committee shall be upon a single ballot. A majority vote shall decide the election of a candidate.

SECTION 3. The installation of the elected officers and standing committees shall take place at the January meeting, when the President shall deliver an address.

ARTICLE IV.

Duties of the Officers.

Section 1. The President shall preside at the meetings of the Society, give a casting vote when necessary, appoint annually a committee of three active members to audit the treasurer's accounts, appoint all special committees, except the nominating committee, and perform such other duties as parliamentary usage requires. He shall be the chairman of the committee on science.

SECTION 2. The Vice-President, in the absence of the President, shall perform the duties of the President. He shall be the chairman of the committee on entertainment.

SECTION 3. The Secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings of the Society, shall have charge of all the Society's property, not specified elsewhere; shall send

notices to all members at least four days before the date of each meeting, giving the titles of papers to be read, and of other presentations, with the names of their authors; shall cause to be printed in these notices the names of candidates for membership; and shall perform such other duties as may be designated by the Society.

SECTION 4. The Treasurer shall collect and receive all dues and gifts; shall have charge of the Society's money; shall make all necessary disbursements; shall make a detailed report, in writing, of the condition of the Society's exchequer, at the stated meeting in January for the preceding year and a semi-annual report at the stated meeting in May; and shall perform such other duties as may be designated by the Society.

SECTION 5. The Treasurer shall deposit the Society's money in a bank designated by the action of the general council. All cheques or money-orders given by the treasurer shall be countersigned by the President of the Society.

ARTICLE V.

The Standing Committees.

SECTION 1. The committee on new members shall consist of five active members. This committee shall examine the credentials, and inquire into the standing of candidates for membership; shall report the names of such candidates only whose record is satisfactory; and send these names to the secretary of the Society ten days prior to the meeting at which the election of new members shall be held.

SECTION 2. The committee on science shall consist of the president and two other members. This committee shall

make all arrangements for the scientific session of each meeting, and shall send to the secretary the titles of all papers to be read, and of other communications to be made, together with the names of the authors, at least ten days before each meeting. The committee with the assistance of the secretary and treasurer, shall have charge of the publication of the Society's transactions.

SECTION 3. The committee on entertainment shall consist of the vice-president and two other members. This committee shall make all arrangements for the social entertainment of the Society, subject to its approval.

Section 4. The general council shall assemble, at such times as may be deemed necessary by its chairman, for the purpose of conferring on questions pertaining to the admission of new members, to scientific contributions, to the entertainments, to the advancement of the Society, and to such other questions as may be referred to this council by the Society.

SECTION 5. The president of the Society shall be the chairman of the general council. The secretary shall be the secretary of the general council. The secretary and treasurer shall each keep a register of the Society's membership.

ARTICLE VI.

Dues and Penalties.

SECTION 1. The dues of resident active members shall be ten dollars a year, payable at or before January 1st, each year. New members shall pay their dues at or before the second stated meeting after their election, and

shall be allowed a rebate of one dollar for each stated meeting held since the preceding January up to and including that of their election.

SECTION 2. The dues of non-resident active members (residing more than thirty miles from Columbus Circle in the city of New York) shall be three dollars a year, payable at or before January 1st, each year.

SECTION 3. Resident active members who shall have changed their place of abode and practice to towns beyond the city of New York, shall, on notifying the secretary to that effect, thereby become non-resident active members, and their annual dues shall be three dollars.

Section 4. Honorary, emeritus and associate members shall be exempt from dues.

SECTION 5. The dues of permanent associate members shall be ten dollars a year, payable on or before January 1st, each year; if the permanent associate members reside more than thirty miles from Columbus Circle in the city of New York the dues shall be three dollars per year.

SECTION 6. Any member in arrears for six months shall be suspended until his dues are paid. The name of any member in arrears for two years shall be dropped from the roll. He may, however, have it restored by paying all arrears of dues up to date, and by a two-thirds vote of the active members present at a stated meeting.

SECTION 7. The treasurer shall notify a member in arrears at least one month before the time at which he is liable to be suspended, or to have his name dropped from the roll.

Section 8. All notices to members shall be sent by mail, prepaid, and directed to their residences or offices. Such mailing shall be presumptive evidence of the due service of notices.

Section 9. Members shall be allowed to introduce guests at the meetings of the Society, subject to the approval of the committee on entertainment.

Section 10. The dues of all members while engaged in active service during the war shall be remitted.

ARTICLE VII.

Discipline of Members.

Section 1. The kind of discipline, beyond the dropping of names for non-payment of dues, shall be censure, suspension, or expulsion from the Society, but no member shall be expelled, except by a vote of three-fourths of the active members present.

Section 2. If at any time charges be preferred against a member, the case shall be referred to the three standing committees, which jointly shall constitute the committee on discipline, with the secretary of the Society as recorder, and shall investigate the charges and report the result to the Society for action.

Section 3. The president of the Society shall be the chairman of the committee on discipline, and the secretary of the Society shall be the recorder of its proceedings and shall report to the Society the finding of the committee, in each case, with such details as may be necessary. The

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chairman shall be empowered to appoint an active member of the Society as special counsel of the committee.

Section 4. All charges against a member shall be made in writing, signed by the accuser, inclosed in a sealed wrapper, indorsed "charges against a member," and sent to the secretary of the Society, who shall forward the document to the committee on discipline.

Section 5. The committee on discipline, in investigating charges against a member, shall summon both the accuser and the accused to appear, in order that the defense as well as the prosecution be heard, and a copy of the charges shall, at the same time be sent to the accused. If the accuser refuses to appear, the case shall be dismissed, but if the accused refuses to appear, the case shall proceed, and this refusal to appear shall be noted in the committee's report, which shall be made at the earliest stated meeting of the Society. The accused and accuser shall be entitled each to select an active member to act as counsel.

ARTICLE VIII.

Order of Business and Discussion.

SECTION 1. The order of business at stated meetings shall be as follows:

I. Scientific Session.

- 1. Calling the meeting to order by the presiding officer.
- 2. Installation of the president-elect, and of the standing committees. In January.
- 3. President's address. In January.

- 4. Presentation of cases.
- 5. Report of cases.
- Presentation of specimens, apparatus, and instruments.
- 7. Reading and discussion of papers.

II. EXECUTIVE SESSION.

- 1. Reading of the minutes of the previous meeting.
- 2. Reports of officers and standing committees.
- 3. Election of new members.
- 4. Election of the nominating committee. In November.
- 5. Election of officers and standing committees. In December.
- 6. Unfinished business.
- 7. Miscellaneous business.

III. SOCIAL SESSION.

This order of business may be changed at any session by a majority vote of the Society.

SECTION 2. The limit of discussion for each member shall be ten minutes, except in the case of the reader of a paper, who shall be allowed twenty minutes to defend his thesis and close the discussion.

SECTION 3. No member shall be allowed to speak more than twice on the same subject.

ARTICLE IX.

Amendments to the By-Laws.

SECTION 1. No part of these by-laws shall be amended or altered, no addition shall be made thereto, and they

shall not be suspended, except at a stated meeting of the Society, after due notice of such amendment, alteration, addition or suspension shall have been given in writing by an active member at a preceding stated meeting, and then only by a vote of two-thirds of the active members present.

ARTICLE X.

Enactment of the By-Laws.

Section 1. All sections or parts of sections of the prior by-laws and constitution, and all declarations or resolutions not in harmony with these amended by-laws are hereby repealed.

Section 2. These by-laws shall go into effect immediately.

As amended to January 4, 1922.















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